and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to DTC because it clarifies DTC's interpretation of its rule, thereby eliminating confusion in the industry relating to the implementation of the Profile feature and providing for more expeditious implementation of Profile. The proposed rule change will be implemented consistently with the safeguarding of securities and funds in DTC's custody or control or for which it is responsible.

(B) Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

DTC perceives no impact on competition by reason of the proposed rule change.

(C) Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

The proposed rule change has been developed through discussions with several DTC participants and DRS limited participants. Written comments relating to the proposed rule change have not yet been solicited or received on the proposed rule change. DTC will notify the Commission of any written comments received by DTC.

## III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(i) 9 of the Act and Rule 19b–4(f)(1) 10 promulgated thereunder because the proposal interprets the meaning of an existing rule. At any time within sixty days of the filing of such proposed rule change, the Commission may summarily abrogate such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

# IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views,and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Persons making written submissions should file six copies thereof with the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549–0609. Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule

change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Section, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of DTC. All submissions should refer to File No. SR-DTC-00-01 and should be submitted by February 25,

For the Commission by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority. <sup>11</sup>

#### Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00–2487 Filed 2–23–00; 8:45 am]

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–42363; File No. SR–NASD– 00–01]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Relating to a Notice to Members on Extended Hours Trading

January 28, 2000.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"), 1 and Rule 19b-4 thereunder, 2 notice is hereby given that on January 11, 2000, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD" or "Association"), through its wholly owned subsidiary, NASD Regulation, Inc. ("NASD Regulation"), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by NASD Regulation. NASD Regulation has designated this proposal as one constituting a stated policy and interpretation with respect to the meaning of an existing rule under Section 19(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Act <sup>3</sup> and Rule 19b-4(f)(1)<sup>4</sup> thereunder, which renders the rule effective upon the Commission's receipt of this filing. The Commission is publishing this notice to

solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

# I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

NASD Regulation is issuing a Notice of Members reminding members of their obligation under just and equitable principles of trade and the advertising rules to disclose to customers the material risks of extended hours trading. The text of the Notice to Members is provided below.

#### NASD Notice to Members

Disclosure To Customers Engaging In Extended Hours Trading Suggested Routing Legal & Compliance; Senior Management

Executive Summary

NASD Regulation, Inc. (NASD Regulation) reminds members of their obligation under just and equitable principles of trade and the advertising rule to disclose to customers the material risks of extended hours trading.

A model disclosure statement is included with this *Notice* in Attachment A.

Questions concerning this *Notice* may be directed to Gary L. Goldsholle, Assistant General Counsel, Office of General Counsel, NASD Regulation, at (202) 728–8104.

# Background and Discussion

A number of member firms recently have started offering their retail customers various opportunities to trade stocks after regular market hours in what is known as "extended hours trading." An even greater number of member firms have announced plans to offer extended hours trading in coming months.

The growth of extended hours trading provides retail customers with greater opportunities to trade securities and manage their portfolios, and in so doing, provides access to markets that were previously limited to institutional customers. Participation in extended hours trading may offer certain benefits to retail customers, but entails several material risks. Depending on the particular extended hours trading environment, these risks may include:

- · lower liquidity
- high volatility
- changing prices
- unlinked markets
- an exaggerated effect from news announcements; and
- wider spreads.

In light of these risks, members have an obligation to their retail customers to

<sup>9 15</sup> U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(i).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(1).

<sup>11 17</sup> CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b–4. <sup>3</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(i).

<sup>4 17</sup> CFR 240.19b–4(f)(1).

disclose the material risks of extended hours trading to customers before permitting them to engage in extended hours trading. NASD Regulation commends the many members that have already provided detailed disclosures about the risks of extended hours trading. This *Notice* is a reminder that these disclosures are not only a laudable business practice, but are a regulatory requirement under just and equitable principles of trade.

To assist members with their disclosure obligation, NASD Regulation has developed a series of model disclosures dealing with the risks of extended hours trading. Members are free to develop their own disclosures or modify these model disclosures to meet their particular disclosure needs. In some cases, members may need to develop additional disclosures to address such issues as options trading, options exercises, the effect of stock splits, dividend payments, as well as any additional risks that may arise in the future.

In addition, members are reminded that Rule 2210 requires that all communications with the public shall be based on principles of fair dealing and good faith, and that exaggerated, unwarranted, or misleading statements are prohibited. Members should use caution in communications with the public about their extended hours trading systems to ensure that these requirements are satisfied. Members describing the benefits of extended hours trading must also describe the material risks.

Finally, members are also reminded that in *Notice of Members* 99–11, NASD Regulation described the types of general disclosure that firms may use to inform their customers about the risks associated with stock volatility. In preparing disclosures regarding extended hours trading, members may wish to review the types of disclosure suggested in that *Notice*.

# Attachment A

Model Extended Hours Trading Risk Disclosure

• Risk of Lower Liquidity. Liquidity refers to the ability of market participants to buy and sell securities. Generally, the more orders that are available in a market, the greater the liquidity. Liquidity is important because with greater liquidity it is easier for investors to buy or sell securities, and as a result, investors are more likely to pay or receive a competitive price for securities purchased or sold. There may be lower liquidity in extended hours trading as compared to regular market

hours. As a result, your order may only be partially executed, or not at all.

• Risk of Higher Volatility. Volatility refers to the changes in price that securities undergo when trading. Generally, the higher the volatility of a security, the greater its price swings. There may be greater volatility in extended hours trading than in regular market hours. As a result, your order may only be partially executed, or not at all, or you may receive an inferior price in extended hours trading than you would during regular market hours.

- Risk of Changing Prices. The prices of securities traded in extended hours trading may not reflect the prices either at the end of regular market hours, or upon the opening the next morning. As a result, you may receive an inferior price in extended hours trading than you would during regular market hours.
- Risk of Unlinked Markets.

  Depending on the extended hours trading system or the time of day, the prices displayed on a particular extended hours trading system may not reflect the prices in other concurrently operating extended hours trading systems dealing in the same securities. Accordingly, you may receive an inferior price in one extended hours trading system than you would in another extended hours trading system.
- Risk of News Announcements.

  Normally, issuers make news announcements that may affect the price of their securities after regular market hours. Similarly, important financial information is frequently announced outside of regular market hours. In extended hours trading, these announcements may occur during trading, and if combined with lower liquidity and higher volatility, may cause an exaggerated and unsustainable effect on the price of a security.
- Risk of Wider Spreads. The spread refers to the difference in price between what you can buy a security for and what you can sell it for. Lower liquidity and higher volatility in extended hours trading may result in wider than normal spreads for a particular security.

# II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, NASD Regulation included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. NASD Regulation has prepared

summaries, set forth in Sections, A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

#### 1. Purpose

A number of member firms have recently started offering their retail customers opportunities to trade stocks after traditional market hours in what is known as "extended hours trading." An even greater number of member firms have announced plans to offer extended hours trading in the next several months.

The growth of extended hours trading provides retail customers with greater opportunities to trade securities and manage their portfolios, and in so doing, provides access to markets that were previously limited to institutional customers. Participation in extended hours trading may offer certain benefits to retail customers, but entails several material risks. Depending on the particular extended hours trading environment, these risks may include: (1) lower liquidity; (2) higher volatility; (3) changing prices; (4) unlinked markets; (5) an exaggerated effect from news announcements; and (6) wider spreads. In light of these risks, NASD Regulation believes that members have an obligation to their retail customers to disclose the material risks of extended hours trading before permitting them to engage in extended hours trading

The Notice to Members states that just and equitable principles of trade (NASD Rule 2110) require members to disclose to customers the material risks of extended hours trading. The Notice to Members also states that the advertising rule (NASD Rule 2210) requires that all communications with the public shall be based upon principles of fair dealing and good faith, and that members describing the benefits of extended hours trading must also describe the material risks.

The Notice to Members does not require any standardized disclosure. However, to assist members with their disclosure obligations, NASD Regulation staff has developed model extended hours trading risk disclosures that address each of the six factors identified above. The model disclosures are provided as guidance only. Members will be free to modify the model disclosures or draft their own disclosures, so long as all of the material risk factors are addressed.

## 2. Statutory Basis

NASD Regulation believes that the Notice to Members is consistent with the provisions of Section 15A(b)(6) of the Act,5 which requires, among other things, that the Association's rules be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. NASD Regulation believes that member firms that permit customers to engage in extended hours trading have an obligation under just and equitable principles of trade to disclose to such customers the material risks of extended hours trading. Similarly, members that advertise the opportunities and benefits of extended hours trading must also disclose the materials risks. NASD Regulation believes that this Notice to Members is an important element to protect investors and the public interest with respect to extended hours trading.6

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

NASD Regulation does not believe that the proposed rule change will result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act, as amended.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

## III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Act <sup>7</sup> and Rule 19b–4(f)(1) <sup>8</sup> in that it constitutes a stated policy and interpretation with respect to the meaning of an existing rule.

At any time within 60 days of the filing of a rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act, the Commission may summarily abrogate the rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

#### **IV. Solicitation of Comments**

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the purposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Persons making written submissions should file six copies thereof with the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549–0609. Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Room. Copies of such filing will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the NASD. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NASD-00-01 and should be submitted by February 25, 2000.

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.  $^9$ 

## Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-2486 Filed 2-3-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010-01-M

# **DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

## Office of Visa Services

[Public Notice 3211]

30-Day Notice of Information Collection; Petition to Classify Special Immigrant Under INA 203(b)(4) as an Employee Or Former Employee of the U.S. Government Abroad, Form DS– 1884

**SUMMARY:** The Department of State has submitted the following information to the Office of Management and Budget(OMB) in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. Comments should be submitted to OMB within 30 days of the publication of this notice.

The following summarizes the information collection proposal submitted to OMB:

 $\label{type of Request: Reinstatement of Form.} Type \ of \ Request: \ Reinstatement \ of \ Form.$ 

Originating Office: CA/VO/F/P.

Title of Information Collection: Petition to ClassifySpecial Immigrants Under INA 203(b)(4) as an Employee or Former Employee of the U.S. Government Abroad.

Frequency: 500.
Form Number: DS–1884.
Respondents: Foreign Applicants.
Estimated Number of Respondents:
500.

Average Hours Per Response: .5 hours.

Total Estimated Burden: 250 hours. Public comments are being solicited to permit the agency to:

- Evaluate whether the proposed information collection is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility.
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.
- Minimize the reporting burden on those who are to respond, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of technology. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Copies of the proposed information collection and supporting documents may be obtained from Daria Darnell, U.S. Department of State, 2401E ST NW, RM L-703, Washington, DC 20520, Tel: 202-663-1253. Public comments and questions should be directed to the State Department Desk Officer, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Washington, DC 20530, (202) 395-5871.

Dated: January 12, 2000.

#### Nancy H. Sambaiew,

Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Visa Services.

[FR Doc. 00–2549 Filed 2–3–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710–06–U

## **DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

[Public Notice No. 3189]

## Secretary of State's Advisory Committee on Private International

Law: Study Group Related to the Protection of Children Conventions and Agreements; Meeting notice

There will be a public meeting of a Study Group of the Secretary of State's Advisory Committee on Private International Law on Saturday, February 26, 2000, to discuss international protection of children issues. The meeting will be held from 9:30 to 4:30

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 15 U.S.C. 780-3(b)(6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In reviewing this proposal, the Commission has considered its impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).

<sup>7 15</sup> U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

<sup>8 17</sup> CFR 240.196-4(f)(1).

<sup>9 17</sup> CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).