COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
PART I DEFINITIONS, ORGANIZATION AND AUTHORITY			The current Code does not contain a separate definitions section, although some rules, such as Rule 10308, include definitions applicable only to the specific rule. Frequent users of the forum have advised that it would be helpful to include a comprehensive definitions section that applies to the entire Code. Some of the definitions are based on the definitions already contained in specific rules, some are based on definitions contained in other NASD rules or Bylaws, and some are based on current practice.
Definitions	13100. Definitions		In the interest of Plain
	(a) Associated Person		English, the revised Code uses the term "associated

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	The term "associated person" or "associated person of a member" means a person associated with a member, as that term is defined in paragraph (p).		person" to mean "person associated with a member" or "associated person of a member" as defined in NASD By-Laws.
	(b) Board The term "Board" means the Board of Directors of NASD Dispute Resolution, Inc.		
	(c) Claim The term "claim" means an allegation or request for relief.		In paragraph (h), the term "dispute" is defined to mean "a dispute, claim or controversy." A dispute may consist of one or more claims. Throughout the Code, the term "claim" is used to refer to a specific allegation or request for relief, while the term "dispute" refers to the entire matter submitted to arbitration.
	(d) Claimant The term "claimant" means a party that files the statement of claim that		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	initiates an arbitration under Rule 13302.		
	(e) Code The term "Code" means the Code of Arbitration Procedure for Customer Disputes. For disputes involving only industry parties, see the NASD code of Arbitration Procedure for Industry Disputes.		NASD will maintain separate Customer, Industry and Mediation Codes.
	(f) Counterclaim The term "counterclaim" means a claim asserted against a claimant by a respondent.		
	(g) Cross Claim The term "cross claim" means a claim asserted by a respondent against another already-named respondent.		
	(h) Dispute The term "dispute" means a dispute, claim or controversy. A dispute may consist of one of more claims.		A dispute may consist of one or more claims. Throughout the Code, the term "claim" is used to refer to a specific allegation or request for relief, while the term

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
			"dispute" refers to the entire matter submitted to arbitration.
	(i) Day Except as otherwise provided, the	10308(a)(1) "day"	
	term "day" means calendar day. If a deadline specified in the Code falls on a Saturday, Sunday or any NASD holiday, the deadline is extended until the next business day.	For purposes of this Rule, the term "day" means calendar day.	
	(j) Director The term "Director" means the Director of NASD Dispute Resolution. Unless the Code provides that the Director may not delegate a specific function, the term includes NASD staff to whom the Director has delegated authority.		
	(k) Hearing The term "hearing" means the hearing on the merits of an arbitration under Rule 13600.		
	(I) Hearing Session The term "hearing session" means any meeting between the parties and		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	arbitrator(s) of four hours or less, including a hearing or a prehearing conference.		
	(m) Member For purposes of this Code, the term "member" means any broker or dealer admitted to membership in NASD, whether or not the membership has been or cancelled.		
	(n) Non-Public Arbitrator The term "non-public arbitrator" means a person who is otherwise qualified to serve as an arbitrator and: (1) Is, or within the past five years, was: (A) Associated with a broker or a dealer (including a government securities broker or dealer or a municipal securities dealer); (B) Registered under the Commodity Exchange Act;	Rule10308 (a)(4)"non-public arbitrator" The term "non-public arbitrator" means a person who is otherwise qualified to serve as an arbitrator and: (A) is, or within the past 5 years, was: (i) associated with a broker or a dealer (including a government securities broker or dealer or a municipal securities dealer);	
	(C) A member of a commodities exchange or a	(ii) registered under the	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	registered futures association; or	Commodity Exchange Act;	
	(D) Associated with a person or firm registered under the Commodity Exchange Act;	(iii) a member of a commodities exchange or a registered futures association; or	
	(2) Is retired from, or spent a substantial part of a career engaging in, any of the business activities listed	(iv) associated with a person or firm registered under the Commodity Exchange Act;	
	in paragraph (n)(1); (3) Is an attorney, accountant, or other professional who has devoted 20 percent or more of his or her	(B) is retired from, or spent a substantial part of a career, engaging in any of the business activities listed in subparagraph (4)(A);	
	professional work, in the last two years, to clients who are engaged in any of the business activities listed in paragraph (n)(1); or	(C) is an attorney, accountant, or other professional who has devoted 20 percent or more of his or her professional work, in the last two years, to clients	
	(4) Is an employee of a bank or other financial institution and effects transactions in securities, including	who are engaged in any of the business activities listed in subparagraph (4)(A); or	
	government or municipal securities, and commodities futures or options or supervises or monitors the compliance with the securities and commodities laws of employees who engage in such activities.	(D) is an employee of a bank or other financial institution and effects transactions in securities, including government or municipal	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		securities, and commodities futures or options or supervises or monitors the compliance with the securities and commodities laws of employees who engage in such activities.	
	(o) Panel The term "panel" means the arbitration panel, whether it consists of one or more arbitrators.		A panel normally consists of one or three arbitrators, depending on the amount in dispute. However, a panel could consist of two arbitrators if an arbitrator is removed from a three-arbitrator panel, and the parties agree to proceed with only the remaining arbitrators. See Rule 12411(a).
	(p) Person Associated with a Member The term "person associated with a member" means: (1) A natural person registered		This is based on Article I, Section dd, of NASD's By- Laws.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(2) A sole proprietor, partner, officer, director, or branch manager of a member, or a natural person occupying a similar status or performing similar functions, or		
	a natural person engaged in the investment banking or securities business who is directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by a member, whether or not any such person is registered or exempt from registration with NASD under the By-Laws or the Rules of NASD.		
	For purposes of this Code, a person formerly associated with a member is a person associated with a member.		
	(q) Prehearing Conference The term "prehearing conference" means any hearing session, including an Initial Prehearing Conference, that takes place before the hearing on the merits begins.		

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(r) Public Arbitrator The term "public arbitrator" means a person who is otherwise qualified to	10308(a)(5) "public arbitrator"	
	serve as an arbitrator: and	(A) The term "public arbitrator" means a person who is	
	(1) Is not engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (n)(1)-(4);	otherwise qualified to serve as an arbitrator and:	
	(2) Was not engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (n)(1)-(4) for a total of 20 years or more;	(i) is not engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (a)(4)(A) through (D);	
	(3) Is not an investment adviser;(4) Is not an attorney,	(ii) was not engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (a)(4)(A) through (D) for a total of 20 years or	
	accountant, or other professional whose firm derived 10 percent or more of its annual revenue in the past two years from any persons	more; (iii) is not an investment adviser;	
	or entities listed in paragraphs (n)(1)-(4); and	(iv) is not an attorney, accountant, or other	
	(5) Is not the spouse or a family member of a person who is engaged in the conduct or	professional whose firm derived 10 percent or more of its annual revenue in the past 2	
	activities described in paragraphs	years from any persons or	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(n)(1)-(4). For the purpose of this Rule, the term " family member"	entities listed in paragraph (a)(4)(A); and	
	means: (A) A parent, stepparent, child, or stepchild of any person engaged in the conduct described in paragraphs (n)(1)- (4), regardless of whether the	(v) is not the spouse or an immediate family member of a person who is engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (a)(4)(A) through (D).	
	child is claimed as a dependent or is a member of the household;	(B) For the purpose of this Rule, the term "immediate family member" means:	
	 (B) A member of the household of a person engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (n)(1)-(4); (C) A person who receives 	(i) the parent, stepparent, child, or stepchild, of a person engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (a)(4)(A) through (D);	
	financial support of more than 50 percent of his or her annual income from a person engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (n)(1)- (4); or	(ii) a member of the household of a person engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (a)(4)(A) through (D);	
	(D) A person who is	(iii a person who receives financial support of more than	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	claimed as a dependent for federal income tax purposes by a person engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (n)(1)-(4).	50 percent of his or her annual income from a person engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (a)(4)(A) through (D); or	
		(iv) a person who is claimed as a dependent for federal income tax purposes by a person engaged in the conduct or activities described in paragraphs (a)(4)(A) through (D).	
	(s) Respondent The term "respondent" means a party against whom a statement of claim or third party claim has been filed.		
	(t) Statement of Claim The term "statement of claim" means the initial or amended claim filed by the party or parties initiating the arbitration.		
	(u) Statutory Employment		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	Discrimination Claim The term "statutory employment discrimination claim" means a claim alleging employment discrimination, including a sexual harassment claim, in violation of a statute		
	(v) Temporary Injunctive Order The term "temporary injunctive order" means a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction or other form of initial, temporary injunctive relief.		
	(w) Third Party Claim The term "third party claim" means a claim asserted against a party not named in the statement of claim or any other previous pleading.		
	(x) Uniform Submission Agreement The term "Uniform Submission Agreement" means the NASD Uniform Submission Agreement. The NASD Uniform Submission		

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Applicability of Code and Incorporation by Reference	Agreement is a document that parties must sign at the outset of an arbitration in which they agree to submit to arbitration under the Code. 13101. Applicability of Code and Incorporation by Reference (a) Applicability of Code This Code applies to any dispute	10204. Applicability of Uniform Code Except as otherwise provided in the Rule 10200 Series, the	This rule has been amended to reflect the new organization of the Code, including the creation of separate
	between a customer and a member or associated person of a member that is submitted to arbitration under the code. (b) Incorporation by Reference When a dispute is submitted to arbitration under this Code pursuant to an arbitration agreement, the Code is incorporated by reference into the agreement.	Rules and procedures applicable to arbitrations concerning industry and clearing controversies shall be those set forth hereinafter under the Rule 10300 Series. 10331. Incorporation By Reference This Code shall be deemed a part of and incorporated by	Industry and Customer Codes.
		reference in every agreement to arbitrate under the Rules of the Association including a duly executed Submission Agreement.	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
National Arbitration and	13102. National Arbitration and Mediation Committee	10102. National Arbitration and Mediation Committee	The proposed rule is substantially similar to the
Mediation			current rule, but has been
Committee	 (a) The Board shall appoint a National Arbitration and Mediation Committee ("NAMC"). (1) The NAMC shall consist of no fewer than ten and no more than 25 members. At least 50 	(a) The NASD Dispute Resolution Board of Directors, following the annual election of its members by the NASD Board of Governors, shall appoint a National Arbitration and Mediation Committee of	updated based on the Plan of Allocation and Delegation of Functions by NASD to Subsidiaries.
	percent of the NAMC shall be Non-Industry members. (2) The Chairperson of the Board shall name the chairperson of the NAMC.	such size and composition, including representation from the public at large, as it shall deem appropriate and in the public interest. The Chairman of the Committee shall be	
	(b) The NAMC shall have the authority to recommend rules, regulations, procedures and amendments relating to arbitration, mediation, and other dispute resolution matters to the Board. All matters recommended by the NAMC to the Board must have been	named by the Chairman of the NASD Dispute Resolution Board. The said Committee shall establish and maintain rosters of neutrals composed of persons from within and without the securities industry. (b) The Committee shall have	
	approved by a majority of the NAMC members present and voting. The NAMC has such other power and	the authority to recommend to the NASD Dispute Resolution Board appropriate Rules, regulations, and procedures to	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	authority as is necessary to carry out the purposes of this Code. (c) The NAMC may meet as frequently as necessary, but must meet at least once a year.	govern the conduct of all arbitration, mediation, and other dispute resolution matters before the Association. All Rules, regulations, and procedures and amendments thereto presented by the Committee must be by a majority vote of all the members of the said Committee. It also shall have such other power and authority as is necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Code. (c) The Committee shall meet at least once each year and at such other times as are deemed necessary by the Committee.	
Director of Dispute	13103. Director of Dispute Resolution	10103. Director of Arbitration	To reflect current corporate structure, the
Resolution	(a) The Board shall appoint a Director of Dispute Resolution. The Director shall perform all the administrative duties relating to	The Board of Governors of the Association shall appoint a Director of Arbitration (Director) who shall be charged with the performance of all	proposed rule provides that the President of NASD Dispute Resolution is authorized to perform the Director's duties, and

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	arbitrations submitted under this Code. The Director may delegate his or her duties when it is appropriate, unless the Code provides otherwise. (b) The Director shall report to the NAMC at the NAMC's request. (c) The President of NASD Dispute Resolution may perform the Director's duties. If the Director is unable to perform his or her duties, the President of NASD Dispute Resolution may appoint an interim Director.	administrative duties and functions in connection with matters submitted for arbitration pursuant to this Code. The Director shall be directly responsible to the National Arbitration and Mediation Committee and shall report to it at periodic intervals established by the Committee and at such other times as called upon by the Committee to do so. The duties and functions of the Director may be delegated by the Director, as appropriate. In the event of the incapacitation, resignation, removal, or other permanent or indefinite inability of the Director to perform the duties and responsibilities of the Director, the President or an Executive Vice President of the Association may appoint an interim Director.	that only the President of NASD Dispute Resolution may appoint an interim director if necessary. (Under the current rule, the President of NASD Dispute Resolution or an Executive Vice President of NASD may appoint an interim Director.)
Effect of	13104. Effect of Arbitration on	10105. Non-Waiver of	No substantive change.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Arbitration on NASD	NASD Regulatory Activities	Association Objects and Purposes	
Regulatory	(a) Submitting a dispute to		
Activities	arbitration under this Code does not limit or preclude any right, action or determination by NASD that it would otherwise be authorized to adopt, administer or enforce. (b) At the conclusion of an arbitration, any arbitrator may refer to NASD for disciplinary investigation any matter that has come to the arbitrator's attention during and in connection with the arbitration, either from the record of the proceeding or from material or communications related to the arbitration, which the arbitrator has reason to believe constitutes a violation of NASD's rules, the federal securities laws, or other applicable rules or laws.	The submission of any matter to arbitration under this Code shall in no way limit or preclude any right, action or determination by the Association which it would otherwise be authorized to adopt, administer or enforce. If any matter comes to the attention of an arbitrator during and in connection with the arbitrator's participation in a proceeding, either from the record of the proceeding or from material or communications related to the proceeding, that the arbitrator has reason to believe may constitute a violation of the Association's Rules or the federal securities laws, the arbitrator may initiate a referral of the matter to the Association	
		for disciplinary investigation; provided, however, that any	

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		such referral should only be initiated by an arbitrator after the matter before him has been settled or otherwise disposed of, or after an award finally disposing of the matter has been rendered pursuant to Rule 10330 of the Code	
Agreement of the Parties	(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), if the Code provides that the parties may agree to modify a provision of the Code, or a decision of the Director or the panel, the written agreement of all named parties is required. (b) If the Director or the panel determines that a named party is inactive in the arbitration, or has failed to respond after adequate notice has been given, the Director or the panel may determine that the written agreement of that party is not required while the party is inactive or not responsive.		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
PART II GENERAL ARBITRATION RULES			
Required Arbitration	13200. Required Arbitration	10301. Required Submission	No substantive change.
Arbitration	 (a) Generally Except as otherwise provided in the Code, a dispute must be arbitrated under the Code if the dispute arises out of the business activities of a member or an associated person and is between or among: Members; Members and Associated Persons; or Associated persons. (b) Insurance Activities Disputes arising out of the insurance business activities of a member that is also an insurance company are not required to be 	(a) Any dispute, claim, or controversy eligible for submission under the Rule 10100 Series between a customer and a member and/or associated person arising in connection with the business of such member or in connection with the activities of such associated persons shall be arbitrated under this Code, as provided by any duly executed and enforceable written agreement or upon the demand of the customer	In the interest of having shorter, more readable rules, the substance of current Rule 10301 has been broken into several rules. The remainder of current Rule 10301(a) is now in proposed Rule 12202. For other parts of current Rule 10301, see Rules 12203 and 12204.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	arbitrated under the Code.		
Statutory Employment Discrimination	13201. Statutory Employment Discrimination Claims	10101. Matters Eligible for Submission	No substantive change.
Claims	A claim alleging employment discrimination, including sexual harassment, in violation of a statute, is not required to be arbitrated under the Code. Such a claim may be arbitrated only if the parties have agreed to arbitrate it, either before or after the dispute arose. If the parties agree to arbitrate such a claim, the claim will be administered under Rule 13802.	This Code of Arbitration Procedure is prescribed and adopted pursuant to Article VII, Section 1(a)(iv) of the By-Laws of the Association for the arbitration of any dispute, claim, or controversy arising out of or in connection with the business of any member of the Association, or arising out of the employment or termination of employment of associated person(s) with any member, with the exception of disputes involving the insurance business of any member which is also an insurance company: (a) between or among members and associated	

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		persons;	
		(c) between or among members or associated persons and public customers, or others; and	
		(d) between or among members, registered clearing agencies with which the Association has entered into an agreement to utilize the Association's arbitration facilities and procedures, and participants, pledgees, or other persons using the facilities of a registered clearing agency, as these terms are defined under the rules of such a registered clearing agency	
Claims Involving	13202. Claims Involving	10201. Requried Submission	No substantive change
Registered Clearing Agencies	If a registered clearing agency has entered into an agreement to use NASD's arbitration facilities and procedures, any dispute, claim or	(c) Any dispute, claim or controversy involving an act or failure to act by a clearing member; a registered clearing agency; or participants, pledgees, or other persons	

CURRENT AND PROPOSED NASD ARBITRATION CODES FOR INDUSTRY DISPUTES

COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	controversy involving that registered clearing agency, or participants, pledges or other persons using the facilities of the registered clearing agency will be arbitrated in accordance with such agreement and the rules of the registered clearing agency.	using the facilities of a registered clearing agency, under the rules of any registered clearing agency with which the Association has entered into an agreement to utilize the Association's arbitration facilities and procedures shall be arbitrated in accordance with such agreement and the rules of such registered clearing agency.	
Denial of NASD Forum and Referral to Other Forums	13203. Denial of NASD Forum and Referral to Other Forums (a) The Director may decline to permit the use of the NASD arbitration forum if the Director determines that, given the purposes of NASD and the intent of the Code, the subject matter of the dispute is inappropriate, or for other reasons if extraordinary circumstances exist. Only the Director or the President of NASD Dispute Resolution may exercise the Director's authority under	10301. Required Submission (b) Under this Code, the Director of Arbitration, upon approval of the Executive Committee of the National Arbitration and Mediation Committee, or the National Arbitration and Mediation Committee, shall have the right to decline the use of its arbitration facilities in any dispute, claim, or controversy, where, having due regard for	To give the Director more flexibility in addressing security concerns and other unusual but serious situations that may require immediate resolution, the proposed rule also expands the grounds upon which the Director may deny the forum to include "other reasons if extraordinary circumstances exist." The requirement that the

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	this Rule. (b) Disputes that arise out of transactions in a readily identifiable market may be referred to the arbitration forum for that market, if the claimant agrees.	the purposes of the Association and the intent of this Code, such dispute, claim, or controversy is not a proper subject matter for arbitration. (c) Claims which arise out of transactions in a readily identifiable market may, with the consent of the Claimant, be referred to the arbitration forum for that market by the Association.	NAMC or its Executive Committee must approve decisions by the Director to deny the forum has been deleted. However, the proposed rule provides that the Director's authority under this rule may not delegated or exercised by anyone other than the Director or the President of NASD Dispute Resolution.
Class Action	13204. Class Action Claims	10301. Required Submission	No substantive change.
Claims	(a) Class action claims may not be	(d) Class Action Claims	
	(a) Class action claims may not be arbitrated under this Code.(b) No claim that is included in a court-certified class action or a	(1) A claim submitted as a class action shall not be eligible for arbitration under this Code at the Association.	
	putative class action, or that is ordered by a court for class-wide arbitration at a forum not sponsored by a self-regulatory organization, will be arbitrated under this Code, unless the party bringing the claim shows	(2) Any claim filed by a member or members of a putative or certified class action is also ineligible for arbitration at the Association if the claim is encompassed by a putative or	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	that it is not participating in the class	certified class action filed in	
	action, or has withdrawn from the	federal or state court, or is	
	class according to conditions set by	ordered by a court to an arbitral	
	the court, if any.	forum not sponsored by a self- regulatory organization for	
	(c) The Director will refer to a panel	classwide arbitration. However,	
	any dispute as to whether a claim is	such claims shall be eligible for	
	part of a class action, unless a party	arbitration in accordance with	
	asks the court hearing the class	paragraph (a) or pursuant to	
	action to resolve the dispute within 10	the parties' contractual	
	calendar days of receiving notice that	agreement, if any, if a claimant	
	the Director is referring the dispute to	demonstrates that it has	
	a panel.	elected not to participate in the	
	(d) A member or associated person	putative or certified class action	
	may not enforce any arbitration	or, if applicable, has complied	
	agreement against a member of a	with any conditions for	
	certified or putative class action with	withdrawing from the class	
	respect to any claim that is the	prescribed by the court.	
	subject of the certified or putative	Diameter company in a sub-oth care	
	class action until:	Disputes concerning whether a	
		particular claim is	
	 The class certification is denied; 	encompassed by a putative or certified class action shall be	
		referred by the Director of	
	The class is decertified;	Arbitration to a panel of	
	T1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	arbitrators in accordance with	
	 The member of the certified or 	Rule 10302 or Rule 10308, as	
	putative class is excluded from	applicable. Either party may	
	the class by the court; or	applicable. Littlet party may	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	The member of the certified or putative class elects not to participate in the class or withdraws from the class according to conditions set by the court, if any. This paragraph does not otherwise affect the enforceability of any rights under this Code or any other agreement.	elect instead to petition the court with jurisdiction over the putative or certified class action to resolve such disputes. Any such petition to the court must be filed within ten business days of receipt of notice that the Director of Arbitration is referring the dispute to a panel of arbitrators. (3) No member or associated person shall seek to enforce any agreement to arbitrate against a customer, other member or person associated with a member who has initiated in court a putative class action or is a member of a putative or certified class with respect to any claims encompassed by the class action unless and until: (A) the class certification is denied; (B) the class is decertified; (C) the customer, other member or person associated with a member is excluded from the	

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		class by the court; or (D) the customer, other member or person associated with a member elects not to participate in the putative or certified class action or, if applicable, has complied with any conditions for withdrawing from the class prescribed by the court.	
		(4) No member or associated person shall be deemed to have waived any of its rights under this Code or under any agreement to arbitrate to which it is party except to the extent stated in this paragraph.	
Shareholder Derivative Actions	13205. Shareholder Derivative Actions Shareholder derivative actions may not be arbitrated under this Code.		New rule. Similar to NYSE Rule 600(e).
Time Limits	13206. Time Limits (a) Time Limitation on	Rule 10304. Time Limitation Upon Submission (a) No dispute, claim, or	No substantive change.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	Submission of Claims	controversy shall be eligible for	
	No claim shall be eligible for	submission to arbitration under	
	submission to arbitration under this	this Code where six (6) years	
	Code where 6 years have elapsed	have elapsed from the	
	from the occurrence or event giving	occurrence or event giving rise	
	rise to the claim. The panel will	to the act or dispute, claim or	
	resolve any questions regarding the	controversy. The panel will	
	eligibility of a claim under this Rule.	resolve any questions	
	(b) Dismissal under Rule	regarding the eligibility of a	
	Dismissal of a claim under this	claim under this Rule.	
	Rule does not prohibit a party from	(1) 5:	
	pursuing the claim in court. By filing	(b) Dismissal of a claim under	
	a motion to dismiss a claim under this	this Rule does not prohibit a	
	Rule, the moving party agrees that if	party from pursuing the claim	
	the panel dismisses a claim under the	in court. By requesting	
	Rule, the non-moving party may	dismissal of a claim under this	
	withdraw any remaining related	Rule, the requesting party	
	claims without prejudice and may	agrees that if the panel	
	pursue all of the claims in court.	dismisses a claim under the	
		Rule, the party that filed the	
	(c) Effect of Rule on Time Limits	dismissed claim may withdraw	
	for Filing Claim in Court	any remaining related claims	
	The Rule does not extend	without prejudice and may	
	applicable statutes of limitations.	pursue all of the claims in	
	However, where permitted by	court.	
	applicable law, when a claimant files		
	a statement of claim in arbitration,	* * *	
	any time limits for the filing of the		

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT	claim in court will be tolled while NASD retains jurisdiction of the claim. (d) Effect of Filing a Claim in Court on Time Limits for Filing in Arbitration If a party submits a claim to a court of competent jurisdiction, the 6-year time limitation will not run while the court retains jurisdiction of the claim matter.	10307. Tolling of Time Limitation(s) for the Institution of Legal Proceedings and Extension of Time Limitation(s) for Submission to Arbitration (a) Where permitted by applicable law, the time limitations which would otherwise run or accrue for the institution of legal proceedings shall be tolled where a duly executed Submission Agreement is filed by the Claimant(s). The tolling shall continue for such period as the Association shall retain jurisdiction upon the matter submitted. (b) The six (6) year time limitation upon submission to arbitration shall not apply when the parties have submitted the dispute, claim or controversy to a court of competent	COMMENTS

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		time limitation shall not run for such period as the court shall retain jurisdiction upon the matter submitted.	
Extension of Deadlines	13207. Extension of Deadlines (a) The parties may agree in writing	10314. Initiation of Proceedings	The proposed rule is intended to provide more guidance to parties and
	to extend or modify any deadline for:	(a) (5) The time period to file any pleading, whether such be	arbitrators regarding when and under what
	Serving an answer;	denominated as a Claim, Answer, Counterclaim, Cross-	circumstances deadlines established by the panel
	 Returning arbitrator or chairperson lists; 	Claim, Reply, or Third-Party Pleading, may be extended for such further period as may be	and the Code may be modified or extended. It is designed to give parties
	Responding to motions; or	granted by the Director of Arbitration or with the consent	maximum control over extensions of deadlines
	 Exchanging documents or witness lists. 	of the initial claimant. Extensions of the time period to file an Answer are	set by the Code, but to ensure that the panel retains control over
	If the parties agree to extend or modify a deadline under this Rule,	disfavored and will not be granted by the Director except	deadlines established by the panel. It also gives
	they must notify the Director of the new deadline in writing.	in extraordinary circumstances.	the Director limited authority to extend or modify deadlines.
	(b) The panel may extend or modify any deadline listed in		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	paragraph (a), or any other deadline set by the panel, either on its own initiative or upon motion of a party.		
	(c) The Director may extend or modify any deadline or time period set by the Code for good cause, or by the panel in extraordinary circumstances.		
Representation of Parties	13208. Representation of Parties	10316. Representation by Counsel	No substantive change.
	All parties have the right to be represented by counsel during any stage of an arbitration.	All parties shall have the right to representation by counsel at any stage of the proceedings	
Legal Proceedings	During an arbitration, no party may bring any suit, legal action, or proceeding against any other party that concerns or that would resolve any of the matters raised in the arbitration, except as otherwise provided by the Code or by applicable law.	No party shall, during the arbitration of any matter, prosecute or commence any suit, action, or proceeding against any other party touching upon any of the matters referred to arbitration pursuant to this Code.	No substantive change.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
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Ex Parte Communi- cations	13210. Ex Parte Communications (a) No party, or anyone acting on behalf of a party, may communicate with any arbitrator outside of a scheduled hearing or conference regarding an arbitration unless all parties or their representatives are present. (b) No party, or anyone acting on behalf of a party, may send or give any written motion, request, submission or other materials directly to any arbitrator, unless the arbitrators and the parties agree, or the Code provides otherwise.		New rule. The proposed rule is based on general ex parte rules applicable in court proceedings, and reflects current NASD practice. The NASD Arbitrators' Manual and NASD arbitrator training materials currently direct arbitrators to avoid ex parte communications with parties, and arbitrators receive training on how and why to do so.
Sanctions	(a) The panel may sanction a party or a party's representative for failure to comply with any provision in the Code, or any order of the panel or single arbitrator authorized to act on behalf of the panel. Unless prohibited by applicable law, sanctions may	10305. Dismissal of Proceedings (b) The arbitrators may dismiss a claim, defense, or proceeding with prejudice as a sanction for willful and intentional material failure to comply with an order of the arbitrator(s) if lesser sanctions have proven	The proposed rule incorporates and codifies the sanctions provisions the NASD Discovery Guide. The proposed rule is intended to provide more guidance to parties and arbitrators regarding the scope of arbitrator

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	 include, but are not limited to: Assessing monetary penalties payable to one or more parties; Precluding a party from presenting evidence; Making an adverse inference against a party; Assessing postponement and/or forum fees; and Assessing attorneys' fees, costs and expenses. (b) The panel may initiate a disciplinary referral at the conclusion of an arbitration. (c) The panel may dismiss a claim, defense or arbitration with prejudice as a sanction for material and intentional failure to comply with an order of the panel if prior warnings or sanctions have proven ineffective. 	ineffective.	authority to address noncompliance with the Code or orders of the panel. The proposed rule also provides that the panel may sanction a party or a party's representative in egregious situations.

COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Hearing Locations	 (a) The Director will decide which of NASD's hearing locations will be the hearing location for the arbitration. In cases involving an associated person, the Director will generally select the hearing location closest to where the associated person was employed at the time of the dispute. In cases involving members only or more than one associated person, the Director will consider a variety of factors, including: The parties' signed agreement to arbitrate, if any; Which party initiated the transaction or business in issue; and, The location of essential witnesses and documents. (b) Before arbitrator lists are sent to the parties under Rule 13403, the parties may agree in writing to a 		New rule. This proposed rule codifies current practice and provides guidance to parties regarding the selection of hearing locations.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Payment of Arbitrators	hearing location other than the one selected by the Director. (c) The Director may change the hearing location upon motion of a party. 13213. Payment of Arbitrators Except as provided in Rule 13800, NASD will pay the panel an honorarium, as follows: • \$200 to each arbitrator for each hearing session in which he or she participates; and • An additional \$75 per day to the chairperson for each hearing on the merits.	IM-10104. Arbitrators' Honorarium All persons selected to serve as arbitrators pursuant to the Association's Code of Arbitration Procedure shall be paid an honorarium for each hearing session (including a prehearing conference) in which they participate. The honorarium shall be \$200 for each hearing session, \$50	The amount of the honorarium in Simplified Arbitrations is in the Simplified Arbitration Rule, 12800. The reference to expenses for travel to a cancelled hearing has been removed from this rule. NASD has a comprehensive policy regarding arbitrator travel
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			expenses is available at www.nasd.com.

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CURRENT AND PROPOSED NASD ARBITRATION CODES FOR INDUSTRY DISPUTES

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
PART III			
INITIATING AND RESPONDING TO CLAIMS			
Filing and	13300. Filing and Serving	Rule 10314. Initiation of	To make rules shorter
Serving	Documents	Proceedings	and easier to read, the substance of current Rule
Documents	 (a) Initial statements of claim must be filed with the Director, with enough copies for each other party and each arbitrator. The number of arbitrators is determined in accordance with Rule 13401. The Director will serve the statement of claim on the other parties, and send copies of the statement of claim to each arbitrator. (b) The parties must serve all other pleadings and other documents directly on each other party. Parties must serve all pleadings on all parties at the same time and in the same manner, unless the parties agree otherwise. 	(c) Service and Filing with the Director of Arbitration (1) Service may be effected by mail or other means of delivery. Service and filing are accomplished on the date of mailing either by first-class postage pre-paid or by means of overnight mail service or, in the case of other means of service, on the date of delivery. Filing with the Director of Arbitration shall be made on the same date as service on a party	substance of current Rule 12314 has been broken into several rules. Please see Rules 12300-12306; Rule 12308; and Rules 12312-12314. This rule is intended to provide general information about when and how pleadings must be filed and served. Paragraph (f) imposes a new requirement on parties to notify the Director of any changes in address during an arbitration. This provision is intended to streamline

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CURRENT AND PROPOSED NASD ARBITRATION CODES FOR INDUSTRY DISPUTES

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(c) Unless the Code provides otherwise, parties must also file all pleadings and other documents with the Director, with additional copies for each arbitrator. Pleadings and other documents must be filed with the Director at the same time and in the same manner in which they are served on the other parties. Parties filing pleadings and other documents with the Director must include a certificate of service stating the names of the parties served, the date and method of service, and the address(es) to which service was made.		the administration of arbitrations and save NASD staff and parties time and resources.
	 (d) Pleadings and other documents may be filed and served by: first class mail; overnight mail or delivery service; hand delivery; facsimile; or any other method, including electronic mail, that is approved or required by the panel. (e) Filing and service are accomplished on the date of mailing either by first-class postage prepaid 		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	mail or overnight mail service, or, in the case of other means of service, on the date of delivery. Whenever pleadings and other documents must be filed with the Director and served on the other parties, filing and service must occur on the same day and in the same manner, unless the parties agree or the panel directs otherwise. (f) A party must inform the Director and all other parties in writing of any change of address during an		
Service on Persons Currently Associated with a Member	arbitration. 13301. Service on Persons Currently Associated with a Member If a member and a person currently associated with the member are named as respondents to the same arbitration, service on the person associated with the member may be made on the member, or directly on the associated person. If service is made on the member, the member must serve the associated person,	Rule 10314. Initiation of Proceedings (c) Service and Filing with the Director of Arbitration (2) If a member firm and a person associated with the member firm are named parties to an arbitration proceeding at the time of the filing of the Statement of Claim, service on the person associated with the	No substantive change.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	even if the member will not be representing the associated person in the arbitration. If the member is not representing the associated person in the arbitration, the member must notify, and provide the associated person's current address to, all parties and the Director.	member firm may be made on the associated person or the member firm, which shall perfect service upon the associated person. If the member firm does not undertake to represent the associated person, the member firm shall serve the associated person with the Statement of Claim, shall advise all parties and the Director of Arbitration of that fact, and shall provide such associated person's current address.	
Filing an Initial Statement of Claim	13302. Filing an Initial Statement of Claim	10314. Initiation of Proceedings	Paragraph (c) of the proposed rule codifies current practice, and
	(a) Filing Claim with the Director To initiate an arbitration, a claimant must file the following with the Director:	Except as otherwise provided herein, an arbitration proceeding under this Code shall be instituted as follows:	provides notice to claimants that they must pay all fees required at the time of filing.
	Signed and dated Uniform	(a) Statement of Claim	
	Submission Agreement; and	The Claimant shall file with the Director of Arbitration an	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	A statement of claim	executed Submission	
	specifying the relevant facts	Agreement, a Statement of	
	and remedies requested.	Claim of the controversy in	
		dispute, together with the	
	The claimant may include any	documents in support of the	
	additional documents supporting the	Claim, and the required	
	statement of claim.	deposit. Sufficient additional	
		copies of the Submission	
	(b) Number of Copies	Agreement and the Statement	
	The claimant must file enough	of Claim and supporting	
	copies of the statement of claim and	documents shall be provided to	
	the signed Uniform Submission	the Director of Arbitration for	
	Agreement, and any additional	each party and each arbitrator.	
	materials, for the Director, each	The Statement of Claim shall	
	arbitrator and each other party.	specify the relevant facts and	
	() =	the remedies sought. The Director of Arbitration shall	
	(c) Fees		
	At the time the statement of claim	endeavor to serve promptly by mail or otherwise on the	
	is filed, the claimant must pay all	Respondent(s) one (1) copy of	
	required filing fees and deposits.	the Submission Agreement and	
	(d) Complete by Director	one (1) copy of the Statement	
	(d) Service by Director	of Claim.	
	Unless the statement of claim is	or Granti.	
	deficient under Rule 13307, the		
	Director will send a copy of the		
	Uniform Submission Agreemen, the		
	statement of claim, and any		
	additional materials filed by the		1

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	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	claimant, to each other party, and to each arbitrator once the panel has been appointed.		
Answering the	13303. Answering the Statement	10314. Initiation of	Paragraph (b) of the
Statement of	of Claim	Proceedings	proposed rule provides
Claim	(a) Respondent(s) must directly serve each other party with the following documents within 45	(b) Answer – Defenses, Counterclaims, and/or Cross- Claims	that parties serving third party claims must include all materials served by the parties or the Director
	calendar days of receipt of the statement of claim:	(1) Within 45 calendar days from receipt of the Statement	up until that point in the proceeding. This provision is intended to
	 Signed and dated Uniform Submission Agreement; and 	of Claim, Respondent(s) shall serve each party with an executed Submission	ensure that newly added parties are able to obtain all relevant materials in a
	 An answer specifying the relevant facts and available defenses to the statement of claim. 	Agreement and a copy of the Respondent's Answer. Respondent's executed Submission Agreement and Answer shall also be filed with	timely manner, and to expedite and streamline the administration of the arbitration. This will not apply to copies of the
	The respondent may include any additional documents supporting the answer to the statement of claim. Parties that fail to answer in the time provided may be subject to default proceedings under Rule 13801. (b) The answer to the statement of	the Director of Arbitration with sufficient additional copies for the arbitrator(s) along with any deposit required under the schedule of fees. The Answer shall specify all relevant facts and available defenses to the Statement of Claim submitted	Code or Discovery Guide, which NASD will continue to provide.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	claim may include any counterclaims against the claimant, cross claims	and may set forth any related Counterclaim the	
	against other respondents, or third	Respondent(s) may have	
	party claims, specifying all relevant facts and remedies requested, as well	against the Claimant, any Cross-Claim the Respondent(s)	
	as any additional documents	may have against any other	
	supporting such claim. When serving a third party claim, the respondent	named Respondent(s), and any Third-Party Claim against	
	must provide each new respondent	any other party or person	
	with copies of all documents previously served by any party, or	based upon any existing dispute, claim, or controversy	
	sent to the parties by the Director.	subject to arbitration under this Code.	
	(c) At the same time that the	Code.	
	answer to the statement of claim is served on the other parties, the	* * *	
	respondent must file copies of the	Rule 10314 Initiation of	
	Uniform Submission Agreement, the answer to the statement of claim, and	Proceedings	
	any additional documents, with the	(b) Answer – Defenses, Counterclaims, and/or Cross-	
	Director, with enough copies for the Director and each arbitrator.	Claims	
		(0) 5	
	(d) If the answer to the statement of claim contains any counterclaims,	(3) Respondent(s) shall serve each party with a copy of any	
	cross claims or third party claims, the	Third-Party Claim. The Third-	
	respondent must pay all required filing fees and deposits.	Party Claim shall also be filed with the Director of Arbitration	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Answering	13304. Answering Counterclaims	with sufficient additional copies for the arbitrator(s) along with any deposit required under the schedule of fees. 10314. Initiation of	As part of the effort to
Counterclaims	(a) A claimant must directly serve any answer to a counterclaim on each other party within 20 calendar days of receipt of the counterclaim. At the same time, the claimant must file the answer to the counterclaim with the Director with additional copies for each arbitrator. (b) The answer must include the relevant facts and available defenses to the counterclaim. The claimant may include any additional documents supporting the answer to the counterclaim.	Proceedings (b) Answer – Defenses, Counterclaims, and/or Cross-Claims (4) The Claimant shall serve each party with a Reply to a Counterclaim within ten (10) days of receipt of an Answer containing a Counterclaim. The Reply shall also be filed with the Director of Arbitration with sufficient additional copies for the arbitrator(s).	standardize the time limits in the Code, the time for answering counterclaims has been extended from 10 days to 20 days. (Please see Rule 12305, in which the time to answer a cross-claim has been shortened from 45 days to 20 days.) NASD believes that parties who have already filed a pleading in an arbitration should have the same amount of time to respond to a cross or counter claim, and that 10 days (the time the current Code provides for responding to counter claims) is too short, and 45 days (the time the

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CURRENT AND PROPOSED NASD ARBITRATION CODES FOR INDUSTRY DISPUTES

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
			current Code provides for responding to cross claims) is too long. NASD believes that 20 calendar days is the appropriate amount of time for parties to respond to both counter and cross claims.
Answering Cross Claims	(a) A respondent must directly serve an answer to a cross claim on each other party within 20 calendar days from the date that the respondent's answer to the statement of claim is due, or from the receipt of the cross claim, whichever is later. At the same time, the respondent must file the answer to the cross claim with the Director with additional copies for each arbitrator. (b) The answer must include the relevant facts and available defenses to the cross claim. The respondent may include any additional	10314. Initiation of Proceedings (b) Answer – Defenses, Counterclaims, and/or Cross-Claims (2)(C) A Respondent, Responding Claimant, Cross-Claimant, Cross-Respondent, or Third-Party Respondent who fails to file an Answer within 45 calendar days from receipt of service of a Claim, unless the time to answer has been extended pursuant to subparagraph (5), below, may, in the discretion of the arbitrators, be barred from	For the reasons explained in the comment section to Rule 12304, the time to answer a cross claim has been shortened from 45 days to 20 days.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	documents supporting the answer to the cross claim.	presenting any matter, arguments, or defenses at the	
		hearing.	
Answering Third Party Claims	13306. Answering Third Party Claims	10314. Initiation of Proceedings	No substantive change.
	 (a) A party responding to a third party claim must directly serve all other parties with the following documents within 45 calendar days of receipt of the third party claim: Signed and dated Uniform Submission Agreement; and An answer specifying the relevant facts and available defenses to the third party claim. 	(b) Answer – Defenses, Counterclaims, and/or Cross- Claims (3) Third-Party Respondent(s) shall answer in the manner provided for response to the Claim, as provided in subparagraphs (1) and (2) above.	
	The respondent may include any additional documents supporting the answer to the third party claim.		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(b) The answer to the third party claim may also include any counterclaims, cross claims, or third party claims, specifying all relevant facts and remedies requested. The answer may also include any additional documents supporting such claim. When serving a third party claim, the respondent must provide each new respondent with copies of all documents previously served by any party, or sent to the parties by the Director.		
	(c) At the same time that the answer to the third party claim is served on the other parties, the third party respondent must also file copies of the Uniform Submission Agreement, the answer to the third party claim, and any additional documents, with the Director, with additional copies for each arbitrator. (d) If the answer to the third party claim contains any counterclaim, cross claim or third party claim, the		

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	party must also pay all required filing fees and deposits.		
Deficient Claims	 13307. Deficient Claims (a) The Director will not serve any claim that is deficient. The reasons a claim may be deficient include the following: A Uniform Submission Agreement was not filed by each claimant; The Uniform Submission Agreement was not properly signed and dated; The Uniform Submission Agreement does not name all parties named in the claim; The claimant did not file the correct number of copies of the Uniform Submission Agreement, statement of 		New rule. The proposed rule codifies current deficiency practice. NASD believes that providing guidance to parties in the Code regarding what constitutes a deficient claim will help parties avoid deficiencies, which will reduce delay and expedite the administration of arbitrations.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	claim or supporting documents for service on respondents and for the arbitrators;		
	 The claim does not specify the claimant's or the claimant's representative's current address; 		
	The claimant did not pay all required filing fees and deposits, unless the Director deferred the fees.		
	(b) The Director will notify the claimant in writing if the claim is deficient. If all deficiencies are not corrected within 30 calendar days		
	from the time the claimant receives notice, the Director will close the case without serving the claim, and will not refund any filing fees or deposits paid		
	by the claimant. (c) The panel will not consider any counterclaim, cross claim or third party claim that is deficient. The		
	reasons a counterclaim, cross claim or third party claim may be deficient		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	include the reasons listed in paragraph (a). The Director will notify the party making the counterclaim, cross claim or third party claim of the any deficiencies in writing. If all deficiencies are not corrected within 30 calendar days from the time the party making the counterclaim, cross claim or third party claim receives notice of the deficiency, the panel will proceed with the arbitration as though the deficient counterclaim, cross claim or third party claim had not been made.		
Loss of	13308. Loss of Defenses Due to	10314. Initiation of	The order of this rule has
Defenses Due to	Untimely or Incomplete Answer	Proceedings	been reversed, and
Untimely or Incomplete	(a) If a party fails to answer any	(b) Answer – Defenses,	current paragraphs (2)(A) and (B) have been
Answer	claim within the time period specified in the Code, the panel may, upon motion, bar that party from presenting	Counterclaims, and/or Cross- Claims	condensed into one.
	any defenses or facts at the hearing, unless the time to answer was extended in accordance with the Code. The party may also be subject to default proceedings under Rule	(2)(A) A Respondent, Responding Claimant, Cross- Claimant, Cross-Respondent, or Third-Party Respondent who pleads only a general denial to	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(b) If a party answers a claim that alleges specific facts and contentions with a general denial, or fails to include defenses or relevant facts in its answer that were known to it at the time the answer was filed, the panel may bar that party from presenting the omitted defenses or facts at the hearing.	a pleading that states specific facts and contentions may, upon objection by a party, in the discretion of the arbitrators, be barred from presenting any facts or defenses at the time of the hearing. (B) A Respondent, Responding Claimant, Cross-Claimant, Cross-Claimant, Cross-Respondent, or Third-Party Respondent who fails to specify all available defenses and relevant facts in such party's answer may, upon objection by a party, in the discretion of the arbitrators, be barred from presenting such facts or defenses not included in such party's Answer at the hearing.	
		C) A Respondent, Responding Claimant, Cross-Claimant, Cross-Respondent, or Third-Party Respondent who fails to file an Answer within 45 calendar days from receipt of	
		calendar days from receipt of service of a Claim, unless the	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		time to answer has been extended pursuant to subparagraph (5), below, may, in the discretion of the arbitrators, be barred from presenting any matter, arguments, or defenses at the hearing. Such a party may also be subject to default procedures as provided in paragraph (e) below	
Amending Pleadings	13309. Amending Pleadings	10328. Amendments	Paragraph (c) of the New proposed rule. Under the
	(a) Before Panel Appointment	(a) After the filing of any pleadings, if a party desires to	current Code, parties may amend pleadings at any
	Except as provided in paragraph	file a new or different pleading,	time prior to panel
	(c), a party may amend a pleading at	such change must be made in writing and filed with the	appointment, but, after panel appointment, they
	any time before the panel has been appointed.	Director of Arbitration with sufficient additional copies for	must obtain approval to amend a pleading. This
	(1) To amend a statement of	each arbitrator. The party filing	means that between the
	claim that has been filed but not yet served by the Director, the	a new or different pleading shall serve on all other parties,	time that the Director consolidates the arbitrator
	claimant must file the amended	a copy of the new or different	lists and the panel is
	claim with the Director, with	pleading in accordance with	appointed, a party could
	additional copies for each arbitrator and each other party.	the provisions set forth in Rule 10314(b)	amend a pleading to add a party to the proceeding,

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	The Director will then serve the amended claim in accordance with Rule 13301. (2) To amend any other		and the newly-added party would neither be able to participate in NLSS or object to being added to the arbitration.
	pleading, a party must serve the amended pleading on each party. At the same time, the party must file the amended pleading with the Director, with additional copies for		To address this issue, which has been the subject of concern among some users of the forum, the proposed rules
	each arbitrator. If a pleading is amended to add a party to the arbitration, the party amending the pleading must provide each new party with copies of all documents previously served by any party, or sent to the parties by the Director.		governing amending pleadings (12309) and the application of NLSS to newly added parties (12407) have been amended to provide that no party may be added
	(b) After Panel Appointment		by amendment after ranked lists are due to the Director and before a
	Once a panel has been appointed, a party may only amend a pleading if the panel grants a motion to amend in accordance with Rule 13503. Motions to amend a pleading must include a copy of the proposed amended pleading. If the panel grants the motion to amend, the	(c) After a panel has been appointed, no new or different pleading may be filed except for a responsive pleading as provided for in (a) above or with the panel's consent.	panel is appointed and approves a request to add the party. Rule 12309(c) also makes clear that the party to be added after panel appointment must be given an opportunity to be

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	amended pleading does not need to be re-served on the other parties, the Director, or the panel, unless the panel determines otherwise. (c) Amendments to Add Parties Once the ranked arbitrator lists are due to the Director under Rule 13404(c), no party may amend a pleading to add a new party to the arbitration until a panel has been appointed and the panel grants a motion to add the party. Motions to add a party after panel appointment must be served on all parties, including the party to be added, and the party to be added may respond to the motion in accordance with Rule 13503 without waiving any rights or objections under the Code.		heard before the panel can grant the motion to amend. This change will ensure that a party added to an arbitration by amendment either will be able to participate in NLSS, or will be able to object to being added. (Proposed Rule 12407 also clarifies that parties added prior to the cut-off date may participate in NLSS, but parties added by amendment after panel appointment do not have the ability to rank and strike arbitrators under NLSS. However, they may challenge an
	objections under the Code.		arbitrator for cause under Rule 12410.)
Answering Amended Claims	13310. Answering Amended Claims	10328. Amendments	As part of the initiative to standardize time limits in
	(a) If a claim is amended before it	(a) The other parties may, within ten (10) business days	the Code, the time to answer an amended

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
			1
	has been answered, the respondent's original time to answer is extended by 20 calendar days. (b) If a claim is amended after it has been answered, but before a panel has been appointed, the respondent has 20 calendar days from the time the amended claim is served to serve an amended answer. (c) If a claim is amended after a panel has been appointed, the respondent has 20 calendar days from the time the respondent receives notice that the panel has granted the motion to amend the claim to serve an amended answer. (d) The amended answer must be directly served on each other party. At the same time, the amended answer must also be filed with the Director, with additional copies for	from the receipt of service, file a response with all other parties and the Director of Arbitration in accordance with Rule 10314(b).	pleading has been extended from 10 business to 20 calendar days.
	each arbitrator.		
	(e) If the amended claim adds a new party to the arbitration, the new		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	party's answer is governed by Rule		
	13306.		
Amendments to Amount in	13311. Amendments to Amount in Dispute	10328. Amendments	No substantive change.
Dispute	If an amended pleading increases the amount in dispute, all filing fees, hearing session deposits, surcharges and process fees required by the Code will be recalculated based on the new amount in dispute.	(b) If a new or amended pleading increases the amount in dispute, all filing fees, hearing session deposits, surcharges, and process fees required under Rules 10332 and 10333 will be recalculated based on the amended amount in dispute.	
Multiple Claimants	(a) One or more parties may join multiple claims together if the claims contain common questions of law or	10314. Initiation of Proceedings (d) Joinder and Consolidation Multiple Parties	The provisions relating to joinder and consolidation of multiple parties have been broken into three rules. (See Rules 12312;
	 fact and: The claims assert any right to relief jointly and severally; or The claims arise out of the same transaction or 	(1) Permissive Joinder. All persons may join in one action as claimants if they assert any right to relief jointly, severally, or arising out of the same transaction, occurrence, or	12313 and 12314. Legal terminology has been replaced by shorter, more common phrases. The provisions relating to defenses and awards have been deleted,

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences. (b) After all responsive pleadings have been served, the Director or the panel may separate claims joined together under paragraph (a) of this Rule into two or more arbitrations.	series of transactions or occurrences and if any questions of law or fact common to all these claimants will arise in the action. All persons may be joined in one action as respondents if there is asserted against them, jointly or severally, any right to relief arising out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences and if any questions of law or fact common to all respondents will arise in the action. A claimant or respondent need not assert rights to or defend against all the relief demanded. Judgment may be given for one or more of the claimants according to their respective rights to relief, and against one or more respondents according to their respective liabilities. (2) In arbitrations where there are multiple Claimants,	because NASD believes that they are not necessary, may provide incomplete guidance depending on applicable law, and are more confusing than helpful.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		Party Respondents, the Director of Arbitration shall be authorized to determine preliminarily whether such parties should proceed in the same or separate arbitrations. Such determination will be considered subsequent to the filing of all responsive pleadings.	
Multiple Respondents	(a) One or more parties may name one or more respondents in the same arbitration if the claims contains any questions of law or fact common to all respondents and:	10314. Initiation of Proceedings (d) Joinder and Consolidation Multiple Parties	See comment section to proposed Rule 12312.
	The claims are asserted against the respondents jointly and severally; or	(1) Permissive Joinder. All persons may join in one action as claimants if they assert any right to relief jointly, severally, or arising out of the same	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	The claims arise out of the	transaction, occurrence, or	
	same transaction or	series of transactions or	
	occurrence, or series of	occurrences and if any	
	transactions or occurrences.	questions of law or fact	
		common to all these claimants	
	(b) After all responsive pleadings	will arise in the action. All	
	have been served, the Director or the	persons may be joined in one	
	panel may separate claims joined	action as respondents if there	
	together under paragraph (a) of this	is asserted against them, jointly	
	Rule into two or more arbitrations.	or severally, any right to relief	
		arising out of the same	
		transaction, occurrence, or	
		series of transactions or	
		occurrences and if any	
		questions of law or fact	
		common to all respondents will	
		arise in the action. A claimant	
		or respondent need not assert	
		rights to or defend against all	
		the relief demanded. Judgment	
		may be given for one or more	
		of the claimants according to	
		their respective rights to relief,	
		and against one or more	
		respondents according to their	
		respective liabilities.	
		(2) In arbitrations where there	
		are multiple Claimants,	

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SUBJECT PROPOSED RULE C	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Combining Claims Before ranked arbitrator lists are due to the Director under Rule 13404(c), the Director may combine separate but related claims into one arbitration. Once a panel has been appointed, the panel may reconsider the Director's decision upon motion of a party.	Respondents, and/or Third-Party Respondents, the Director of Arbitration shall be authorized to determine preliminarily whether such parties should proceed in the same or separate arbitrations. Such determination will be considered subsequent to the filing of all responsive pleadings. 10314. Initiation of Proceedings (d) Joinder and Consolidation Multiple Parties (3) The Director of Arbitration shall be authorized to determine preliminarily whether claims filed separately are related and shall be authorized to consolidate such claims for hearing and award purposes.	See comment section to proposed Rule 12312. The proposed rule provides more guidance regarding the time frame for consolidating claims.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		consolidation, and multiple parties under this paragraph (d) shall be made by the arbitration panel and shall be deemed final.	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
PART IV APPOINTMENT;			
DISQUALIFICA- TION AND AUTHORITY OF ARBITRATORS			
Neutral List Selection	13400. Neutral List Selection System and Arbitrator Rosters	10308. Selection of Arbitrators	To make rules shorter and easier to read, the substance of current Rule
System and Arbitrator Rosters	(a) Neutral List Selection System The Neutral List Selection System	(a) Definitions	10308 has been broken into several rules. See
	is a computer system that generates, on a random basis, lists of arbitrators from NASD's rosters of arbitrators for	(3) "Neutral List Selection System"	proposed Rules 12400- 12409.
	the selected hearing location for each proceeding. The parties will select their panel through a process of striking and ranking the arbitrators on	The term "Neutral List Selection System" means the software that maintains the roster of arbitrators and	The definitions in current Rule 10308(a) have been moved to proposed rule 12100.
	lists generated by the Neutral List Selection System. (b) Arbitrators Rosters NASD maintains the following	performs various functions relating to the selection of arbitrators.	This rule and the rules that follow include a series of proposed changes to the NLSS
	roster of arbitrators:		system. Those changes

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
			include:
	A roster of non-public		Objetion to a mandage
	arbitrators as defined in Rule 13100(n);		 Shifting to a random (as opposed to the current rotational)
	 A roster of public arbitrators 		system of generating
	as defined in Rule 13100		arbitrator names for
	(r); and		the lists sent to parties (12400(a));
	 A roster of arbitrators who 		
	are eligible to serve as		 Creating of a separate
	chairperson of a panel as		list of public chair-
	described in paragraph (c).		qualified arbitrators
			from which the
	(c) Eligibility for Chairperson		chairperson of the
	Roster		panel will be selected
	Arbitrators are eligible to serve as		(12400(b) and (c));
	chairperson of panels submitted for		- Flimingting the chility
	arbitration under the Code if they		 Eliminating the ability of parties to
	have completed chairperson training		unilaterally request
	provided by NASD or have substantially equivalent training or		arbitrators with
	experience and:		particular expertise
	experience and.		(see current Rule
	Have a law degree and be a		10308(b)(4)(B)); and
	member of a bar of at least		
	one jurisdiction and have		 Expanding of the
	served as an arbitrator through		number of names of

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	award on at least 2 arbitrations administered by a self-regulatory organization in which hearings were held; or • Have served as an arbitrator through award on at least 3 arbitrations administered by a self-regulatory organization in which hearings were held.		proposed arbitrators provided to the parties, but limiting the number of arbitrators from each list that each party may strike (12403). NASD believes that these modifications to NLSS will streamline and simplify the arbitrator selection process, and that the creation of a chairperson list will enhance the quality of NASD arbitrations. In addition, the proposed changes will make the NLSS component of NASD's proposed new computerized case management system, CMS/MATRICS simpler and less expensive to program and implement.
Number of	13401. Number of Arbitrators	10308. Selection of	Under the proposed rule:

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Arbitrators	(a) Claims of \$25,000 or Less If the amount of a claim is \$25,000 or less, exclusive of interest and expenses, the panel will consist of one arbitrator and the claim is subject to the simplified arbitration procedures under Rule 13800. (b) Claims of More Than \$25,000 Up To \$50,000	Arbitrators (b)(1) Composition of Arbitration Panel (A) Claims of \$50,000 or Less If the amount of a claim is \$50,000 or less, the Director shall appoint an arbitration panel composed of one public arbitrator, unless the parties	For claims under \$25,000, the single arbitrator could no longer request a three-arbitrator panel; and For claims involving between \$25,000 and \$50,000, any party could still request a three-arbitrator panel,
	If the amount of a claim is more than \$25,000 but not more than \$50,000, exclusive of interest and expenses, the panel will consist of one arbitrator unless any party requests a panel of three arbitrators.	agree to the appointment of a non-public arbitrator. (i) If the amount of a claim is \$25,000 or less and an arbitrator appointed to the case requests that a panel of three	but the single arbitrator could not. (In a related change, proposed Rule 12402(a) provides that a single arbitrator must be from
	(c) Claims of More Than \$50,000; Unspecified or Non-Monetary Claims	arbitrators be appointed, the Director shall appoint an arbitration panel composed of one non-public arbitrator and	the chairperson roster unless the parties agree otherwise.)
	If the amount of a claim is more than \$50,000, exclusive of interest and expenses, or is unspecified, or if the claim does not request money	two public arbitrators, unless the parties agree to a different panel composition. (ii) If the amount of a claim is	NASD believes that these changes will help to streamline the administration of smaller

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	damages, the panel will consist of three arbitrators, unless the parties agree in writing to one arbitrator.	greater than \$25,000 and not more than \$50,000 and a party in its initial filing or an arbitrator appointed to the case requests that a panel of three arbitrators be appointed, the Director shall appoint an arbitration panel composed of one non-public arbitrator and two public arbitrators, unless the parties agree to a different panel composition.	claims, and minimize the cost of bringing and prosecuting small claim. NASD believes that requiring that single arbitrators be chair-qualified will help ensure the quality of single arbitrator proceedings.
		(B) Claims of More Than \$50,000	
		If the amount of a claim is more than \$50,000, the Director shall appoint an arbitration panel composed of one non-public arbitrator and two public arbitrators, unless the parties agree to a different panel composition.	
Composition of Arbitration Panels in Cases	13402. Composition of Arbitration Panels in Cases Not Involving a Statutory Discrimination Claim	10308. Selection of Arbitrators	As part of the proposed changes to NLSS, the proposed rule provides

COMPARISON CHART OF

CURRENT AND PROPOSED NASD ARBITRATION CODES FOR INDUSTRY DISPUTES

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Not Involving a Statutory Discrimination Claim	For disputes involving statutory employment discrimination claims, see Rule 13802. (a) Disputes Between Members, or Employment Disputes Between or Among Member Firms and Associated Persons Relating Exclusively To Employment Contracts, Promissory Notes, or Receipt of Commissions • If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the arbitrator will be a non-public arbitrator	(b)(1) Composition of Arbitration Panel (A) Claims of \$50,000 or Less If the amount of a claim is \$50,000 or less, the Director shall appoint an arbitration panel composed of one public arbitrator, unless the parties agree to the appointment of a non-public arbitrator. (i) If the amount of a claim is \$25,000 or less and an arbitrator appointed to the case requests that a panel of three	that in single arbitrator cases, the single arbitrator will be selected from the new chair-qualified roster (See 12400(b) and (c), unless the parties agree otherwise. The proposed rule also provides that in three-arbitrator cases, one arbitrator will be selected from the chair-qualified roster.
	arbitrator, the arbitrator will	arbitrator appointed to the case	
	If the panel consists of three arbitrators, all will be non-public arbitrators. One of the arbitrators will be selected from the chairperson roster	(ii) If the amount of a claim is greater than \$25,000 and not more than \$50,000 and a party in its initial filing or an arbitrator appointed to the case requests	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT	described in Rule 13400(c), unless the parties agree in writing otherwise. (b) Other Disputes Between or Among Members and Associated Persons • If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the arbitrator will be a public arbitrator selected from the chairperson roster described in Rule 13400(c), unless the parties agree in writing otherwise. • If the panel consists of three arbitrators, one will be a non-public arbitrator and two will be public arbitrators. One of the public arbitrators will be selected from the chairperson roster described in Rule 13400(c), unless the parties agree in	that a panel of three arbitrators be appointed, the Director shall appoint an arbitration panel composed of one non-public arbitrator and two public arbitrators, unless the parties agree to a different panel composition. (B) Claims of More Than \$50,000 If the amount of a claim is more than \$50,000, the Director shall appoint an arbitration panel composed of one non-public arbitrator and two public arbitrators, unless the parties agree to a different panel composition.	COMMENTS

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT Generating and Sending Lists to the Parties	PROPOSED RULE 13403 Generating and Sending Lists to the Parties For disputes involving statutory employment discrimination claims, see Rule 13802. (a) Disputes Between or Among Members, or Employment Disputes Between or Among Member Firms and Associated Persons Relating Exclusively To Employment Contracts, Promissory Notes, or Receipt of Commissions	CURRENT RULE 10308. Selection of Arbitrators (b)(2) One List for Panel of One Arbitrator If one arbitrator will serve as the arbitration panel, the Director shall send to the parties one list of public arbitrators, unless the parties agree otherwise. (3) Two Lists for Panel of Three Arbitrators	As part of the proposed changes to NLSS, the proposed rule provides that parties would receive a chairperson list as well as non-public and public lists, and that each list would contain seven names. As part of the proposed changes to NLSS, the ability of a party to unilaterally request arbitrators with certain
	 (1) If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the Neutral List Selection System will generate a list of 7 non-public arbitrators from the NASD's chairperson roster. (2) If the panel consists of three non-public arbitrators, the Neutral List Selection System will generate: A list of 14 arbitrators from the NASD's non- 	If three arbitrators will serve as the arbitration panel, the Director shall send two lists to the parties, one with the names of public arbitrators and one with the names of non-public arbitrators. The lists shall contain numbers of public and non-public arbitrators, in a ratio of approximately two to one, respectively, to the extent possible, based on the roster of available arbitrators.	expertise in current Rule 10308(b)(4)(B) has been eliminated.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	public roster; and	(4) Preparation of Lists	
	 A list of 7 non-public arbitrators from the NASD's chairperson roster. (b) Other Disputes Between or Among Members and Associated Persons 	(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) below, the Neutral List Selection System shall generate the lists of public and non-public arbitrators on a rotating basis within a designated geographic hearing site and shall exclude	
	(1) If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the Neutral List Selection System will generate a list of 7 public arbitrators from	arbitrators based upon conflicts of interest identified within the Neutral List Selection System database.	
	NASD's chairperson roster. (2) If the panel consists of three arbitrators, the Neutral List Selection System will generate: • A list of 7 arbitrators from	(B) If a party requests that the lists include arbitrators with expertise classified in the Neutral List Selection System, the lists may include some arbitrators having the designated expertise.	
	the NASD's non-public arbitrator roster; • A list of 7 arbitrators from the NASD's public arbitrator roster; and	(5) Sending of Lists to Parties The Director shall send the lists of arbitrators to all parties at the same time approximately 30 days after the last answer is	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	A list of 7 public arbitrators from the NASD's chairperson roster. (c) Sending Lists to Parties (1) The Director will send the lists generated by the Neutral List Selection System to all parties at the same time, within approximately 30 calendar days after the last answer is due. The parties will also receive employment history for the past ten years and other background information for each arbitrator listed. (2) If a party requests additional information about an arbitrator, the Director will request the additional information from the arbitrator, and will send any response to all of the parties at the same time. When a party requests additional information, the Director may, but is not required to, toll the time for	due. (6) Information About Arbitrators The Director shall send to the parties employment history for each listed arbitrator for the past 10 years and other background information. If a party requests additional information about an arbitrator, the Director shall send such request to the arbitrator, and shall send the arbitrator's response to all parties at the same time. When a party requests additional information, the Director may, but is not required to, toll the time for the parties to return the ranked lists under paragraph (c)(2).	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Striking and	parties to return the ranked lists under Rule 12404(c). 13404. Striking and Ranking	10308, Selection of	As part of the proposed
Ranking Arbitrators	Arbitrators (a) Each separately represented party may strike 5 of the arbitrators from each list for any reason by crossing through the names of the arbitrators. Two names must remain	Arbitrators (c) Striking, Ranking, and Appointing Arbitrators on Lists (1) Striking and Ranking	changes to NLSS, the proposed rule provides that parties would have five strikes, and would have to leave two names on the lists. This change is intended to avoid the
	on each list. (b) Each separately represented party shall rank all remaining arbitrators on the lists in order of preference, with a "1" indicating the party's first choice, a "2" indicating the party's second choice, and so on. Each list of arbitrators must be ranked separately.	Arbitrators (A) Striking An Arbitrator A party may strike one or more of the arbitrators from each list for any reason. (B) Ranking - Panel of One Arbitrator	possibility that all names will be stricken from the lists, which is intended to minimize the likelihood that the Director will have to appoint an arbitrator not on the original lists sent to parties. (See Rule 12406.)
	(c) The ranked lists must be returned to the Director no more than 20 calendar days after the date upon which the Director sent the lists to the parties. If the Director does not receive a party's ranked lists within	Each party shall rank all of the arbitrators remaining on the list by assigning each arbitrator a different, sequential, numerical ranking, with a "1" rank indicating the party's first	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	that time, the Director will proceed as though the party did not want to strike any arbitrator, or have any preferences among the listed arbitrators.	choice, a "2" indicating the party's second choice, and so on. (C) Ranking - Panel of Three Arbitrators Each party shall rank all of the public arbitrators remaining on the list by assigning each arbitrator a different, sequential, numerical ranking, with a "1" rank indicating the party's first choice, a "2" indicating the party's second choice, and so on. Each party separately shall rank all of the non-public arbitrators remaining on the list, using the same procedure.	
		(2) Period for Ranking Arbitrators; Failure to Timely Strike and Rank	
		A party must return to the Director the list or lists with the rankings not later than 20 days after the Director sent the lists	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		to the parties, unless the Director has extended the period. If a party does not timely return the list or lists, the Director shall treat the party as having retained all the arbitrators on the list or lists and as having no preferences.	
Combining Lists	13405. Combining Lists For each arbitrator classification, the Director will prepare combined ranked lists of arbitrators based on the parties' numerical rankings, as follows: • The Director will add the	10308. Selection of Arbitrators (c) Striking, Ranking, and Appointing Arbitrators on Lists (3) Process of Consolidating Parties' Rankings	As part of the proposed changes to NLSS, the proposed rule includes the chairperson list. Otherwise, the process for combining lists remains the same.
	rankings of all claimants together, and the rankings of all respondents together, to produce separate combined ranked lists for the claimants and the respondents.	The Director shall prepare one or two consolidated lists of arbitrators, as appropriate under paragraph (b)(2) or (b)(3), based upon the parties' numerical rankings. The arbitrators shall be ranked by	
	The Director will then add the combined rankings of claimants and the respondents	adding the rankings of all claimants together and all respondents together, including	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	together, to produce a single combined ranking number for each arbitrator, excluding all arbitrators stricken by a party. The Director will create separate combined ranked lists for each arbitrator classification in cases with both public and non-public arbitrators.	third-party respondents, to produce separate consolidated rankings of the claimants and the respondents. The Director shall then rank the arbitrators by adding the consolidated rankings of the claimants, the respondents, including third-party respondents, and any other party together, to produce a single consolidated ranking number, excluding arbitrators who were stricken by any party.	
Appointment of	13406. Appointment of Arbitrators;	10308. Selection of	As part of the proposed
Arbitrators;	Discretion to Appoint Arbitrators	Arbitrators	changes to NLSS, the
Discretion to Appoint Arbitrators Not on List	For disputes involving statutory employment discrimination claims, see Rule 13802. (a) Disputes Between Members,	(c) Striking, Ranking, and Appointing Arbitrators on Lists (4) Appointment of Arbitrators	proposed rule incorporates a chairperson list, and current Rule 10308(c)(5), governing selection of chairperson, has been deleted.
	or Employment Disputes Between or Among Member Firms and Associated Persons Relating	(A) Appointment of Listed Arbitrators	In the past, there have been questions regarding
	Exclusively To Employment Contracts, Promissory Notes, or	The Director shall appoint arbitrators to serve on the	when appointment of arbitrators occurs. To

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT	Receipt of Commissions (1) If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the Director will appoint the highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined non-public chairperson list. (2) If the panel consists of three arbitrators, the Director will appoint a three-arbitrator panel consisting of: • The 2 highest-ranked	arbitration panel based on the order of rankings on the consolidated list or lists, subject to availability and disqualification. (B) Discretion to Appoint Arbitrators Not on List If the number of arbitrators available to serve from the consolidated list is not sufficient to fill a panel, the Director shall appoint one or more arbitrators to complete	address this question, paragraph (d) of the proposed rule clarifies that appointment of arbitrators occurs when the Director sends notice to the parties of the names of the arbitrators on the panel. In addition, the arbitrator oath currently in Rule 10327 has been moved here.
	available arbitrators from the combined non-public arbitrator list; and • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined non-public chairperson list, who will serve as chairperson of the panel. (b) Other Disputes Between or Among Members and Associated	the arbitration panel. Unless the parties agree otherwise, the Director may not appoint a non-public arbitrator under paragraphs (a)(4)(B) or (a)(4)(C). The Director shall provide the parties information about the arbitrator as provided in paragraph (b)(6), and the parties shall have the right to object to the arbitrator as provided in paragraph (d)(1). (5) Selecting a Chairperson	

PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Persons	for the Panel	
(1) If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the Director will appoint the highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public chairperson list. (2) If the panel consists of three arbitrators, the Director will appoint a three-arbitrator panel consisting of: • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined non-public arbitrator list; • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public arbitrator list, and • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public carbitrator list, who will	The parties shall have 15 days from the date the Director sends notice of the names of the arbitrators to select a chairperson. If the parties cannot agree, the Director shall appoint a chairperson from the panel as follows: (A) The Director shall appoint as the chairperson the public arbitrator who is the most highly ranked by the parties as long as the person is not an attorney, accountant, or other professional who has devoted 50% or more of his or her professional or business activities, within the last two years, to representing or advising public customers in matters relating to disputed securities or commodities transactions or similar matters. (B) If the most highly ranked public arbitrator is subject to	
	Persons (1) If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the Director will appoint the highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public chairperson list. (2) If the panel consists of three arbitrators, the Director will appoint a three-arbitrator panel consisting of: • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined non-public arbitrator list; • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public arbitrator list, and • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public	Persons (1) If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the Director will appoint the highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public chairperson list. (2) If the panel consists of three arbitrators, the Director will appoint a three-arbitrator panel consisting of: • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined non-public arbitrator list; • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public arbitrator list, and • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public arbitrator list, and • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public arbitrator list, and • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public arbitrator ist, who will • The highest-ranked available arbitrator from the combined public chairperson list, who will

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	the panel.	subparagraph (A), the Director shall appoint as the chairperson the other public arbitrator, as long as the person also is not subject to the exclusion set forth in subparagraph (A).	
		(C) If both public arbitrators are subject to the exclusion set forth in subparagraph (A), the Director shall appoint as the chairperson the public arbitrator who is the most highly ranked by the parties.	
Additional	13407. Additional Parties	10308. Selection of	
Parties	4.14	Arbitrators	Paragraph (b) of the
	(a) If a party is added to an arbitration after the Director sends the	(c) Striking, Ranking, and	proposed rule is new. In the current Code, parties
	lists generated by the Neutral List Selection System to the parties, but before parties must return the ranked	Appointing Arbitrators on Lists	may amend pleadings at any time prior to panel appointment, but, after
	lists to the Director, the Director will	(6) Additional Parties	panel appointment, they
	send the lists to the newly added party, with employment history for the past ten years and other background information for each arbitrator listed. The newly added party may rank and	If a party is added to an arbitration proceeding before the Director has consolidated the other parties' rankings, the	must obtain approval to amend a pleading. This means that between the time that the Director consolidates the arbitrator

COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	strike the arbitrators in accordance with Rule 13404. If the newly added party returns the lists within 20 calendar days after the date upon which the Director sent the lists to the party, the Director will include the new party's lists when combining rankings under Rule 13405. If the Director does not receive the list within that time, the Director will proceed as though the party did not want to strike any arbitrator, or have any preference among the listed arbitrators. (b) Once the ranked lists are due to the Director under Rule 13404, no party may amend a pleading to add a new party to the arbitration until a panel is appointed and grants a motion to add the party. If the panel grants the motion to add the party, the newly added party may not strike and rank the arbitrators, but may challenge an arbitrator for cause in accordance with Rule 13410.	Director shall send to that party the list or lists of arbitrators and permit the party to strike and rank the arbitrators. The party must return to the Director the list or lists with numerical rankings not later than 20 days after the Director sent the lists to the party. The Director shall then consolidate the rankings as specified in this paragraph (c).	lists and the panel is appointed, a party could amend a pleading to add a party to the proceeding, and the newly-added party would neither be able to participate in NLSS or object to being added to the arbitration. To address this issue, which has been the subject of concern among some users of the forum, the proposed rules governing amending pleadings (12309) and the application of NLSS to newly added parties (12407) provide that no party may be added by amendment after ranked lists are due to the Director and before a panel is appointed and approves a request to add the party.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
			also makes clear that the party to be added after panel appointment must be given an opportunity to be heard before the panel can grant the motion to amend. This change will ensure that a party added to an arbitration by amendment either will be able to participate in NLSS, or will be able to object to being added. Proposed Rule 12407 also clarifies that parties added prior to the cut-off date may participate in NLSS, but parties added by amendment after panel appointment do not have the ability to rank and strike arbitrators under NLSS. However, they may challenge an arbitrator for cause under Rule 12410.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Disclosures	12409 Displayures Beguired of	10312. Disclosures Required	No substantive change.
Required of Arbitrators	13408. Disclosures Required of Arbitrators	of Arbitrators and Director's Authority to Disqualify	No substantive change.
	(a) Before appointing arbitrators to a panel, the Director will notify the arbitrators of the nature of the dispute and the identity of the parties. Each potential arbitrator must make a reasonable effort to learn of, and must disclose to the Director, any circumstances which might preclude the arbitrator from rendering an objective and impartial determination in the proceeding, including:	(a) Each arbitrator shall be required to disclose to the Director of Arbitration any circumstances which might preclude such arbitrator from rendering an objective and impartial determination. Each arbitrator shall disclose:	
	(1) Any direct or indirect financial or personal interest in the outcome of the arbitration; (2) Any existing or past financial, business, professional, family, social, or other relationships or circumstances with any party, any party's representative, or anyone whom the arbitrator is told may be a	(1) Any direct or indirect financial or personal interest in the outcome of the arbitration; (2) Any existing or past financial, business, professional, family, social, or other relationships or circumstances that are likely to affect impartiality or might reasonably create an appearance of partiality or bias. Persons requested to serve as	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	witness in the proceeding, that are	arbitrators must disclose any	
	likely to affect impartiality or might	such relationships or	
	reasonably create an appearance	circumstances that they have	
	of partiality or bias; and	with any party or its counsel, or with any individual whom they	
	(3) Any such relationship or	have been told will be a	
	circumstances involving members	witness. They must also	
	of their families or their current	disclose any such relationship	
	employers, partners, or business	or circumstances involving	
	associates.	members of their families or	
	(h) The chlimatica to displace	their current employers,	
	(b) The obligation to disclose	partners, or business associates.	
	interests, relationships, or circumstances that might preclude an	associates.	
	arbitrator from rendering an objective and impartial determination described in paragraph (a) is a continuing duty that requires an arbitrator who accepts appointment to an arbitration proceeding to disclose, at any stage of the proceeding, any such interests, relationships, or circumstances that arise, or are recalled or discovered.	 (b) Persons who are requested to accept appointment as arbitrators must make a reasonable effort to inform themselves of any interests, relationships or circumstances described in paragraph (a) above. (a) The obligation to disclose 	
	(c) The Director will inform the parties to the arbitration of any information disclosed to the Director under this Rule unless the arbitrator	interests, relationships, or circumstances that might preclude an arbitrator from rendering an objective and	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	who disclosed the information declines appointment or voluntarily withdraws from the panel as soon as the arbitrator learns of any interest, relationship or circumstance that might preclude the arbitrator from rendering an objective and impartial determination in the proceeding, or the Director removes the arbitrator.	impartial determination described in paragraph (a) is a continuing duty that requires a person who accepts appointment as an arbitrator to disclose, at any stage of the arbitration, any such interests, relationships, or circumstances that arise, or are recalled or discovered.	
		* * *	
		(e) The Director shall inform the parties to an arbitration proceeding of any information disclosed to the Director under this Rule unless either the arbitrator who disclosed the information withdraws voluntarily as soon as the arbitrator learns of any interest, relationship, or circumstances described in paragraph (a) that might preclude the arbitrator from rendering an objective and impartial determination in the proceeding, or the Director	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		removes the arbitrator.	
Arbitrator Recusal	13409. Arbitrator Recusal		New rule.
Redusar	Any party may ask an arbitrator to recuse himself or herself from the panel for good cause. Requests for arbitrator recusal are decided by the arbitrator who is the subject of the request.		The proposed rule provides guidance to parties on how recusal requests may be made, and decided. The rule provides that the subject of the request for recusal must decide the request because the weight of case law on the subject prohibits removal of an arbitrator by other arbitrators.
Removal of Arbitrator by Director	13410. Removal of Arbitrator by Director	10308. Selection of Arbitrators	No substantive change. The proposed rule combines the substance
	(a) Before First Hearing Session Begins	(d) Disqualification and Removal of Arbitrator Due to Conflict of Interest or Bias	of current Rules 10308(d), 10312 (d), and 10313, which all address
	Before the first hearing session	23	disqualification and removal of arbitrators.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT	begins, the Director may remove an arbitrator for conflict of interest or bias, either upon request of a party or on the Director's own initiative. (1) The Director will grant a party's request to remove an arbitrator if it is reasonable to infer, based on information known at the time of the request, that the arbitrator is biased, lacks impartiality, or has an interest in the outcome of the arbitration. The interest or bias must be direct, definite, and capable of	(1) Disqualification By Director After the appointment of an arbitrator and prior to the commencement of the earlier of (A) the first pre-hearing conference or (B) the first hearing, if the Director or a party objects to the continued service of the arbitrator, the Director shall determine if the arbitrator should be	COMMENTS
	reasonable demonstration, rather than remote or speculative. (2) Before removing an arbitrator on the Director's own initiative before the first hearing session begins, the Director must first notify the parties. The Director may not remove the arbitrator if the parties agree in writing to retain the arbitrator within 5 calendar days of receiving notice of the Director's intent to remove	disqualified, the arbitrator will be disqualified unless the parties unanimously agree otherwise in writing and notify the Director not later than 15 days after the Director sent the notice. (2) Removal by Director After the commencement of the earlier of (A) the first prehearing conference or (B) the first hearing, the Director may	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	the arbitrator.	remove an arbitrator from an	
	(b) After First Hearing Session Begins After the first hearing session begins, the Director may remove an arbitrator based only on information required to be disclosed under Rule 13408 that was not previously known by the parties. The Director may exercise this authority upon request of a party, or on the Director's own initiative. Only the Director or the President of NASD Dispute Resolution may exercise the Director's authority under this paragraph (b).	arbitration panel based on information that is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 10312 and that was not previously disclosed. (3) The Director will grant a party's request to disqualify an arbitrator if it is reasonable to infer, based on information known at the time of the request, that the arbitrator is biased, lacks impartiality, or has an interest in the outcome of the arbitration. The interest or bias must be direct, definite, and capable of reasonable demonstration, rather than remote or speculative.	
		* * *	
		(f) Challenges by Customers In cases involving public customers, any close questions regarding arbitrator classification or challenges for cause brought by a customer will be resolved in favor of the	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		customer.	
		10312. Disclosures Required of Arbitrators and Director's Authority to Disqualify	
		(d) Removal by Director	
		(1) The Director may remove an arbitrator based on information that is required to be disclosed pursuant to this Rule.	
		(2) After the commencement of the earlier of (A) the first prehearing conference or (B) the first hearing, the Director may remove an arbitrator based only on information not known to the parties when the arbitrator was selected. The Director's authority under this subparagraph (2) may be exercised only by the Director or the President of NASD Dispute Resolution.	
		(3) The Director will grant a	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		party's request to disqualify an arbitrator if it is reasonable to infer, based on information known at the time of the request, that the arbitrator is biased, lacks impartiality, or has an interest in the outcome of the arbitration. The interest or bias must be direct, definite, and capable of reasonable demonstration, rather than remote or speculative.	
Replacement of	13411. Replacement of Arbitrators	10308. Selection of	Under the current Code,
Arbitrators	(a) If an arbitrator is removed, or	Arbitrators	the provisions regarding replacement of arbitrators
	becomes otherwise unable or unwilling to serve, the Director will appoint a replacement arbitrator in accordance with this Rule, unless the	(d) Disqualification and Removal of Arbitrator Due to Conflict of Interest or Bias	are contained in several different sections, and contain numerous cross-references to other rules.
	parties agree in writing to proceed with only the remaining arbitrators.	(3) Vacancies Created by Disqualification or Resignation	The proposed rule consolidates the various current rules, but contains No substantive change.
	(b) The Director will appoint as a replacement arbitrator the arbitrator who is the most highly ranked available arbitrator of the required	Prior to the commencement of the earlier of (A) the first pre- hearing conference or (B) the	other than extending the option of electing to proceed with only the

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT	classification remaining on the combined list. (c) If there are no available arbitrators of the required classification on the consolidated list, the Director will appoint an arbitrator of the required classification to complete the panel from names generated by the Neutral List Selection System. The Director will provide the parties information about the arbitrator as provided in Rule 13403, and the parties shall have the right to object to the arbitrator as provided in Rule 13410. (d) If the Director must appoint a	first hearing, if an arbitrator appointed to an arbitration panel is disqualified or is otherwise unable or unwilling to serve, the Director shall appoint from the consolidated list of arbitrators the arbitrator who is the most highly ranked available arbitrator of the proper classification remaining on the list. If there are no available arbitrators of the proper classification on the consolidated list, the Director shall appoint an arbitrator of the proper classification subject to the limitation set forth in paragraph (c)(4)(B). The	remaining arbitrators to all stages of the proceeding, but eliminating the 5-day limitation on electing that option, both of which are contained in current Rule 10313. NASD believes that parties should have the right to jointly decide to proceed with only the remaining arbitrators regardless of when the replacement occurs, and that the parties should be able to elect that option up until the time the
	(d) If the Director must appoint a non-public arbitrator under paragraph (c), the Director may not appoint a non-public arbitrator as defined in Rule 13100(n)(2) or (3), unless the parties agree otherwise.		•
		(4) Appointment of	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		Arbitrators	
		(B) Discretion to Appoint	
		Arbitrators Not on List	
		If the number of arbitrators available to serve from the	
		consolidated list is not	
		sufficient to fill a panel, the Director shall appoint one or	
		more arbitrators to complete the arbitration panel. Unless	
		the parties agree otherwise,	
		the Director may not appoint a non-public arbitrator under	
		paragraphs (a)(4)(B) or (a)(4)(C). The Director shall	
		provide the parties information	
		about the arbitrator as provided in paragraph (b)(6), and the	
		parties shall have the right to object to the arbitrator as	
		provided in paragraph (d)(1).	
		* * *	
		10308. Selection of Arbitrators	
		(4) "non-public arbitrator"	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		The term "non-public arbitrator" means a person who is otherwise qualified to serve as an arbitrator and:	
		(A) is, or within the past three years, was:	
		(i) associated with a broker or a dealer (including a government securities broker or dealer or a municipal securities dealer);	
		(ii) registered under the Commodity Exchange Act;	
		(iii) a member of a commodities exchange or a registered futures association; or	
		(iv) associated with a person or firm registered under the Commodity Exchange Act;	
		(B) is retired from engaging in any of the business activities listed in subparagraph (4)(A);	
		(C) is an attorney, accountant, or other professional who has devoted 20 percent or more of	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		his or her professional work, in the last two years, to clients who are engaged in any of the business activities listed in	
		subparagraph (4)(A); or (D) is an employee of a bank or other financial institution and effects transactions in securities, including government or municipal securities, and commodities futures or options or supervises or monitors the compliance with the securities and commodities laws of employees who engage in such activities.	
		* * * 10313. Disqualification or Other Disability of Arbitrators	
		(a) In the event that any arbitrator, after the commencement of the earlier of (1) the first pre-hearing conference or (2) the first	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		hearing but prior to the rendition of the award, should become disqualified, resign, die, refuse or otherwise be unable to perform as an arbitrator, the Director shall appoint a replacement arbitrator to fill the vacancy and the hearing shall continue. In the alternative, if all parties agree to proceed with any remaining arbitrator(s), they shall inform the Director in writing within 5 business days of notification of the vacancy, and the remaining arbitrator(s) shall continue with the hearing and determination of the controversy. (b) The Director shall inform	
		the parties as soon as possible of the name and employment	
		history of the replacement arbitrator for the past 10 years,	
		as well as information disclosed pursuant to Rule	
		10312. A party may make further inquiry of the Director	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		concerning the replacement arbitrator's background. If the arbitration proceeding is subject to Rule 10308, the party may exercise his or her right to challenge the replacement arbitrator within the time remaining prior to the next scheduled hearing session by notifying the Director in writing of the name of the arbitrator challenged and the basis for such challenge. If the arbitration proceeding is not subject to Rule 10308, within the time remaining prior to the next scheduled hearing session or the 10 day period provided under Rule 10311, whichever is shorter, a party may exercise the party's right to challenge the replacement arbitrator as provided in Rule 10311.	
Director's Discretionary Authority	13412. Director's Discretionary Authority	10308. Selection of Arbitrators	No substantive change.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	The Director may exercise discretionary authority and make any decision that is consistent with the purposes of the Code to facilitate the appointment of arbitrators and the resolution of arbitrations.	(e) Discretionary Authority The Director may exercise discretionary authority and make any decision that is consistent with the purposes of this Rule and the Rule 10000 Series to facilitate the appointment of arbitration panels and the resolution of arbitration disputes.	
Jurisdiction of Panel and Authority to Interpret the Code	13413. Jurisdiction of Panel and Authority to Interpret the Code The panel has the authority to interpret and determine the applicability of all provisions under the Code. Such interpretations are final and binding upon the parties.	10324. Interpretation of Provisions of Code and Enforcement of Arbitrator Rulings The arbitrators shall be empowered to interpret and determine the applicability of all provisions under this Code and to take appropriate action to obtain compliance with any ruling by the arbitrator(s). Such interpretations and actions to obtain compliance shall be final and binding upon the parties.	No substantive change.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Determinations of Arbitration Panel	13414. Determinations of Arbitration Panel	10325. Determination of Arbitrators	The proposed rule reflects that under the Code, and applicable law, some
	All rulings and determinations of the panel must be made by a majority of the arbitrators, unless the parties agree, or the Code or applicable law provides otherwise.	All rulings and determinations of the panel shall be by a majority of the arbitrators.	decisions may be may by a single member of a three-arbitrator panel. E.g., proposed Rule 12503 provides that some motions may be decided by a single arbitrator. Also, applicable law may permit a single arbitrator to issue a subpoena. (See Rule 12512.)

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COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
PART V			
PREHEARING PROCEDURES AND DISCOVERY			
Initial Prehearing	13500. Initial Prehearing		New rule; codifies current
Conference	Conference		practice.
	 (a) After the panel is appointed, the Director will schedule an Initial Prehearing Conference before the panel, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this Rule. (b) The Initial Prehearing Conference will generally be held by telephone. Unless the parties agree otherwise, the Director must notify each party of the time and place of the Initial Prehearing Conference at least 20 calendar days before it takes place. (c) At the Initial Prehearing Conference, the panel will set 		The proposed rule would codify NASD's current practice of scheduling an initial pre-hearing conference in every case unless the parties provide certain scheduling and other information. The practice streamlines and expedites the administration of arbitrations. The propose rule will provide guidance to parties regarding NASD procedure.
	discovery, briefing, and motions deadlines, schedule subsequent		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	hearing sessions, and address other preliminary matters. The parties may agree to forgo the Initial Prehearing Conference only if they jointly provide the Director with the following information, in writing, with additional copies for each arbitrator, before the Initial Prehearing Conference is scheduled to be held: • A statement that the parties accept the panel; • Whether any other prehearing conferences will be held, and if so, for each prehearing conference, a minimum of four mutually agreeable dates and times, and whether the chairperson or the full panel will preside; • A minimum of four sets of mutually agreeable hearing dates; • A discovery schedule;		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	A list of all anticipated motions, with filing and response due		
	 A determination regarding whether briefs will be submitted, and, if so, the due date for the briefs and any 		
Other	reply briefs. 13501. Other Prehearing	10321. General Provisions	No substantive change.
Prehearing Conferences	Conferences	Governing Pre-Hearing Proceedings	J
	(a) At a party's request, or at the discretion of the panel, the panel may schedule one or more additional	(d) Pre-Hearing Conference	
	prehearing conferences regarding any outstanding preliminary matters, including:	(1) Upon the written request of a party, an arbitrator, or at the discretion of the Director of	
	 Discovery disputes; 	Arbitration, a pre-hearing conference shall be scheduled.	
	 Motions; 	The Director of Arbitration shall	
	Witness lists and	set the time and place of a pre- hearing conference and	
	subpoenas;	appoint a person to preside.	
	Stipulation of facts;	The pre-hearing conference may be held by telephone	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	Unresolved scheduling issues; Contested issues on which the parties will submit briefs; and Any other matter that will simplify or expedite the arbitration. (b) The panel will determine the time and place of any additional prehearing conferences. Prehearing conferences will generally be held by telephone. Unless the full panel is under Rule 13503, prehearing conferences may be held before a single arbitrator, generally the chairperson.	conference call. The presiding person shall seek to achieve agreement among the parties on any issue which relates to the pre-hearing process or to the hearing, including but not limited to exchange of information, exchange or production of documents, identification of witnesses, identification and exchange of hearing documents, stipulation of facts, identification and briefing of contested issues, and any other matters which will expedite the arbitration proceedings. (2) Any issues raised at the pre-hearing conference that are not resolved may be referred to a single member of the arbitration panel for decision.	
Recording Prehearing Conferences	13502. Recording Prehearing Conferences		New rule. The proposed rule will provide guidance to parties and arbitrators

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	 (a) Except as provided in Rule 13504, prehearing conferences will not be tape-recorded unless the panel determines otherwise, either on its own initiative or upon motion of a party. (b) If a prehearing conference is tape-recorded, the Director will provide a copy of the tape to any party upon request for a nominal fee. 		regarding when and under what circumstances prehearing conferences are recorded.
Motions	(a) Motions (a) Motions (1) A party may make motions in writing, or orally during any hearing session. Before making a motion, a party must make an effort to resolve the matter that is the subject of the motion with the other parties. Every motion, whether written or oral, must include a description of the efforts made by the moving party to		New rule. Although the current Code does not address motions, parties are using motions in arbitration with increasing frequency. The lack of guidance in the Code regarding how and when motions may be made, the time for responding to motions, and who decides motions, had created confusion among parties and arbitrators. The
	resolve the matter before making		proposed Rule would

COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	the motion. (2) Written motions are not required to be in any particular form, and may take the form of a letter, legal motion, or any other form that the panel decides is acceptable. Written motions must be served directly on each other party, at the same time and in the same manner. Written motions must also be filed with the Director, with additional copies for each arbitrator, at the same time and in the same manner in which they are served on the parties. (3) Except as provided by Rule 13504, written motions must be served at least 20 calendar days before a scheduled hearing, unless the panel decides otherwise. (4) Motions to amend a		provide guidance to parties and arbitrators, and to help to establish procedural uniformity in the forum. Paragraph (a)(2) makes clear that written motions do not need to be formal or take any specific form, but may simply be letters, or any other form the panel decides is acceptable.
	pleading after panel appointment pursuant to Rule 13309(c) must be accompanied by copies of the		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	proposed amended pleading when the motion is served on the other parties and filed with the Director. If the panel grants the motion, the amended pleading does not have to be served again, unless the panel determines otherwise. If a party moves to amend a pleading to add a party, the motion must be served on all parties, including the party to be added, and the party to be added may respond to the motion in accordance with paragraph (c) without waiving any rights or objections under the Code.		
	(b) Responding to Motions		
	Except as provided by Rule 13504, parties have 10 calendar days from the receipt of a written motion to respond to the motion, unless the moving party agrees to an extension		

of time, or the Director or the panel decides otherwise. Responses to written motions must be served directly on each other party, at the

COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	same time and in the same manner. Responses to written motions must also be filed with the Director, with additional copies for each arbitrator, at the same time and in the same manner in which they are served on the parties.		
	(c) Authority to Decide Motions		
	(1) The Director decides motions relating to use of the forum under Rule 13203 and removal of an arbitrator under Rule 13410.		
	(2) Motions relating to combining or separating claims or arbitrations, or changing the hearing location, are decided by the Director before a panel is appointed, and by the panel after the panel is appointed.		
	(3) Discovery-related motions are decided by one arbitrator, generally the chairperson. The arbitrator may refer such motions		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	to the full panel either at his or her		
	own initiative, or at the request of		
	a party. The arbitrator must refer		
	motions relating to privilege to the		
	full panel at the request of a party.		
	(4) Motions for arbitrator		
	recusal under Rule 13409 are		
	decided by the arbitrator who is		
	the subject of the request.		
	(5) The full panel decides all		
	other motions, including motions		
	relating to the eligibility of a claim		
	under Rule 13206, or to decide a		
	claim or arbitration before a		
	hearing under Rule 13504, unless		
	the Code provides or the parties		
	agree otherwise.		
Motions to	13504. Motions to Decide Claims		New rule.
Decide Claims	Before a Hearing on the Merits		
Before a Hearing	_		Currently, the Code does
on the Merits	(a) Except as provided in Rule		not address the authority
	13206, motions to decide a claim		of the panel to decide
	before a hearing are discouraged,		dispositive motions before
	and may only be granted in		a hearing on the merits.
	extraordinary circumstances.		Consequently, arbitrator

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
			decisions with respect to it
	(b) Motions under this Rule must be		lack uniformity, and the
	made in writing. Unless the parties		issue of arbitrator
	agree or the panel determines		authority to decide such
	otherwise, motions under this Rule		motions has generated
	must be served at least 60 days		confusion and collateral
	before a scheduled hearing, and		litigation.
	parties have 45 days to respond to		
	the motion.		Generally, NASD believes
			that parties have the right
	(c) Motions under this Rule will be		to a hearing in arbitration.
	decided by the full panel. The panel		However, NASD also
	may not grant a motion under this		acknowledges that in
	Rule unless a prehearing conference		certain extraordinary
	on the motion is held, or waived by		circumstances, it would be
	the parties. Prehearing conferences		unfair to require a party to
	to consider motions under this Rule		proceed to a hearing.
	will be tape-recorded.		
	(d) The panel may issue sanctions		To strike the appropriate
	under Rule 13211 if it determines that		balance between
	a party filed a motion under this Rule		discouraging dispositive
	in bad faith.		motions, but allowing
			them in certain
			circumstances, the
			proposed rule would:
			provide that, except
			for motions relating to
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	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
			the eligibility of claims under the Code's six year time limit (12206), motions that would resolve a claim before a hearing on the merits are discouraged, and may only be granted in extraordinary circumstances; • require that a prehearing conference before the full panel must be held to discuss the motion before the panel could decide it; and • allow the panel to issue sanctions against a party for making a dispositive motion in bad faith.
Cooperation of	13505. Cooperation of Parties	in 10321. General Provisions	One of the most frequent

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PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	Proceedings	of the NASD forum is that
		the NASD's Discovery
•		Guidelines are routinely
	and Information	ignored, resulting in
		significant delay and the
arbitration	The parties shall cooperate to	frequent need for
		arbitrator intervention in
		the discovery process.
	expedite the arbitration	To address these
		concerns, the revised
		Code would codify the
		discovery procedures
		currently outlined in the
		NASD Discovery Guide in proposed Rules 12505-
		10511. The proposed
		rules would extend the
		time parties have to
		respond to Document
		Production Lists and other
		requests, but would also
		provide more serious
		consequences when
		parties fail to respond, or
		when parties frivolously
		object to production of
		documents or information.
	The parties must cooperate to the fullest extent practicable in the voluntary exchange of documents and information to expedite the arbitration	The parties must cooperate to the fullest extent practicable in the voluntary exchange of documents and information to expedite the

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
Discovery	13506. Discovery Requests		New rule. Based on
Requests			NASD Discovery
	Parties may request documents or		Guidelines
	information from any party by serving		
	a written request directly on the party.		The proposed rule would
	Such requests may be served:		clarify that it is mandatory
			for parties to either
	On the claimant, or any		produce documents on relevant document
	respondent named in the		production lists, to explain
	initial statement of claim, 45		why production is not
	calendar days or more after the Director serves the		possible, or to object.
	statement of claim; and		possible, of to object.
	Statement of claim, and		To address concerns of
	On any party subsequently		many frequent users of
	added to the arbitration, 45		the forum that the current
	calendar days or more after		time frame to respond to
	the statement of claim is		discovery is unrealistic,
	served on that party.		and may therefore lead to
	• •		unnecessary disputes, the
	At the same time, the party must		proposed rule also would
	serve copies of the request on all		extend the initial time to
	other parties. Any request for		respond to discovery lists
	documents or information not		from 30 to 60 calendar
	described in applicable Document		days.
	Production Lists should be specific,		
	and relate to the matter in		

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	controversy.		
Responding to Discovery Requests	Rule 10507. Responding to Discovery Requests Unless the parties agree otherwise, within 60 calendar days from the date a discovery request is received, the party receiving the request must either: • Produce the requested documents or information to all other parties; • Identify and explain the reason that specific requested documents or information cannot be produced within the required time, and state when the documents will be produced; or • Object as provided in Rule 13508.	10321. General Provisions Governing Pre-Hearing Proceedings (a) Requests for Documents and Information The parties shall cooperate to the fullest extent practicable in the voluntary exchange of documents and information to expedite the arbitration. Any request for documents or other information should be specific, relate to the matter in controversy, and afford the party to whom the request is made a reasonable period of time to respond without interfering with the time set for the hearing. (b) Document Production and Information Exchange	To address concerns of many frequent users of the forum that the current time frame to respond to discovery is unrealistic, and may therefore lead to unnecessary disputes, the proposed rule would extend the initial time to respond to discovery lists from 30 to 60 calendar days.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		written request for information or documents ("information request") upon another party 45 calendar days or more after service of the Statement of Claim by the Director of Arbitration or upon filing of the Answer, whichever is earlier. The requesting party shall serve the information request on all parties and file a copy with the Director of Arbitration. The parties shall endeavor to resolve disputes regarding an information request prior to serving any objection to the request. Such efforts shall be set forth in the objection.	
Objecting to Discovery; Waiver of	13508. Objecting to Discovery; Waiver of Objection	10321. General Provisions Governing Pre-Hearing Proceedings	The proposed rule would provide more guidance regarding the procedures
Objection	(a) If a party objects to producing any document or information requested under Rule 13506, it must	(b) Document Production and Information Exchange	for objecting to a discovery request.
	specifically identify which document	(2) Unless a greater time is	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	or requested information it is objecting to, and why. Objections must be in writing, and must be served on all other parties at the same time and in the same manner. Objections should not be filed with the Director. Parties must produce all applicable listed documents, or other requested documents or information not specified in the objection. (b) Any objection not made within the required time is waived unless the panel determines that the party had substantial justification for failing to make the objection within the required time.	allowed by the requesting party, information requests shall be satisfied or objected to within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of service. Any objection to an information request shall be served by the objecting party on all parties and filed with the Director of Arbitration.	
Motions to Compel Discovery	13509. Motions to Compel Discovery (a) A party may make a motion asking the panel to order another party to produce documents or	10321. General Provisions Governing Pre-Hearing Proceedings (b) Document Production and Information Exchange	The proposed rule would provide more guidance regarding the procedures for resolving discovery disputes.
	information if the other party has: • Failed to comply with Rule 13507; or	(3) Any response to objections to an information request shall be served on all parties and filed with the Director of	

COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	Objected to the production of documents or information under Rule 13508. (b) Motions to compel discovery must include a description of the efforts of the moving party to resolve the issue before making the motion. Such motions must be made, and will be decided, in accordance with Rule 13503. If a party objected to the production of the disputed documents or information, the motion must include a copy of the objection.	Arbitration within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of the objection.	
Depositions	Depositions are strongly discouraged in arbitration. Upon motion of a party, the panel may permit depositions, but only under very limited circumstances, including: To preserve the testimony of ill or dying witnesses; To accommodate essential witnesses who are unable or		New rule. Based on NASD Discovery Guide.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	unwilling to travel long		
	distances for a hearing and		
	may not otherwise be required to participate in the hearing;		
	to participate in the nearing,		
	To expedite large or complex		
	cases;		
	 In cases involving claims of 		
	statutory employment		
	discrimination, if necessary		
	and consistent with the		
	expedited nature of arbitration;		
	and		
	a If the penal determines that		
	 If the panel determines that extraordinary circumstances 		
	exist.		
Discovery	13511. Discovery Sanctions		New rule. Based on
Sanctions	/ \ - "		NASD Discovery Guide.
	(a) Failure to cooperate in the		
	exchange of documents and		The proposed rule would
	information as required under the		codify the authority of
	Code may result in sanctions. The		arbitrators to address non-
	panel may issue sanctions against any party in accordance with Rule		compliance with discovery rules or orders. NASD
	13211(a) for:		believes this provision will

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	 Failing to comply with the discovery provisions of the Code, unless the panel determines that there is substantial justification for the failure to comply; or Frivolously objecting to the production of requested documents or information. (b) The panel may dismiss a claim, defense or proceeding with prejudice in accordance with Rule 13211(c) for intentional and material failure to comply with a discovery order of the panel if prior warnings or sanctions have proven ineffective. 		help alleviate discovery abuse in NASD arbitrations.
Subpoenas	13512. Subpoenas	10322. Subpoenas and Power to Direct Appearances	The proposed rule has been modified to require
	(a) To the extent possible, parties	Fower to birect Appearances	that if a subpoena is
	should produce documents and make	(a) Subpoenas	issued, the issuing party
	witnesses available to each other	The arbitrators and any	must send copies to all
	without the use of subpoenas.	counsel of record to the	other parties at the same
	Subpoenas for documents or the	proceeding shall have the	time and in the same
	appearance of witnesses may be	power of the subpoena	manner as the subpoena

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	issued as provided by law.	process as provided by law. All	was issued. This is
	(b) If a subpoena is issued, the issuing party must send copies of the subpoena to all other parties at the same time and in the same manner in which the subpoena was issued.	parties shall be given a copy of a subpoena upon its issuance. Parties shall produce witnesses and present proofs to the fullest extent possible without resort to the subpoena process.	intended to ensure that parties receive notice of the subpoena in a timely manner.
Authority of Panel to Direct Appearances of	13513. Authority of Panel to Direct Appearances of Witnesses and Production of Documents Without	10322. Subpoenas and Power to Direct Appearances	No substantive change.
Witnesses and	Subpoenas	(b) Power to Direct	
Production of		Appearances and Production	
Documents	(a) Upon motion of a party, the	of Documents	
Without Subpoenas	panel may order the following without the use of subpoenas:	The arbitrator(s) shall be	
Junhoeilas	and doo of outpoorido.	empowered without resort to	
	 The appearance of any employee or associated person of a member of NASD; or 	the subpoena process to direct the appearance of any person employed or associated with any member of the Association and/or the production of any	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	The production of any documents in the possession or control of such persons or members. (b) Unless the panel directs otherwise, the party requesting the appearance of witnesses by, or the production of documents from, non-parties under this Rule shall pay the reasonable costs of the appearance and/or production.	records in the possession or control of such persons or members. Unless the arbitrator(s) directs otherwise, the party requesting the appearance of a person or the production of documents under this Rule shall bear all reasonable costs of such appearance and/or production.	
Exchange of Documents and Witness Lists Before Hearing	13514. Exchange of Documents and Witness Lists Before Hearing (a) Documents and Other	10321. General Provisions Governing Pre-Hearing Proceedings	Frequent users of the forum have advised NASD that the current document exchange
	Materials At least 20 calendar days before the first scheduled hearing date, all parties must provide all other parties with copies of all documents and other materials in their possession or control that they intend to use at the hearing that have not already been	(a) Pre-Hearing Exchange At least twenty (20) calendar days prior to the first scheduled hearing date, all parties shall serve on each other copies of documents in their possession they intend to present at the hearing and shall identify witnesses they intend to	procedures often result in the exchange of material that has already been exchanged, which can cause delay and add to the cost of arbitration without significantly assisting parties in preparing for hearing.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	produced. The parties should not file the documents with the Director or the arbitrators before the hearing. (b) Witness Lists	present at the hearing. The arbitrators may exclude from the arbitration any documents not exchanged or witnesses not identified. This paragraph does not require service of copies of documents or identification of witnesses	Under the proposed rule, parties would only be required to exchange copies of documents that have not already been produced to the other parties. This would save parties time, reduce cost,
	At least 20 calendar days before the first scheduled hearing date, all parties must provide each other party with the names and business affiliations of all witnesses they intend to present at the hearing. At the same	which parties may use for cross-examination or rebuttal.	and would still ensure that parties exchange documents that they intend to use at the hearing.
	time, each party must file their witness lists with the Director, with enough copies for each arbitrator. (c) Exclusion of Documents or Witnesses		The proposed rule also makes clear that the documents are not to be filed with the Director or the arbitrators before the hearing.
	Parties may not present any document or other materials not produced and or any witnesses not identified in accordance with this Rule at the hearing, unless the panel determines that good cause exists for the failure to produce the document		To make witness lists more useful, the proposed rule would require that witness lists include the names and business affiliations of any witnesses the parties

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	or identify the witness. Good cause includes the need to use documents or call witnesses for rebuttal or		intend to present at the hearing.
	impeachment purposes based on developments during the hearing.		The proposed rule would also strengthen the consequences of noncompliance with the rule, by creating a presumption that parties may not present any documents not produced, or witnesses not identified, in accordance with the rule, unless the panel determines that good
			accordance with the unless the panel

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
PART VI HEARINGS; EVIDENCE; CLOSING THE RECORD			
Required Hearings	13600. Required Hearings	10303. Hearing Requirements—Waiver of	The proposed rule would clarify that hearings are
	 (a) Hearings will be held, unless: The arbitration is administered under Rule 13800 or Rule 13801; The parties agree otherwise in writing; or The arbitration has been settled, withdrawn or dismissed. (b) The panel will decide the time and date of the hearing. The Director will notify the parties of the time and place at least 10 calendar days before the hearing begins, unless the 	 (a) Any dispute, claim or controversy except as provided in Rule 10203 (Simplified Industry Arbitration) or Rule 10302 (Simplified Arbitration), shall require a hearing unless all parties waive such hearing in writing and request that the matter be resolved solely upon the pleadings and documentary evidence. (b) Notwithstanding a written waiver of a hearing by the 	held in most arbitrations, but that hearings are not required to be held if: the arbitration is administered under the Simplified Arbitration rule; the parties agree to waive the hearing; or the arbitration has been settled, withdrawn or dismissed. (See Rules 10700, 10701, and 10702.) The proposed rule also incorporates the substance of current Rule 10315 regarding scheduling of hearings.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		arbitrators may call for and conduct a hearing. In addition, any arbitrator may request the submission of further evidence. * * * 10315. Designation of Time and Place of Hearing	manner of notification to the Director's discretion, and eliminates the reference to the "place" of the first hearing, because that is now covered by proposed Rule [12207, regarding selection of hearing locations.
		The Director shall determine the time and place of the first meeting of the arbitration panel and the parties, whether the first meeting is a pre-hearing conference or a hearing, and shall give notice of the time and place at least 15 business days prior to the date fixed for the first meeting by personal service, registered or certified mail to each of the parties unless the parties shall, by their mutual consent, waive the notice provisions under this Rule. The arbitrators shall determine the time and place for all subsequent meetings,	To expedite the administration of arbitrations, the proposed rule also shortens the notice time from 15 business days to 10 calendar days.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		whether the meetings are pre- hearing conferences, hearings, or any other type of meetings, and shall give notice as the arbitrators may determine. Attendance at a meeting waives notice thereof.	
Postponement of Hearings	13601. Postponement of Hearings (a) When a Hearing May Postponed A hearing may be postponed only:	10319. Adjournments (a) The arbitrator(s) may, in their discretion, adjourn any hearing(s) either upon their own initiative or upon the request of any party to the	Paragraph (a) of the proposed rule has been amended to provide that the panel may not grant requests to postpone a hearing that are made within 10 days of a
	 By agreement of the parties By the Director, in extraordinary circumstances; By the panel, in its own discretion; or By the panel, upon motion of a party. The panel may not grant a motion to postpone a hearing made 	arbitration. (b) If an adjournment requested by a party is granted after arbitrators have been appointed, the party requesting the adjournment shall pay a fee equal to the initial deposit of hearing session fees for the first adjournment and twice the initial deposit of hearing session fees, not to exceed \$1,500, for a second or subsequent adjournment	scheduled hearing session unless the panel determines that good cause exists. This provision is intended to reduce the number of last minute requests for postponements, a practice that many users of the forum believe results in unnecessary delay and unfairness to parties.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	within 10 calendar days of the date that the hearing is scheduled to begin, unless the panel determines that good cause exists. (b) Postponement Fees (1) Except as otherwise provided, a postponement fee will be charged for each postponement agreed to by the parties, or granted upon request of one or more parties. The fee will equal the applicable hearing session fee under Rule 13902. The panel may allocate the fee among the party or parties that agreed to or requested the postponement. The panel may also assess part or all of any postponement fees against a party that did not request the postponement, if the panel determines that the non-requesting party caused or contributed to the need for the postponement. The panel may waive the fees.	requested by that party. The arbitrators may waive these fees in their discretion. If more than one party requests the adjournment, the arbitrators shall allocate the fees among the requesting parties. (c) Upon receiving a third request consented to by all parties for an adjournment, the arbitrator(s) may dismiss the arbitration without prejudice to the Claimant filing a new arbitration.	In paragraph (b) of the proposed rule, the fee would no longer increase for a second or subsequent request by the same party. This change is intended to simplify the rule and to avoid confusion when one party requesting a postponement has made a previous request, but one or more of the other parties requesting the same postponement have not. The proposed rule also gives the panel the authority to allocate the postponement fees among non-requesting parties if the panel determines that the non-requesting party caused or contributed to the need for the postponement.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	 (2) No postponement fee will be charged if a hearing is postponed: Because the parties agree to submit the matter to mediation at NASD; By the panel in its own discretion; or By the Director in extraordinary circumstances. (c) Dismissal of Arbitration Due to Multiple Postponements If all parties jointly request, or agree to, more than two postponements, the panel may dismiss the arbitration without prejudice. 		In paragraph (c) of the proposed rule, the panel may dismiss the arbitration without prejudice if all parties jointly request more than two postponements. The change is intended to clarify that arbitrators have the authority to dismiss the arbitration upon a fourth or subsequent request. The current rule might be interpreted to limit the abitrators' authority to the third joint request.
Attendance at Hearings	13602. Attendance at Hearings The parties and their representatives	10317. Attendance at Hearings	No substantive change.
	are entitled to attend all hearings. The panel will decide who else may	The attendance or presence of all persons at hearings	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	attend any or all of the hearings.	including witnesses shall be determined by the arbitrators. However, all parties to the arbitration and their counsel shall be entitled to attend all hearings.	
Failure to	13603. Failure to Appear	10318. Failure to Appear	No substantive change.
Appear	If a party fails to appear at a hearing after having been notified of the time, date and place of the hearing, the hearing may go forward, and the panel may render an award as though all parties had been present.	If any of the parties, after due notice, fails to appear at a hearing or at any continuation of a hearing session, the arbitrators may, in their discretion, proceed with the arbitration of the controversy. In such cases, all awards shall be rendered as if each party had entered an appearance in the matter submitted.	
Evidence	(a) The panel will decide what evidence to admit. The panel is not required to follow state or federal rules of evidence.	The arbitrators shall determine the materiality and relevance of any evidence proffered and shall not be bound by rules governing the admissibility of	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(b) Production of documents in discovery does not create a presumption that the documents are admissible at the hearing. A party may state objections to the introduction of any document as evidence at the hearing to the same extent that any other objection may be raised in arbitration.	evidence.	
Witness Oath	13605. Witness Oath All witnesses must testify under oath or affirmation.	10327. Oaths of the Arbitrators and Witnesses Prior to the commencement of the first session, an oath or affirmation shall be administered to the arbitrators. All testimony shall be under oath or affirmation.	The arbitrator oath requirement has been moved to Rule 12406(d), governing appointment of arbitrators.
Record of Proceedings	13606. Record of Proceedings (a) Tape Recording	10326. Record of Proceedings (a) A verbatim record by	This rule has been amended to reflect current practice, to eliminate possible confusion
	(1) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the Director will make a tape recording of every hearing. The Director will provide	stenographic reporter or a tape recording of all arbitration hearings shall be kept. If a party or parties to a dispute	regarding the official record, and to give parties more specific guidance on how proceedings will be

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT	a copy of the tape to any party upon request for a nominal fee. (2) The panel may order the parties to provide a transcription of the tape recording. If the panel orders a transcription, copies of the transcription must be provided to each arbitrator and each party. The panel will determine which party or parties must pay the cost of making the transcription and copies. (3) The tape recording is the official record of the proceeding, even if it is transcribed. (b) Stenographic Record (1) Any party may make a stenographic record of the hearing. Even if a stenographic record is made, the tape recording will be the official record of the	elect to have the record transcribed, the cost of such transcription shall be borne by the party or parties making the request unless the arbitrators direct otherwise. The arbitrators may also direct that the record be transcribed. If the record is transcribed at the request of any party, a copy shall be provided to the arbitrators. (b) A verbatim record of mediation conducted pursuant to the Rule 10400 Series shall not be kept.	recorded and how the cost of the record will be allocated among the parties.
	The panel will determine which party or parties must pay the cost of making the transcription and copies. (3) The tape recording is the official record of the proceeding, even if it is transcribed. (b) Stenographic Record (1) Any party may make a stenographic record of the hearing. Even if a stenographic record is made, the tape recording	request of any party, a copy shall be provided to the arbitrators. (b) A verbatim record of mediation conducted pursuant to the Rule 10400 Series shall	

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	stenographic record will be the official record, the Director will not make a tape recording. (2) If the stenographic record is the official record of the proceeding, a copy must be provided to the Director, each arbitrator, and each other party. The cost of making and copying the stenographic record will be borne by the party electing to		
	make the stenographic record, unless the panel decides that one or more other parties should bear all or part of the costs.		
Order of Presentation of Evidence and Arguments	13607. Order of Presentation of Evidence and Arguments Generally, the claimant shall present its case, followed by the respondent's defense. The panel has the discretion to vary the order in which the hearing is conducted, provided that each party is given a fair opportunity to present its case.	IM-10317. Closing Arguments In response to recent questions concerning the order of closing argument in arbitration proceedings conducted under the auspices of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., it is the practice in these proceedings to allow claimants to proceed first in	This rule expands the scope of current IM-10317 to provide guidance to parties regarding the order of proceedings.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		closing argument, with rebuttal argument being permitted. Claimants may reserve their entire closing for rebuttal. The hearing procedures may, however, be varied in the discretion of the arbitrators, provided all parties are allowed a full and fair opportunity to present their respective cases.	
Closing The Record	(a) The panel will decide when the record is closed. Once the record is closed, no further submissions will be accepted from any party. (b) In cases in which no hearing is held, the record is presumed to be closed when the Director sends the pleadings to the panel, unless the panel requests, or agrees to accept, additional submissions from any party. If so, the record is presumed to be closed when the last such submission is due.		New rule.

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	(c) In cases in which a hearing is held, the panel will generally close the record at the end of the last hearing session, unless the panel requests, or agrees to accept, additional submissions from any party. If so, the panel will inform the parties when the submissions are due and when the record will close.		
Reopening the Record	The panel may reopen the record on its own initiative or upon motion of any party at any time before the award is rendered, unless prohibited by applicable law.	10329. Reopening of Hearings Where permitted by applicable law, the hearings may be reopened by the arbitrators on their own motion or at the discretion of the arbitrators upon application of a party at any time before the award is rendered.	No substantive change.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
PART VII TERMINATION OF AN ARBITRATION BEFORE AWARD			
Dismissal of	13700. Dismissal of Proceedings	10305. Dismissal of	The new rule cross-
Proceedings	Prior to Award	Proceedings	references the sections of
Prior to Award	 (a) The panel must dismiss an arbitration or a claim at the joint request of the parties to that arbitration or claim. The dismissal will be with or without prejudice, depending on the request of the parties. (b) The panel may dismiss a claim or an arbitration: Upon motion of a party under Rule 13206 or Rule 13504; or On its own initiative under Rule 13211(c) or Rule 	(a) At any time during the course of an arbitration, the arbitrators may either upon their own initiative or at the request of a party, dismiss the proceeding and refer the parties to their judicial remedies, or to any dispute resolution forum agreed to by the parties, without prejudice to any claims or defenses available to any party. (b) The arbitrators may dismiss a claim, defense, or proceeding with prejudice as a sanction for willful and intentional material failure to comply with an order	the Code that authorize the panel to dismiss a claim prior to award in certain circumstances: Rule 12206 (six-year eligibility rule); Rule 12504 (motions to dismiss prior to award); Rule 12211 (sanctions) and Rule 12601 (postponements).

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	13601(c).	of the arbitrator(s) if lesser sanctions have proven ineffective.	
Settlement	(a) Parties to an arbitration may agree to settle their dispute at any time. Parties who settle must notify the Director. The Director will continue to administer the arbitration, and fees may continue to accrue, until the Director receives written notice of the settlement. The parties do not need to disclose the terms of the settlement agreement to the Director or to NASD Dispute Resolution, but members and associated persons may have reporting obligations under the Rules of NASD. (b) Settling parties will remain responsible for fees incurred under the Code. If parties to a settlement fail to agree on the allocation of any	10306. Settlements (a) Parties to an arbitration may agree to settle their dispute at any time. (b) The terms of a settlement agreement do not need to be disclosed to the Association. However, the parties will remain responsible for payment of fees incurred, including fees for previously scheduled hearing sessions. If the parties fail to agree on the allocation of outstanding fees, the fees shall be divided equally among all parties.	The proposed rule clarifies that parties must notify the Director in writing that a settlement has been reached to prevent any additional fees from accruing.
	outstanding fees, those fees will be divided equally among the settling		

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	parties, except member surcharges and prehearing and hearing process fees required by the Code, which will remain the responsibility of the member party or parties.		
Withdrawal of Claims	(a) Before a claim has been answered by a party, the claimant may withdraw the claim against that party with or without prejudice. (b) After a claim has been answered by a party, the claimant may only withdraw it against that party with prejudice unless the panel decides, or the claimant and that party agree, otherwise.		New rule. This rule is intended to provide guidance to parties and arbitrators regarding withdrawals and to prevent prejudice to a party that has filed an answer.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
PART VIII SIMPLIFIED ARBITRATION AND DEFAULT PROCEEDINGS			
Simplified Arbitration	13800. Simplified Arbitration (a) Applicability of Rule This Rule applies to cases involving \$25,000 or less, exclusive of interest and expenses. Except as otherwise provided in this Rule, all provisions of the Code apply to such cases. (b) Single Arbitrator All cases administered under this Rule will be decided by a single arbitrator appointed from the NASD's chairperson roster in accordance with the Neutral List Selection System. (c) Hearings	(a) Any dispute, claim, or controversy arising between a public customer(s) and an associated person or a member subject to arbitration under this Code involving a dollar amount not exceeding \$25,000, exclusive of attendant costs and interest, shall be arbitrated as hereinafter provided. (b) The Claimant shall file with the Director of Arbitration an executed Submission Agreement and a copy of the Statement of Claim of the controversy in dispute and the required deposit, together with	The simplified arbitration rule has been significantly shortened and simplified. Currently, in addition to the procedures that are unique to simplified arbitrations, Rule 10302 repeats some, but not all, of the general provisions that apply to both regular and simplified cases. The proposed rule includes only those provisions that are unique to simplified cases. The proposed rule does not include special time limits or deadlines for pleadings in simplified cases s the current rule
	(1) No hearing will be held in		cases s the current rule

CURRENT AND PROPOSED NASD ARBITRATION CODES FOR INDUSTRY DISPUTES

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	cases administered under this Rule unless the customer requests a hearing. (2) If no hearing is held, no initial prehearing conference or other prehearing conference will be held, and the arbitrator will render an award based on the pleadings and other materials submitted by the parties. If a hearing is held, the regular provisions of the Code relating to prehearings and hearings, including fee provisions, will apply. (d) Discovery and Additional Evidence The parties may request documents and other information from each other. All requests for the production of documents and other information must be served on all other parties, and filed with the Director, within 30 calendar days from the date that the last answer is due. Any response or objection to a discovery request must	documents in support of the Claim. Sufficient additional copies of the Submission Agreement and the Statement of Claim and supporting documents shall be provided to the Director of Arbitration for each party and the arbitrator. The Statement of Claim shall specify the relevant facts, the remedies sought and whether a hearing is demanded. (c) The Claimant shall pay a non-refundable filing fee and shall remit a hearing session deposit as specified in Rule 10332 of this Code upon the filing of the Submission Agreement. The final disposition of the fee or deposit shall be determined by the arbitrator. (d) The Director of Arbitration shall endeavor to serve promptly by mail or otherwise on the Respondent(s) one (1) copy of the Submission	does, because the time limits would now be the same as those in regular cases. Frequent users of the forum, as well as NASD staff, report that the time limits in simplified cases are routinely extended under the current rule. Requests for extensions would now be governed by the same rule (proposed Rule 12207) as in other cases. Rule 12207 provides that deadlines set by the Code may be extended by the Director for good cause. In simplified cases, the Director would consider the expedited nature of simplified cases in determining whether good cause existed in a given case. NASD believes that this approach will simplify and streamline the administration of

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	be served on all other parties and	Agreement and one (1) copy of	simplified cases, and,
	filed with the Director within 10	the Statement of Claim. Within	because extensions are
	calendar days of the receipt of the	twenty (20) calendar days from	routine under the current
	requests. The arbitrator will resolve	receipt of the Statement of	Code, will not result in
	any discovery disputes.	Claim, Respondent(s) shall	significant delay in the
		serve each party with an	administration of
	(e) Increases in Amount in	executed Submission	simplified cases.
	Dispute	Agreement and a copy of	
		Respondent's Answer.	Under the proposed rule,
	If any pleading increases the	Respondent's executed	the single arbitrator would
	amount in dispute to more than	Submission Agreement and	be selected from the
	\$25,000, the arbitration will no longer	Answer shall also be filed with	chairperson roster, unless
	be administered under this Rule, and	the Director of Arbitration with	the parties agreed
	the regular provisions of the Code will	sufficient additional copies for	otherwise.
	apply. If an arbitrator has been	the arbitrator(s) along with any	
	appointed, that arbitrator will remain	deposit required under the	The proposed rule would
	on the panel. If a three-arbitrator	schedule of fees for customer	eliminate the ability of the
	panel is required or requested under	disputes. The Answer shall	single arbitrator to require
	Rule 13401, the remaining arbitrators	designate all available	a hearing. The customer
	will be appointed by the Director in	defenses to the Claim and may	could still request a
	accordance with Rule 13406(b). If no	set forth any related	hearing.
	arbitrator has been appointed, the	Counterclaim and/or related	
	entire panel will be appointed in	Third-Party Claim the	Under the proposed rule,
	accordance with the Neutral List	Respondent(s) may have	the single arbitrator would
	Selection System.	against the Claimant or any	no longer be able to
		other person. If the	request a 3-arbtirator
	(f) Arbitrator Honoraria	Respondent(s) has interposed	panel, and the arbitrator
		a Third-Party Claim, the	would no longer have the

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	NASD will pay the arbitrator an honorarium of \$135 for each arbitration administered under this Rule.	Respondent(s) shall serve the Third- Party Respondent with an executed Submission Agreement, a copy of the Respondent's Answer containing the Third-Party Claim, and a copy of the original Claim filed by the Claimant. The Third-Party Respondent shall respond in the manner herein provided for response to the Claim. If the Respondent(s) files a related Counterclaim exceeding \$25,000 exclusive of attendant costs and interest, the arbitrator may refer the Claim, Counterclaim and/or Third-Party Claim, if any, to a panel of three (3) arbitrators in accordance with Rule 10308 or, he may dismiss the Counterclaim and/or Third-Party Claim without prejudice to the Counterclaimant(s) and/or Third-Party Claimant(s) pursuing the Counterclaim and/or Third-Party Claim in a	option of dismissing without prejudice a counterclaim or other responsive pleading that increased the amount in dispute above the simplified case threshold. If a pleading increased the amount in dispute above the threshold, the case would be administered under the regular provisions of the Code. Both changes are intended to streamline and simplify the administration of arbitrations.

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		separate proceeding. The costs to the Claimant under either proceeding shall in no event exceed the total amount specified in Rule 10332.	
		(e) All parties shall serve on all other parties and the Director of Arbitration, with sufficient additional copies for the arbitrator(s), a copy of the Answer, Counterclaim, Third-Party Claim, Amended Claim, or other responsive pleading, if any. The Claimant, if a Counterclaim is asserted against him, shall within ten (10) calendar days either (1) serve on each party and on the Director of Arbitration, with sufficient additional copies for the arbitrator(s), a Reply to any Counterclaim or, (2) if the amount of the Counterclaim	
		exceeds the Claim, shall have the right to file a statement withdrawing the Claim. If the Claimant withdraws the Claim,	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		the proceedings shall be discontinued without prejudice to the rights of the parties. (f) The dispute, claim or controversy shall be submitted to a single public arbitrator knowledgeable in the securities industry appointed by the Director of Arbitration. Unless the public customer demands or consents to a hearing, or the arbitrator calls a hearing, the arbitrator shall decide the dispute, claim or controversy solely upon the pleadings and evidence filed by the parties. If a hearing is necessary, such hearing shall be held as soon as practicable at a locale selected by the Director of Arbitration.	
		(g) The Director of Arbitration may grant extensions of time to file any pleading upon a showing of good cause.(h)	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		(1) The arbitrator shall be authorized to require the submission of further documentary evidence as he, in his sole discretion, deems advisable.	
		(2) If a hearing is demanded or consented to in accordance with paragraph (f), the General Provisions Governing Pre-Hearing Proceedings under Rule 10321 shall apply.	
		(3) If no hearing is demanded or consented to, all requests for document production shall be submitted in writing to the Director of Arbitration within ten (10) business days of notification of the identity of the	
		arbitrator selected to decide the case. The requesting party shall serve simultaneously its request for document production on all parties. Any	
		response or objections to the requested document production shall be served on	

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		all parties and filed with the Director of Arbitration within five (5) business days of receipt of the requests for production. The appointed arbitrator shall resolve all requests under this Rule on the papers submitted.	
		(i) Upon the request of the arbitrator, the Director of Arbitration shall appoint two (2) additional arbitrators to the panel which shall decide the matter in controversy.	
		(j) In any case where there is more than one (1) arbitrator, the majority shall be public arbitrators.	
		(k) In his discretion, the arbitrator may, at the request of any party, permit such party to submit additional documentation relating to the pleadings.	
		(I) Except as otherwise provided herein, the general	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		arbitration rules of the Association shall be applicable to proceedings instituted under this Rule.	
Default Proceedings	13801. Default Proceedings	10314. Initiation of Proceedings	No substantive change.
	(a) Applicability of Rule	_	
		(e) Default Procedures	
	A claimant may request default proceedings against any respondent that falls within one of the following categories and fails to file an answer within the time provided by the Code. • A member whose membership has been terminated, suspended, canceled, or revoked; • A member that has been	(1) A Respondent, Cross-Respondent, or Third-Party Respondent that fails to file an Answer within 45 calendar days from receipt of service of a Claim, unless the time to answer has been extended pursuant to paragraph (b)(5), may be subject to default procedures, as provided in this paragraph, if it is:	
	expelled from the NASD;	(A) a member whose	
	A member that is otherwise defunct; or	membership has been terminated, suspended,	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		canceled, or revoked;	
	 An associated person whose registration is terminated, revoked, or suspended. 	(B) a member that has been expelled from the NASD;	
	(b) Initiating Default Proceedings	(C) a member that is otherwise defunct; or	
	(1) To initiate default proceedings against one or more respondents that fail to file a timely answer, the claimant must notify the Director in writing and must send a copy of the notification to	(D) an associated person whose registration is terminated, revoked, or suspended.	
	all other parties at the same time and in the same manner as the notification was sent to the Director. If there is more than one claimant, all claimants must agree in writing to proceed under this Rule against a defaulting respondent before this Rule may be used.	(2) If all Claimants elect to use these default procedures, the Claimant(s) shall notify the Director in writing and shall send a copy of such notification to all other parties at the same time and in the same manner as the notification was sent to the	
	(2) If the Director receives written notice from the claimant and determines that the requirements for proceeding under this Rule have been met, the	Director. (3) If the case meets the requirements for proceeding under default procedures, the Director shall notify all parties.	

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	Notify all parties that the claim against the defaulting respondent will proceed under this Rule; and Appoint a single arbitrator in accordance with the Neutral List Selection System to consider the statement of claim and other documents presented by the claimant.	 (4) The Director shall appoint a single arbitrator pursuant to Rule 10308 to consider the Statement of Claim and other documents presented by the Claimant(s). The arbitrator may request additional information from the Claimant(s) before rendering an award. No hearing shall be held, and the default award shall have no effect on any non-defaulting party. (5) The Claimant(s) may not amend the claim to increase 	
	(c) Hearings	the relief requested after the Director has notified the parties that the claim will proceed	
	No hearing shall be held. The arbitrator may request additional information from the claimant before rendering an award.	under default procedures. (6) An arbitrator may not make an award based solely on the non-appearance of a party.	
	(d) Amendments to Increase Relief Requested Claimants may not amend a claim	The party who appears must present a sufficient basis to support the making of an award in that party's favor. The	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	to increase the relief requested from the defaulting respondent after the Director has notified the parties that the claim will proceed under this Rule. (e) Awards (1) The arbitrator may not issue an award based solely on the nonappearance of a party. Claimants must present a sufficient basis to support the making of an award. The arbitrator may not award damages in an amount greater than the damages requested in the statement of claim, and may not award any other relief that was not requested in the statement of claim. (2) The default award shall have no effect on any nondefaulting party. (f) Respondent's Answer If a defaulting respondent files an answer after the Director has notified	arbitrator may not award damages in an amount greater than the damages requested in the Statement of Claim, and may not award any other relief that was not requested in the Statement of Claim. (7) If the Respondent files an Answer after the Director has notified the parties that the claim will proceed under default procedures but before an award has been rendered, the proceedings under this paragraph shall be terminated and the case will proceed under the regular procedures.	

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	the parties that the claim against that respondent will proceed under this Rule but before an award has been issued, the proceedings against that respondent under this Rule will be terminated and the claim against that respondent will proceed under the regular provisions in the Code.		
Statutory Employment	13802. Statutory Employment Discrimination Claims	10210. Statutory Employment Discrimination Claims	
Discrimination Claims	(a) Applicability of Rule This Rule applies to cases involving a claim of statutory employment discrimination as defined in Rule 13100(u). Except as otherwise provided in this Rule, all provisions of the Code apply to such cases. (b) Number of Arbitrators	The Rule 10210 Series shall apply only to disputes that include a claim alleging employment discrimination, including a sexual harassment claim, in violation of a statute. The Rule 10210 Series shall supersede any inconsistent Rules contained in this Code. 10211. Special Arbitrator Qualifications for Employment Discrimination Disputes	
	(1) Claims of \$100,000 or Less	(a) Minimum Qualifications for All Arbitrators	
	If the amount of a claim in a	Only arbitrators classified as public arbitrators as provided in Rule	

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	case involving an employment discrimination claim is \$100,000 or less, the panel will consist of one arbitrator. (2) Claims of More Than \$100,000	10308 shall be selected to consider disputes involving a claim of employment discrimination, including a sexual harassment claim, in violation of a statute. (b) Single Arbitrators or Chairs of	
	If the amount of a claim in a case involving an employment discrimination claim is more than \$100,000, the panel will consist of three arbitrators, unless the parties agree in writing to one arbitrator. (c) Composition of Panel (1) One Arbitrator	Three-Person Panels (1) Arbitrators who are selected to serve as single arbitrators or as chairs of three-person panels should have the following additional qualifications: (A) law degree (Juris Doctor or equivalent); (B) membership in the Bar of any jurisdiction; (C) substantial familiarity with employment law; and (D) ten or more years of legal	
	If the panel consists of one arbitrator, the arbitrator will be a public arbitrator who will meet the qualifications in paragraph (c)(3), unless the parties agree in writing otherwise. (2) Three Arbitrators	experience, of which at least five years must be in either: (i) law practice; (ii) law school teaching; (iii) government enforcement of equal employment opportunity statutes; (iv) experience as a judge, arbitrator, or mediator; or (v) experience as an equal	

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	If the panel consists of three arbitrators, the arbitrators will all be	employment opportunity officer or in-house counsel	
	public arbitrators, one of whom will meet the qualifications in paragraph (c)(3), unless the parties agree in writing otherwise.	of a corporation. (2) In addition, a chair or single arbitrator with the above experience may not have	
	The arbitrator who meets the criteria in paragraph (c)(3) will serve as chairperson of the panel.	represented primarily the views of employers or of employees within the last five years. For purposes of this Rule, the term "primarily" shall	
	(3) Special Statutory Discrimination Claim Qualifications	be interpreted to mean 50% or more of the arbitrator's business or professional activities within the last five years.	
	A single arbitrator or chairperson of a three-arbitrator panel in a case involving a statutory discrimination claim must have the following qualifications:	(c) Waiver of Special Qualifications If all parties agree, after a dispute arises, they may waive any of the qualifications set forth in paragraph (a) or (b) above.	
	(A) law degree (Juris Doctor or equivalent);	10212. Composition of Panels	
	(B) membership in the Bar of any jurisdiction;	For disputes involving a claim alleging employment discrimination, including a sexual harassment claim, in violation of a	
	(C) substantial familiarity with employment law; and	statute:	
	(D) ten or more years of	(a) Each panel shall consist of either a single public arbitrator or three public arbitrators qualified	

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	legal experience, of which at least five years must be in either:	under Rule 10211, unless the parties agree to a different panel composition.	
	law practice;	(b) A single arbitrator shall be appointed to hear claims for \$100,000 or less.	
	 law school teaching; government enforcement of equal employment 	(c) A panel of three arbitrators shall be appointed to hear claims for more than \$100,000, unless the parties agree to have their case determined by a single arbitrator.	
	opportunity statutes;	10213. Discovery	
	 experience as a judge, arbitrator, or mediator; or 	(a) Necessary pre-hearing depositions consistent with the expedited nature of arbitration shall be available.	
	 experience as an equal employment opportunity officer or in-house counsel of a 	(b) The provisions of Rule 10321 shall apply to proceedings under this Rule 10210 Series. 10214. Awards	
	corporation. In addition, a chair or single arbitrator with the above experience may not have represented primarily the views of employers or of employees within the last five years. For purposes of this Rule, the term "primarily" shall be interpreted to	The arbitrator(s) shall be empowered to award any relief that would be available in court under the law. The arbitrator(s) shall issue an award setting forth a summary of the issues, including the type(s) of dispute(s), the damages or other relief requested and awarded, a statement of any	

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	mean 50% or more of the arbitrator's business or professional activities within the last five years.	other issues resolved, and a statement regarding the disposition of any statutory claim(s).	
	(4) Waiver of Special	10215. Attorneys' Fees	
	Qualifications	The arbitrator(s) shall have the	
	If all parties agree, after a dispute arises, they may waive any of the qualifications set forth in paragraph (A) or (B) above.	authority to provide for reasonable attorneys' fee reimbursement, in whole or in part, as part of the remedy in accordance with applicable law.	
	(d) Awards		
	The panel may award any relief that would be available in court under the law. The panel must issue an award setting forth a summary of the issues, including the type(s) of dispute(s), the damages or other relief requested and awarded, a statement of any other issues resolved, and a statement regarding the disposition of any statutory claim(s).		
	(e) Attorneys' Fees		
	The panel may provide for reasonable attorneys' fee reimbursement, in whole or in part, as part of the remedy in accordance with		

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Coordination of Statutory Employment Discrimination Claims Filed in Court and in Arbitration	applicable law. 13803. Coordination of Statutory Employment Discrimination Claims Filed in Court and in Arbitration (a) Option to Combine Related Claims in Court (1) (A) If a current or former associated person files a statutory discrimination claim in court against a member or its associated persons, and asserts related claims in arbitration at NASD against some or all of the same parties, a respondent who is named in both proceedings may, upon motion, compel the claimant to bring the related arbitration claims in the same court proceeding in which the statutory discrimination claim is pending, to the full extent to which the court will accept jurisdiction over the related claims.	10216. Coordination of Claims Filed in Court and in Arbitration (a) Option to Combine Related Claims in Court (1) (A) If a current or former associated person of a member files a statutory discrimination claim in court against a member or its associated persons, and asserts related claims in arbitration at the Association against some or all of the same parties, a respondent who is named in both proceedings shall have the option to move to compel the claimant to bring the related arbitration claims in the same court proceeding in which the statutory discrimination claim is pending, to the full extent to which the court will accept jurisdiction over the related claims.	COMMENTS
	(B) The respondent must notify	(B) The respondent shall notify the claimant in writing, before	

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	the claimant in writing, before the respondent's time to answer has expired, that it is exercising this option and must file a copy of such notification with the Director. If the respondent files an answer without having exercised this option, it shall have waived its right to compel the claimant to assert related claims in court, except as provided in paragraph (b). (2) (A) If a member or current or former associated person ("party") has a pending claim in arbitration against a current or former associated person the current or former associated person thereafter asserts a related statutory discrimination claim in court against the party, the party shall have the option to assert its pending arbitration claims and any counterclaims in court.	the time to answer under Rule 10314 has expired, that it is exercising this option and shall file a copy of such notification with the Director. If the respondent files an answer without having exercised this option, it shall have waived its right to move to compel the claimant to assert related claims in court, except as provided in paragraph (b). (2) (A) If a member or current or former associated person of a member ("party") has a pending claim in arbitration against a current or former associated person of a member and the current or former associated person thereafter asserts a related statutory employment discrimination claim in court against the party, the party shall have the option to assert its pending arbitration claims and any counterclaims in court.	
	(B) The party must notify the current or former associated person in writing, before filing an	(B) The party shall notify the current or former associated person in writing, before filing an answer to the complaint in	

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	answer to the complaint in court, that it is exercising this option and must file a copy of such notification with the Director. If the party files an answer in court without having exercised this option, it shall have waived its right to assert the pending arbitration claim in court. (C) The party may not exercise this option after the first hearing	court, that it is exercising this option and shall file a copy of such notification with the Director. If the party files an answer in court without having exercised this option, it shall have waived its right to assert the pending arbitration claim in court. (c) The party may not exercise this option after the first hearing has begun on the arbitration claim. (b) Option Extended When Claim	
	(b) Option Extended When Claim is Amended (1) If the claimant files an amended statement of claim adding new claims not asserted in the original statement of claim, a respondent named in the amended statement of claim may, upon motion, compel the claimant to assert all related claims in the same court proceeding in which the statutory discrimination claim is	is Amended (1) If the claimant files an amended Statement of Claim adding new claims not asserted in the original Statement of Claim, a respondent named in the amended Statement of Claim shall have the right to move to compel the claimant to assert all related claims in the same court proceeding in which the statutory discrimination claim is pending, to the full extent that the court will accept jurisdiction over the related claims, even if those related claims were asserted in the original Statement of Claim.	

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	pending, to the full extent that the court will accept jurisdiction over the related claims, even if those related claims were asserted in the original statement of claim. (2) The respondent must notify the claimant in writing, before the time to answer the amended statement of claim has expired, that it is exercising this option and must file a copy of such notification with the Director. If the respondent files an answer to the amended statement of claim without having exercised this option, it shall have waived its right to compel the claimant to assert related claims in court.	(2) The respondent shall notify the claimant in writing, before the time to answer the amended Statement of Claim under Rule 10314 has expired, that it is exercising this option and shall file a copy of such notification with the Director. If the respondent files an answer to the amended Statement of Claim without having exercised this option, it shall have waived its right to move to compel the claimant to assert related claims in court. (c) Requirement to Combine All Related Claims If a party elects to require a current or former associated person to assert all related claims in court, the party shall assert in the same court proceeding all related claims that it has against	
	(c) Requirement to Combine All Related Claims	the associated person to the full extent to which the court will accept jurisdiction over the related claims.	
	If a party elects to require a current or former associated person to assert all related claims in court, the party	(d) Right of Respondent to Remain in Arbitration	
	must assert in the same court proceeding all related claims that it	(1) If there are multiple respondents and a respondent has	

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	has against the associated person to the full extent to which the court will accept jurisdiction over the related claims. (d) Right of Respondent to Remain in Arbitration (1) If there are multiple respondents and a respondent has exercised an option under paragraph (a) or (b), but another respondent wishes to have the claims against it remain in arbitration, then any remaining party may apply for a stay of the arbitration proceeding. (2) If a panel has not been appointed, the Director will appoint a single arbitrator to consider the application for a stay. The single arbitrator shall be selected using the Neutral List Selection System and is not required to have the special employment arbitrator qualifications described in Rule 13801(c).	exercised an option under paragraph (a) or (b), but another respondent wishes to have the claims against it remain in arbitration, then any remaining party may apply for a stay of the arbitration proceeding. (2) The arbitration shall be stayed unless the arbitration panel determines that the stay will result in substantial prejudice to one or more of the parties. If a panel has not been appointed, the Director shall appoint a single arbitrator to consider the application for a stay. Such single arbitrator shall be selected using the Neutral List Selection System (as defined in Rule 10308) and is not required to have the special employment arbitrator qualifications described in Rule 10211. (e) Pre-Filing Certification (1) Prior to or concurrently with filing a Statement of Claim, a claimant may file with the Director a certification that it had communicated unsuccessfully with the respondent concerning the consolidation of all claims in court	

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	(3) The single arbitrator or panel must stay the arbitration unless the arbitrator or panel determines that the stay would result in substantial prejudice to one or more of the parties. (e) Pre-Filing Certification (1) Before or at the same time that the statement of claim is filed, a claimant may file with the Director a certification that it communicated unsuccessfully with the respondent concerning the consolidation of all claims in court prior to filing a statement of claim, in an effort to save the expense of arbitration fees. A copy of such certification must be sent to the respondent at the same time and in the same manner as the filing with the Director. (2) If, after a certification has been filed, all the respondents later exercise the option to	prior to filing a Statement of Claim, in an effort to save the expense of arbitration fees. A copy of such certification shall be sent to the respondent at the same time and in the same manner as the filing with the Director. (2) If, after a certification has been filed, all the respondents later exercise the option to consolidate all claims in court, the Director will return the claimant's filing fee and any hearing session deposits for hearings that have not been held, but will retain the member surcharge and any accrued member process fees. If there are any remaining respondents, the filing fee and any hearing deposits will be adjusted to correspond to the claims against the remaining respondents. (f) Motion to Compel Arbitration If a member or a current or former associated person of a member files in court a claim against a member or a current or former associated person of a member that includes matters that are subject to mandatory arbitration,	

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	consolidate all claims in court, the Director will return the claimant's filing fee and any hearing session deposits for hearings that have not been held, but will retain the member surcharge and any accrued member process fees. If there are any remaining respondents, the filing fee and any hearing deposits will be adjusted to correspond to the claims against the remaining respondents.	either by the rules of the Association or by private agreement, the defending party may move to compel arbitration of the claims that are subject to mandatory arbitration. (g) Definitions For purposes of this Rule: (1) The term "related claim" shall mean any claim that arises out of the employment or termination of employment of an associated person.	
	(f) Motion to Compel Arbitration If a member or a current or former associated person files in court a claim against a member or a current or former associated person that includes matters that are subject to mandatory arbitration, either by the rules of NASD or by private agreement, the defending party may, upon motion, compel arbitration of the claims that are subject to mandatory arbitration.	(2) The term "statutory discrimination claim" means a claim alleging employment discrimination, including a sexual harassment claim, in violation of a statute.	

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	(g) Definition of Related Claim For purposes of this Rule, the term "related claim" shall mean any claim that arises out of the employment or termination of employment of an associated person.		
Temporary Injunctive Orders; Requests for Permanent Injunctive Relief	Orders; Requests for Permanent Injunctive Relief (a) Temporary Injunctive Orders (1) In industry or clearing disputes required to be submitted to arbitration under the Code, parties may seek a temporary injunctive order, as defined in paragraph (a)(2) of this Rule, from a court of competent jurisdiction. Parties to a pending arbitration may seek a temporary injunctive order from a court of competent jurisdiction even if another party has already filed a claim arising from the same dispute in arbitration pursuant to this	10335. Temporary Injunctive Orders; Requests for Permanent Injunctive Relief (a) Temporary Injunctive Orders (1) In industry or clearing disputes required to be submitted to arbitration pursuant to Rule 10201, parties may seek a temporary injunctive order, as defined in paragraph (a)(2) of this Rule, from a court of competent jurisdiction. Parties to a pending arbitration may seek a temporary injunctive order from a court of competent jurisdiction even if another party has already filed a claim arising from the same dispute in arbitration pursuant to this paragraph, provided that an arbitration hearing on a request for permanent injunctive relief	

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SUBJECT	paragraph, provided that an arbitration hearing on a request for permanent injunctive relief pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Rule has not yet begun. (2) A party seeking a temporary injunctive order from a court with respect to an industry or clearing dispute required to be submitted to arbitration under the Code must, at the same time, file with the Director a statement of claim	pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Rule has not yet begun. (2) For purposes of this Rule, temporary injunctive order means a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction or other form of initial, temporary injunctive relief. (3) A party seeking a temporary injunctive order from a court with respect to an industry or clearing dispute required to be submitted to arbitration pursuant to Rule 10201 shall simultaneously file with the	COMMENTS
	Director a statement of claim requesting permanent injunctive and all other relief with respect to the same dispute in the manner specified under this Code. The party seeking temporary injunctive relief must also serve the statement of claim requesting permanent injunctive and all other relief on all other parties in the same manner and at the same time as the statement of claim is filed with the Director.		
	(3) Filings and service under this Rule must be made by facsimile, overnight delivery	service under this Rule shall be made by facsimile, overnight delivery service or messenger. Service shall be made on all	

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	service or messenger. Service must be made on all parties at the same time and in the same manner, unless the parties agree otherwise. A party obtaining a court-issued temporary injunctive order must notify the Director and the other parties of the issuance of the order within one business day.	parties at the same time and in the same manner, unless the parties agree otherwise. A party obtaining a court-issued temporary injunctive order shall notify the Director and the other parties of the issuance of the order within one business day. (4) Unless otherwise stated, for purposes of computation of time	
	(b) Hearing on Request for Permanent Injunctive Relief	under any paragraph of this Rule, any reference to days means calendar days, including	
	(1) Scheduling of Hearing	Saturdays, Sundays or any NASD holiday. However, if a party must provide notice or a response to the	
	If a court issues a temporary injunctive order, an arbitration hearing on the request for permanent injunctive relief will begin within 15 days of the date the court issues the temporary	Director and the day on which that notice or response to the Director must be given falls on a Saturday, Sunday or any NASD holiday, then the time period is extended until the next business day.	
	injunctive order. If the 15th day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or	(b) Hearing on Request for Permanent Injunctive Relief	
	NASD holiday, the 15-day period	(1) Scheduling of Hearing	
	shall expire on the next business day. Unless the parties agree otherwise, a hearing lasting more than one day will be held on consecutive days when reasonably	If a court issues a temporary injunctive order, an arbitration hearing on the request for permanent injunctive relief shall begin within 15 days of the date	

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	possible. The Director will provide to all parties notice of the date, time and place of the hearing at least three days prior to the beginning of the hearing.	the court issues the temporary injunctive order. If the 15th day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or NASD holiday, the 15-day period shall expire on the next business day. Unless the parties agree otherwise, a hearing lasting more	
	(2) Composition of Arbitration Panel	than one day shall be held on consecutive days when reasonably	
	The hearing on the request for permanent injunctive relief will be heard by a panel of 3 arbitrators. The composition of the panel will be determined in accordance with	possible. The Director shall provide to all parties notice of the date, time and place of the hearing at least three days prior to the beginning of the hearing.	
	Rule13402.	(2) Composition of Arbitration Panel	
	(3) Selection of Arbitrators and Chairperson (A) (i) In cases in which all of the members of the panel are non-public, the Director will generate and provide to the parties a list of 7 arbitrators from NASD's	The hearing on the request for permanent injunctive relief shall be heard by a panel of three arbitrators, who shall either be all non-public arbitrators as defined in Rule 10308(a)(4), or, if the underlying dispute would be heard by a public arbitrator or panel consisting of a majority of public arbitrators under Rule 10202, a majority of public arbitrators as defined in Rule 10308(a)(5).	
	roster or non-public arbitrators. The Director will send to the parties the	(3) Selection of Arbitrators and Chairperson	

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	employment history for the past 10 years for each listed arbitrator and other background information. At least 3 of the arbitrators listed shall be lawyers with experience litigating cases involving injunctive relief. (ii) Each party may exercise 1 strike to the arbitrators on the list. Within 3 days of receiving the list, each party shall inform the Director which arbitrator, if any, it wishes to strike, and shall rank the remaining arbitrators in order of preference. The Direct shall consolidate the parties' rankings, and shall appoint arbitrators based on the order of rankings on the consolidated list, subject to the arbitrators' availability and disqualification. (B) (i) In cases in which the	(A) (i) In cases in which all of the members of the arbitration panel are non-public under paragraph (b)(2) of this Rule, the Director shall generate and provide to the parties a list of seven arbitrators from a national roster of arbitrators. The Director shall send to the parties the employment history for the past 10 years for each listed arbitrator and other background information. At least three of the arbitrators listed shall be lawyers with experience litigating cases involving injunctive relief. (ii) Each party may exercise one strike to the arbitrators on the list. Within three days of receiving the list, each party shall inform the Director which arbitrator, if any, it wishes to strike, and shall rank the remaining arbitrators in order of preference. The Direct shall consolidate the parties' rankings, and shall appoint arbitrators based on the order of rankings on the consolidated list, subject to the arbitrators'	

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	panel consists of a majority of public arbitrators, the Director will generate and provide to the parties a list of 9 arbitrators from NASD's roster of arbitrators. The Director shall send to the parties employment history for the past 10 years for each listed arbitrator and other background information. At least a majority of the arbitrators listed shall be public arbitrators, and at least 4 of the arbitrators listed shall be lawyers with experience litigating cases involving injunctive relief. (ii) Each party may exercise 2 strikes to the arbitrators on the list. Within 3 days of receiving the list, each party shall inform the Director which arbitrators, if any, it wishes to strike, and shall rank the remaining arbitrators in order of	availability and disqualification. (B) (i) In cases in which the panel of arbitrators consists of a majority of public arbitrators under paragraph (b)(2) of this Rule, the Director shall generate and provide to the parties a list of nine arbitrators from a national roster of arbitrators. The Director shall send to the parties employment history for the past 10 years for each listed arbitrator and other background information. At least a majority of the arbitrators, and at least four of the arbitrators listed shall be public arbitrators, and at least four of the arbitrators listed shall be lawyers with experience litigating cases involving injunctive relief. (ii) Each party may exercise two strikes to the arbitrators on the list. Within three days of receiving the list, each party shall inform the Director which arbitrators, if any, it wishes to strike, and shall rank the remaining arbitrators in order of preference. The Director shall consolidate the parties' rankings, and shall appoint arbitrators based on the order of rankings on the consolidated list, subject to the	

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SUBJECT	preference. The Director will combine the parties' rankings, and will appoint arbitrators based on the order of rankings on the combined list, subject to the arbitrators' availability and disqualification. (C) (i) Each party must inform the Director of its preference of chairperson of the panel by the close of business on the next business day after receiving notice of the panel members. (ii) If the parties do not agree on a chairperson within that time, the Director shall select the chairperson. In cases in which the panel consists of a majority of public arbitrators, the	arbitrators' availability and disqualification. (C) (i) Each party shall inform the Director of its preference of chairperson of the arbitration panel by the close of business on the next business day after receiving notice of the panel members. (ii) If the parties do not agree on a chairperson within that time, the Director shall select the chairperson. In cases in which the panel consists of a majority of public arbitrators, the Director shall select a public arbitrator as chairperson. Whenever possible, the Director shall select as chairperson the lawyer with experience litigating cases involving injunctive relief whom the parties have ranked the highest. (D) The Director may exercise discretionary authority and make any decision that is consistent with the purposes of this Rule and Rule 10308 to facilitate the	COMMENTS
	Director will select a public arbitrator as chairperson. Whenever possible, the	and Rule 10308 to facilitate the appointment of arbitration panels and the selection of chairperson. (4) Applicable Legal Standard	

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SUBJECT	Director will select as chairperson the lawyer with experience litigating cases involving injunctive relief whom the parties have ranked the highest. (D) The Director may exercise discretionary authority and make any decision that is	The legal standard for granting or denying a request for permanent injunctive relief is that of the state where the events upon which the request is based occurred, or as specified in an enforceable choice of law agreement between the parties. (5) Effect of Pending Temporary Injunctive Order	COMMENTS
	consistent with the purposes of this Rule and the Code to facilitate the appointment of panels and the selection of chairperson. (4) Applicable Legal Standard	Upon a full and fair presentation of the evidence from all relevant parties on the request for permanent injunctive relief, the panel may prohibit the parties from seeking an extension of any court- issued temporary injunctive order	
	The legal standard for granting or denying a request for permanent injunctive relief is that of the state where the events upon which the request is based occurred, or as specified in an enforceable choice of law agreement between the parties.	remaining in effect, or, if appropriate, order the parties jointly to move to modify or dissolve any such order. In the event that a panel's order conflicts with a pending court order, the panel's order will become effective upon expiration of the pending court order.	
	(5) Effect of Pending	(6) Fees, Costs and Expenses, and Arbitrator Honorarium	
	Temporary Injunctive Order	(A) The parties shall jointly bear reasonable travel-related costs	

Upon a full and fair presentation of the evidence from all relevant parties on the request for permanent injunctive relief, the panel may prohibit the parties from seeking an extension of any courtissued temporary injunctive order remaining in effect, or, if	and expenses incurred by arbitrators who are required to travel to a hearing location other than their primary hearing location(s) in order to participate in the hearing on the request for permanent injunctive relief. The arbitrators may reallocate such costs and expenses among the	
presentation of the evidence from all relevant parties on the request for permanent injunctive relief, the panel may prohibit the parties from seeking an extension of any court- issued temporary injunctive order	arbitrators who are required to travel to a hearing location other than their primary hearing location(s) in order to participate in the hearing on the request for permanent injunctive relief. The arbitrators may reallocate such costs and expenses among the	
appropriate, order the parties jointly to move to modify or dissolve any such order. In the event that a panel's order conflicts with a pending court order, the panel's order will become effective upon expiration of the pending court order.	parties in the award. (B) The party seeking injunctive relief shall pay the expedited hearing fees pursuant to Rule 10205(h), or, where both sides seek such relief, both parties shall pay such fees. In either event, however, the arbitrators may reallocate such fees among the parties in the award.	
 (6) Fees, Costs and Expenses, and Arbitrator Honorarium (A) The parties shall jointly bear reasonable travel-related costs and expenses incurred by arbitrators who are required to travel to a hearing location other than their primary hearing 	(C) Notwithstanding any other provision in the Code, the chairperson of the panel hearing a request for permanent injunctive relief pursuant to this Rule shall receive an honorarium of \$375 for each single session, and \$700 for each double session, of the hearing. Each other member of the panel shall receive an	
	dissolve any such order. In the event that a panel's order conflicts with a pending court order, the panel's order will become effective upon expiration of the pending court order. (6) Fees, Costs and Expenses, and Arbitrator Honorarium (A) The parties shall jointly bear reasonable travel-related costs and expenses incurred by arbitrators who are required to travel to a hearing location other	dissolve any such order. In the event that a panel's order conflicts with a pending court order, the panel's order will become effective upon expiration of the pending court order. (6) Fees, Costs and Expenses, and Arbitrator Honorarium (A) The parties shall jointly bear reasonable travel-related costs and expenses incurred by arbitrators who are required to travel to a hearing location other than their primary hearing hearing fees pursuant to Rule 10205(h), or, where both sides seek such relief, both parties shall pay such fees. In either event, however, the arbitrators may reallocate such fees among the parties in the award. (C) Notwithstanding any other provision in the Code, the chairperson of the panel hearing a request for permanent injunctive relief pursuant to this Rule shall receive an honorarium of \$375 for each single session, and \$700 for each double session, of the hearing. Each other member of the panel shall receive an honorarium of \$300 for each single

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	the hearing on the request for permanent injunctive relief. The panel may reallocate such costs and expenses among the parties in the award. (B) Each party seeking a temporary injunctive order in court pursuant to this Rule must pay a non-refundable surcharge of \$2,500 at the time the party files its statement of claim and request for permanent injunctive relief. In the award, the panel may decide that one or more parites must reimburse a party for part or all of the surcharge. The surcharge is addition to all other non-refundable filing fees, hearing deposits, or costs that are required under the Code. (C) Notwithstanding any other provision in the Code, the chairperson of the panel hearing a request for permanent injunctive relief pursuant to this Rule shall receive an honorarium of \$375 for	session, of the hearing. The parties shall equally pay the difference between these amounts and the amounts panel members and the chairperson receive under the Code pursuant to IM-10104. The arbitrators may reallocate such amount among the parties in the award. (c) Hearing on Damages or other Relief (1) Upon completion of the hearing on the request for permanent relief, the panel, may, if necessary, set a date for any subsequent hearing on damages or other relief, which shall be held before the same panel of arbitrators and which shall include, but not be limited to, the same record. (2) The parties shall jointly bear reasonable travel-related costs and expenses incurred by arbitrators who are required to travel to a hearing location other than their primary hearing location(s) in order to participate in any subsequent hearings on damages or other relief. The	

CURRENT AND PROPOSED NASD ARBITRATION CODES FOR INDUSTRY DISPUTES

COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	each single session, and \$700 for each double session, of the hearing. Each other member of the panel shall receive an honorarium of \$300 for each single session, and \$600 for each double session, of the hearing. The parties shall equally pay the difference between these amounts and the amounts panel members and the chairperson receive under the Code pursuant to Rule 13213. The panel may reallocate such amount among the parties in the award. (c) Hearing on Damages or other Relief (1) Upon completion of the hearing on the request for permanent relief, the panel, may, if necessary, set a date for any subsequent hearing on damages or other relief, which shall be held before the same panel and which shall include, but not be limited to, the same record. (2) The parties shall jointly bear	arbitrators may reallocate such costs and expenses among the parties in the award. (d) Effective Date This Rule shall apply to arbitration claims filed on or after March 25, 2002. Except as otherwise provided in this Rule, the remaining provisions of the Code shall apply to proceedings instituted under this Rule.	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	reasonable travel-related costs and expenses incurred by arbitrators who are required to travel to a hearing location other than their primary hearing location(s) in order to participate in any subsequent hearings on damages or other relief. The panel may reallocate such costs and expenses among the parties in the award.		

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	II.	<u> </u>	
PART IX FEES AND AWARDS			
Fees Due When a Claim is Filed	13900. Fees Due When a Claim is Filed	10332. Schedule of Fees for Customer Disputes	One of the most frequent criticisms of the current Code is that the fee
	(a) Fees for Claims Filed by Associated Persons (1) Associated persons who file a claim, counterclaim, cross claim or third party claim must pay a filing fee in the amount indicated in the schedule below. The Director may defer payment of all or part of the filing fee on a showing of financial hardship. If payment of the fee is not deferred, failure to pay the required amount will result in a deficiency under Rule 13307.	(a) At the time of filing a Claim, Counterclaim, Third-Party Claim or Cross-Claim, a party shall pay a non-refundable filing fee and shall remit a hearing session deposit to the Association in the amounts indicated in the schedules below unless such fee or deposit is specifically waived by the Director of Arbitration. Where multiple hearing sessions are required, the arbitrators may require any of	schedules are difficult to understand, particularly with respect to what claimants must pay at the time of filing. Currently, claimants must pay a non-refundable filing fee, and an initial hearing session deposit that may be refundable under certain circumstances. In addition, parties also must pay hearing session fees
	(See table - Filing Fees for Claims Filed by Associated Persons - in Appendix 1).	the parties to make additional hearing deposits for each additional hearing session. In no event shall the amount deposited by all parties per hearing session exceed the	for each hearing session. Although the filing fee and the initial hearing session deposit are both due upon filing, they are presented in the Code as separate

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(2) If the claim does not request	amount of the largest initial	fees, making it hard for
	or specify money damages, the	hearing deposit made by any	some parties to
	Director may determine that the	party under the schedules	understand the total
	filing fee should be more or less	below.	amount due upon filing.
	than the amount specified in the		
	schedule above, but in any event,	(b) A hearing session is any	To address this issue, the
	the amount of the filing fee may	meeting between the parties	filing fee and the hearing
	not be less than \$75 or more than	and the arbitrator(s), including	session deposit have been
	\$1,800.	a pre-hearing conference with	combined into one single
		an arbitrator, which lasts four	fee that is paid when a
	(b) Fees for Claims Filed by	(4) hours or less. The forum	claim is filed. Although
	Members	fee for a pre-hearing	what is now the refundable
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	conference with an arbitrator	hearing session deposit
	(1) Members filing a claim,	shall be the amount set forth in	would no longer be paid
	counterclaim, cross claim, or third	the schedules below as a	separately, an amount
	party claim must pay a filing fee in	hearing session deposit for a	equal to the current
	the amount indicated in the	hearing with a single arbitrator.	hearing session deposit would be refunded if the
	schedule below. Failure to pay the	(c) The arbitrators, in their	case is settled at least 10
	required amount will result in a	awards, shall determine the	calendar days prior to the
	deficiency under Rule 13307.	amount chargeable to the	hearing on the merits.
	(See table – Fee for Claims Filed by	parties as forum fees and shall	(Under the current Code,
	Members – Appendix 2).	determine who shall pay such	the initial hearing session
	Members – Appendix 2).	forum fees. Forum fees	deposit may be refunded if
	(2) If the claim does not request	chargeable to the parties shall	the case is settled 8 days
	or specify money damages, the	be assessed on a per hearing	prior to the hearing on the
	Director may determine that the	session basis, and the	merits; this been has been
	filing fee should be more or less	aggregate for each hearing	changed to 10 days as

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	than the amount specified in the	session may equal but shall not	part of the overall effort to
	schedule above, but in any event,	exceed the amount of the	standardize the time
	the filing fee may not be less than	largest initial hearing deposit	frames used in the Code.)
	\$350 or more than \$3,700.	deposited by any party, except	
	(c) Partial Refund of Filing Fee	in a case where claims have	The consolidation of the
		been joined subsequent to	filing fee and the hearing
	(1) If a claim is settled or	filing in which case hearing	session deposit is
	withdrawn more than 10 calendar	session fees shall be computed	intended to make it easier
	days before the date that a	as provided in paragraph (d).	for claimants to
	hearing on the merits under Rule	The arbitrator(s) may	understand how much
	13600 is scheduled to begin, a	determine in the award that a	they have to pay when
	party paying a filing fee will receive	party shall reimburse to	they file a claim and what,
	a partial refund of the filing fee in	another party any non-	if any, portion of that fee
	the amount indicated in the	refundable filing fee it has paid.	may be refunded.
	schedule below, less any other	If a customer is assessed	
	fees or costs assessed against the	forum fees in connection with	In addition, several sets of
	party under the Code, including	an industry claim, forum fees	brackets in the filing fee
	any hearing session fees	assessed against the customer	schedule would be
	assessed under Rule 13902. No	shall be based on the hearing	condensed. Currently,
	refund will be paid if the NASD	deposit required under the	there are 14 separate fee
	receives notice that a claim is	industry claims schedule for	brackets in the customer
	settled or withdrawn within 10	the amount awarded to	filing fee schedule. Some
	calendar days of the date that the	industry parties to be paid by	of the fees for different
	hearing on the merits under Rule	the customer and not based on	brackets are the same;
	13600 is scheduled to begin.	the size of the industry claim.	others are separated by
		No fees shall be assessed	amounts ranging from
	See table – Partial Refund for	against a customer in	\$25-\$100. The result is a
	Settlement or Withdrawal More Than	connection with an industry	schedule that is confusing

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	10 Days Before Hearing on the MeritsAppendix 3).(2) If the claim does not request	claim that is dismissed; however, in cases where there is also a customer claim, the customer may be assessed	and difficult to read. To simplify the schedule, the customer filing fee brackets would be
	or specify money damages, and the Director determined that the hearing session fee should be a	forum fees based on the customer claim under the procedure set out above.	reorganized as follows: the \$.01-\$1,000 bracket (\$50) and the \$1,000-\$2,500
	different amount than the amount specified in the schedule in Rule 13902, the amount of the refund	Amounts deposited by a party shall be applied against forum fees, if any. In addition to	bracket (\$75) would be combined and the filing fee for the new bracket
	will be the amount of the hearing session fee determined by the Director, less any fees or costs assessed against the party under	forum fees, the arbitrator(s) may determine in the award the amount of costs incurred pursuant to Rules 10319,	would be \$75; the \$25,000-\$30,000 bracket (\$600) and the \$30,000-50,000 bracket (\$625)
	the Code, including any hearing session fees assessed under Rule 13902.	10321, 10322, and 10326 and, unless applicable law directs otherwise, other costs and	would be combined, and the filing fee for the new bracket would be \$600; and the \$1 million - \$3
	(d) Reimbursement of Filing Fees	expenses of the parties and arbitrator(s) which are within the scope of the agreement of	million bracket (\$1,700), the \$3 million - \$5 million
	In the award, the panel may order a party to reimburse another party for	the parties. The arbitrator(s) shall determine by whom such	bracket (\$1,800), the \$5 million - \$10 million
	all or part of any filing fee paid.	costs shall be borne. If the hearing session fees are not assessed against a party who had made a hearing deposit, the hearing deposit will be refunded unless the arbitrators	bracket (\$1,800) and the over \$10 million bracket (\$1,800) would be combined, and the filing fee for the new bracket would be \$1,800.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		determine otherwise. (d) For claims filed separately which are subsequently joined or consolidated under Rule 10314(d), the hearing deposit and forum fees assessable per hearing session after joinder or consolidation shall be based on the cumulative amount in	The proposed changes would not result in an increase in the total amount of fees paid by customers or associated persons when filing a claim, except that for claims of up to \$1,000, the customer's overall filing
		dispute. The arbitrator(s) shall determine by whom such fees shall be borne. (e) If the dispute, claim, or controversy does not involve, disclose, or specify a money claim, the non-refundable filing fee for a public customer shall	fees would increase by \$25, for claims of \$30,000 to \$50,000, the customer's overall filing fees would decrease by \$50, and for claims of \$1 million to \$3 million, the customer's overall filing fees would increase by \$100.
		be \$250 and the non- refundable filing fee for an industry party shall be \$500. The hearing session deposit to be remitted by a party shall be \$1,000 or such greater or lesser amount as the Director of Arbitration or the panel of arbitrators may require, but	Corresponding changes would be made to the member filing fee schedule.

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		shall not exceed the maximum amount specified in the	
		schedule. (f) The Association shall retain	
		the total initial amount deposited as hearing session deposits by all the parties in any matter submitted and settled or withdrawn within eight business days of the first scheduled hearing session other than a pre-hearing conference.	
		(g) Any matter submitted and thereafter settled or withdrawn subsequent to the commencement of the first hearing session, including a pre-hearing conference with an arbitrator, shall be subject to an assessment of forum fees and	
		costs incurred pursuant to Rules 10319, 10321, 10322, and 10326 based on hearing sessions held and scheduled within eight business days after	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		the Association receives notice that the matter has been settled or withdrawn. The arbitrator(s) shall determine by whom such forum fees and costs shall be borne.	
		(h) Reserved	
		(i) Reserved	
		(j) Reserved	
		(k) Schedule of Fees	
		For purposes of the schedule of fees, the term "claim" includes Claims, Counterclaims, Third-Party Claims, and Cross-Claims. Any such claim made by a customer or associated person is treated as a customer claim for purposes of the schedule of fees. Any such claim made by a member is an industry claim.	
		[See Customer or Associated	

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COMPARISON CHART OF

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		Person Claimant Table in Appendix 1. See Member Claimant Table in Appendix 2.]	
Member Surcharge	 (a) A surcharge in the amount indicated in the schedule below will be assessed against each member that: Files a claim, counterclaim, cross claim, or third party claim under the Code; Is named as a respondent in a claim, counterclaim, cross claim, or third party claim filed and served under the Code; or Employed, at the time the dispute arose, an associated person who is named as a respondent in a 	10333. Member Surcharge and Process Fees (a) Member Surcharge (1) Each member that is named as a party to an arbitration proceeding, whether in a Claim, Counterclaim, Cross-Claim or Third-Party Claim, shall be assessed a surcharge pursuant to the schedule below when the Director of Arbitration perfects service of the claim naming the member on any party to the proceeding. (2) For each associated person who is named, the surcharge shall be assessed against the member or members that	No substantive change.

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT	claim, counterclaim, cross claim, or third party claim filed and served under the Code. (See table – Member Surcharge – Appendix 4). (b) If the claim does not request or specify money damages, the Director may determine that the member surcharge should be more or less than the amount specified in the schedule above, but in any event the	employed the associated person at the time of the events which gave rise to the dispute, claim or controversy. No member shall be assessed more than a single surcharge in any arbitration proceeding. (3) The surcharge shall not be chargeable to any other party under Rules 10332(c) and 10205(c) of the Code. The Director will refund the surcharge paid by a member in	COMMENTS
	amount of the member surcharge may not be more than \$3,750. (c) If the claim is filed by the member, the surcharge is due when the claim is filed. If the claim is filed against the member, or against an associated person employed by the member at the time of the events giving rise to the dispute, the surcharge is due when the claim is served in accordance with Rule 13300.	an arbitration filed by a customer if the arbitration panel: (A) denies all of a customer's claims against the member or associated person; and (B) allocates all forum fees assessed pursuant to Rule 10332(c) against the customer. The Director may also refund or cancel the member surcharge in extraordinary circumstances. [See Table in Appendix 4.]	
	(d) No member shall be assessed	(4) For purposes of this Rule,	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	more than a single surcharge in any arbitration. The panel may not reallocate a surcharge paid by a member to any other party. (e) The Director may refund or waive the member surcharge in extraordinary circumstances.	service is perfected when the Director of Arbitration properly serves the Respondents to such proceeding under Rule 10314 of the Code. (5) If the dispute, claim, or controversy does not involve, disclose, or specify a money claim, the non-refundable surcharge shall be \$1,500 or such greater or lesser amount as the Director of Arbitration or the panel of arbitrators may require, but shall not exceed the maximum amount specified in the schedule.	
Hearing Session Fees, and Other Costs and	13902. Hearing Session Fees, and Other Costs and Expenses	10332. Schedule of Fees for Customer Disputes	See comments to Rule 12900.
Expenses	(a) Hearing Session Fees (1) Hearing session fees will be charged for each hearing session. The total amount chargeable to	(b) A hearing session is any meeting between the parties and the arbitrator(s), including a pre-hearing conference with an arbitrator, which lasts four	
	the parties for each hearing session is based on the amount in	(4) hours or less. The forum fee for a pre-hearing	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	dispute, as specified in the schedule below. In the award, the panel will determine the amount of each hearing session fee that each party must pay.	conference with an arbitrator shall be the amount set forth in the schedules below as a hearing session deposit for a hearing with a single arbitrator.	
	(See table – Hearing Session Fees – Appendix 5).	(c) The arbitrators, in their awards, shall determine the amount chargeable to the	
	(2) If the claim does not request or specify money damages, the Director may determine that the	parties as forum fees and shall determine who shall pay such forum fees. Forum fees	
	hearing session fee should be more or less than the amount specified in the schedule above,	chargeable to the parties shall be assessed on a per hearing session basis, and the	
	but in any event the hearing session fee shall not be less than \$50 or more than \$1,200 for each hearing session.	aggregate for each hearing session may equal but shall not exceed the amount of the largest initial hearing deposit	
	(3) If there is more than one claim in a proceeding, the amount	deposited by any party, except in a case where claims have been joined subsequent to	
	of hearing session fees will be based on the largest claim in the proceeding. If any claims are	filing in which case hearing session fees shall be computed as provided in paragraph (d). The arbitrator(s) may	
	joined or combined under Rules 13312, 13313, or 13314, the amount of those claims will be	determine in the award that a party shall reimburse to	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	aggregated and they will be	another party any non-	
	treated as one claim for purposes	refundable filing fee it has paid.	
	of this paragraph.	If a customer is assessed	
		forum fees in connection with	
	(b) Payment of Hearing Session	an industry claim, forum fees	
	Fees	assessed against the customer	
		shall be based on the hearing	
	(1) The panel may assess the	deposit required under the	
	hearing session fees in the award,	industry claims schedule for	
	or may require the parties to pay	the amount awarded to	
	hearing session fees during the	industry parties to be paid by	
	course of the arbitration. The total	the customer and not based on	
	amount that the panel may require	the size of the industry claim.	
	the parties to pay for each hearing	No fees shall be assessed	
	session during the course of an	against a customer in	
	arbitration may not exceed the	connection with an industry	
	total amount chargeable to the	claim that is dismissed;	
	parties for each hearing session	however, in cases where there	
	under the schedule to paragraph	is also a customer claim, the	
	(a) of this Rule.	customer may be assessed	
		forum fees based on the	
	(2) Any interim hearing session	customer claim under the	
	fee payments made by a party	procedure set out above.	
	under this Rule will be deducted	Amounts deposited by a party	
	from the total amount of hearing	shall be applied against forum	
	session fees assessed against	fees, if any. In addition to	
	that party in the award. If the	forum fees, the arbitrator(s)	
	amount of interim payments is	may determine in the award	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	more than the amount assessed against the party in the award, the balance will be refunded to that	the amount of costs incurred pursuant to Rules 10319, 10321, 10322, and 10326 and, unless applicable law directs	
	party.	otherwise, other costs and	
	(c) Assessment of Other Costs and Expenses in Award	expenses of the parties and arbitrator(s) which are within the scope of the agreement of	
	In its award, the panel must also determine the amount of any costs and expenses incurred by the parties	the parties. The arbitrator(s) shall determine by whom such costs shall be borne. If the	
	under the Code or that are within the scope of the agreement of the parties, and which party or parties will pay those costs and expenses.	hearing session fees are not assessed against a party who had made a hearing deposit, the hearing deposit will be refunded unless the arbitrators	
	(d) Assessment of Hearing	determine otherwise.	
	Session Fees, Costs, and Expenses in Case of Settlement or Withdrawal	(d) For claims filed separately which are subsequently joined or consolidated under Rule	
	If a claim is settled or withdrawn:	10314(d), the hearing deposit and forum fees assessable per	
	The parties will be subject to an assessment of hearing session fees for hearing sessions already held.	hearing session after joinder or consolidation shall be based on the cumulative amount in dispute. The arbitrator(s) shall determine by whom such fees	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
SUBJECT	If NASD receives notice that a claim is settled or withdrawn within 10 calendar days of the date that the hearing on the merits under Rule 13600 is scheduled to begin, parties that paid a filing fee under Rule 13900 will not be entitled to any refund of the filing fee. The parties will also be	shall be borne. (f) The Association shall retain the total initial amount deposited as hearing session deposits by all the parties in any matter submitted and settled or withdrawn within eight business days of the first scheduled hearing session other than a pre-hearing conference.	COMMENTS
	responsible for any fee or costs incurred under Rules 13502, 13513, 13601, or 13606 in connection with such hearings. If a case is settled and the parties' agreement fails to allocate such fees and costs, the fees and costs will be allocated as provided by Rule 13701(c). If a case is withdrawn, the panel will allocate such fees and costs in accordance with Rule 13702(c).	(g) Any matter submitted and thereafter settled or withdrawn subsequent to the commencement of the first hearing session, including a pre-hearing conference with an arbitrator, shall be subject to an assessment of forum fees and costs incurred pursuant to Rules 10319, 10321, 10322, and 10326 based on hearing sessions held and scheduled within eight business days after the Association receives notice that the matter has been settled or withdrawn. The	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
		arbitrator(s) shall determine by whom such forum fees and costs shall be borne.	
Process Fees	13903. Process Fees Paid by	10333. Member Surcharge	
Paid by Members	Members	and Process Fees	
-	(a) Each member that is a party to	(b) Prehearing and Hearing	
	an arbitration in which more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and	Process Fees	
	expenses, is in dispute must pay:	(1) Each member that is a party to an arbitration proceeding in	
	 A non-refundable prehearing process fee of \$750, due at the time the parties are sent 	which more than \$25,000 is in dispute will pay:	
	arbitrator lists in accordance with Rule 13403(b); and	(A) a non-refundable prehearing process fee of \$750, due at the time the	
	 A non-refundable hearing process fee, due when the parties are notified of the date 	parties are sent arbitrator lists in accordance with Rule 10308(b)(5); and	
	and location of the hearing on the merits under Rule 13600, as set forth in the schedule below.	(B) a non-refundable hearing process fee, due when the parties are notified of the date	
	(See table – Hearing Process Fees Schedule – Appendix 6).	and location of the first hearing session, as set forth in the	
	(b) If an associated person of a	schedule below.	

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	member is a party, the member that employed the associated person at the time the dispute arose will be charged the process fees, even if the member is not a party. No member shall be assessed more than one prehearing and one hearing process fee in any arbitration. (c) The panel may not reallocate to any other party any prehearing and hearing process fees paid by a member.	(2) If an associated person of a member is a party, the member that employed the associated person at the time of the events which gave rise to the dispute, claim or controversy will be charged the process fees, even if the member is not a party. No member shall be assessed more than one prehearing and one hearing process fee in any arbitration proceeding. (3) The prehearing and hearing process fees shall not be chargeable to any other party under Rules 10332(c) and 10205(c) of the Code. [See Hearing Process Fee Schedule table in Appendix 5.]	

PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
13904. Awards	10330. Awards	No substantive change.
(a) All awards shall be in writing and signed by a majority of the arbitrators or as required by applicable law. Such awards may be entered as a judgment in any court of competent jurisdiction. (b) Unless the applicable law directs otherwise, all awards rendered under this Code are final and are not subject to review or appeal. (c) The Director will serve a copy of the award on each party, or the representative of the party. The Director will serve the award by using any method available and convenient to the parties and the Director, and that is reasonably expected to cause the award to be delivered to all	 (a) All awards shall be in writing and signed by a majority of the arbitrators or in such manner as is required by applicable law. Such awards may be entered as a judgment in any court of competent jurisdiction. (b) Unless the applicable law directs otherwise, all awards rendered pursuant to this Code shall be deemed final and not subject to review or appeal. (c) The Director will serve a copy of the award on each party, or the representative of the party. The Director will serve the award by using any 	No substantive change.
parties, or their representative, on the same day. Methods the Director may use include, but are not limited to, first class, registered or certified mail, hand delivery, and facsimile or other	convenient to the parties and the Director, and that is reasonably expected to cause the award to be delivered to all parties, or their counsel, on the	
	 (a) All awards shall be in writing and signed by a majority of the arbitrators or as required by applicable law. Such awards may be entered as a judgment in any court of competent jurisdiction. (b) Unless the applicable law directs otherwise, all awards rendered under this Code are final and are not subject to review or appeal. (c) The Director will serve a copy of the award on each party, or the representative of the party. The Director will serve the award by using any method available and convenient to the parties and the Director, and that is reasonably expected to cause the award to be delivered to all parties, or their representative, on the same day. Methods the Director may use include, but are not limited to, first class, registered or certified mail, 	(a) All awards shall be in writing and signed by a majority of the arbitrators or as required by applicable law. Such awards may be entered as a judgment in any court of competent jurisdiction. (b) Unless the applicable law directs otherwise, all awards rendered under this Code are final and are not subject to review or appeal. (c) The Director will serve a copy of the award on each party, or the representative of the party. The Director will serve the award by using any method available and convenient to the parties and the Director, and that is reasonably expected to cause the award to be delivered to all parties, or their representative, on the same day. Methods the Director may use include, but are not limited to, first class, registered or certified mail, hand delivery, and facsimile or other

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	(d) The panel shall endeavor to render an award within 30 business days from the date the record is closed.	Director may use include, but are not limited to, registered or certified mail, hand delivery, and facsimile or other electronic transmission.	
	(e) The award shall contain the following:The names of the parties;	(d) The arbitrator(s) shall endeavor to render an award within thirty (30) business days from the date the record is closed.	
	 The name of the parties' representatives, if any; 	(e) The award shall contain the names of the parties, the name	
	 An acknowledgement by the arbitrators that they have each read the pleadings and other materials filed by the parties; 	of counsel, if any, a summary of the issues, including the type(s) of any security or product, in controversy, the damages and other relief requested, the damages and	
	 A summary of the issues, including the type(s) of any security or product, in controversy; 	other relief awarded, a statement of any other issues resolved, the names of the arbitrators, the dates the claim was filed and the award	
	 The damages and other relief requested; 	rendered, the number and dates of hearing sessions, the location of the hearings, and the signatures of the arbitrators	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	The damages and other relief awarded;	concurring in the award. (f) All awards and their	
	 A statement of any other issues resolved; 	contents shall be made publicly available.	
	 The allocation of forum fees and any other fees allocable by the panel; 	(g) Fees and assessments imposed by the arbitrators under Rules 10205 and 10332 shall be paid immediately upon	
	 The names of the arbitrators; 	the receipt of the award by the parties. Payment of such fees shall not be deemed ratification	
	 The dates the claim was filed and the award rendered; 	of the award by the parties. (h) All monetary awards shall be paid within thirty (30) days of receipt unless a motion to	
	 The number and dates of hearing sessions; 	vacate has been filed with a court of competent jurisdiction. An award shall bear interest	
	 The location of the hearings; and 	from the date of the award: (1) if not paid within thirty (30) days of receipt, (2) if the award	
	 The signatures of the arbitrators. 	is the subject of a motion to vacate which is denied, or (3) as specified by the arbitrator(s)	
	(f) All awards shall be made publicly	in the award. Interest shall be assessed at the legal rate, if	

SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	available. (g) Fees and assessments imposed by the arbitrators under the Code shall be paid immediately upon the receipt of the award by the parties. Payment of such fees shall not be deemed ratification of the award by the parties.	any, then prevailing in the state where the award was rendered, or at a rate set by the arbitrator(s).	
	(h) All monetary awards shall be paid within 30 calendar days of receipt unless a motion to vacate has been filed with a court of competent jurisdiction. An award shall bear interest from the date of the award:		
	 If not paid within 30 calendar days of receipt; If the award is the subject of a motion to vacate which is denied; or 		
	As specified by the panel in the award.		
	Interest shall be assessed at the legal rate, if any, then prevailing in the state where the award was		

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SUBJECT	PROPOSED RULE	CURRENT RULE	COMMENTS
	rendered, or at a rate set by the arbitrator(s).		