OMB APPROVAL

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Page 1 o	of 63			EXCHANGE (GTON, D.C. 2 Form 19b-4		SSION	File No. Si	
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Initial ✓		Amendment	Withdrawal	Section 19(I	0)(2)	Section 19(b)(3))(A)	Section 19(b)(3)(B)
Pilot		nsion of Time Period commission Action	Date Expires			19b-4(f)(2)	19b-4(f)(4) 19b-4(f)(5) 19b-4(f)(6)	
Exhibit 2	Sent As	s Paper Document	Exhibit 3 Sent As Pap	per Document				
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has du	ant to th	e requirements of the S ed this filing to be signe	· ·		nereunto	duly authorized officer		
Ву	Patrice	e Gliniecki		Senior Vice P	resident	and Deputy General	I Counsel	
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 For complete Form 19b-4 instructions please refer to the EFFS website. The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a Form 19b-4 Information clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the Remove proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act. The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for **Exhibit 1 - Notice of Proposed Rule Change** publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register Add Remove (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3) Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such Exhibit 2 - Notices, Written Comments. documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall **Transcripts, Other Communications** be filed in accordance with Instruction G. Add Remove View Exhibit Sent As Paper Document Exhibit 3 - Form, Report, or Questionnaire Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is Add Remove View referred to by the proposed rule change. Exhibit Sent As Paper Document The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and **Exhibit 4 - Marked Copies** deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which Add Remove View it has been working. The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed **Exhibit 5 - Proposed Rule Text** changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be Add Remove View considered part of the proposed rule change. If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy **Partial Amendment** proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if View the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.

1. Text of Proposed Rule Change

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"), ¹ Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") (f/k/a National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD")) is filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") revisions to the study outline and selection specifications for the Limited Representative—Government Securities (Series 72) examination program. ² The proposed revisions update the material to reflect changes to the laws, rules and regulations covered by the examination and to better reflect the duties and responsibilities of a Limited Representative—Government Securities. FINRA is not proposing any textual changes to the By-Laws, Schedules to the By-Laws, or Rules of FINRA.

The revised study outline is attached. The Series 72 selection specifications have been submitted to the Commission under separate cover with a request for confidential treatment pursuant to Rule 24b-2 under the Act.³

- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Not applicable.

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

FINRA also is proposing corresponding revisions to the Series 72 question bank, but based upon instruction from the Commission staff, FINRA is submitting SR-FINRA-2007-032 for immediate effectiveness pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act and Rule 19b-4(f)(1) thereunder, and is not filing the question bank for Commission review. See Letter to Alden S. Adkins, Senior Vice President and General Counsel, NASD Regulation, from Belinda Blaine, Associate Director, Division of Market Regulation, SEC, dated July 24, 2000. The question bank is available for Commission review.

³ 17 CFR 240.24b-2.

2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization

At its meeting on January 24, 2001, the Board of Directors of NASD Regulation, Inc. authorized the staff to propose modifications to examination programs, including study outlines, examination specifications, and question banks, and to file the proposed modifications with the Commission, without obtaining further or specific authorization from the Board of Directors of NASD Regulation, Inc. The Board of Governors of FINRA (then known as NASD) had an opportunity to review that action at its meeting on January 25, 2001. No other action by FINRA is necessary for the filing of the proposed rule change.

As further discussed below, FINRA is filing the proposed rule change for immediate effectiveness. FINRA proposes to implement the revised Series 72 examination program on February 12, 2008. FINRA will announce the proposed rule change and the implementation date in a <u>Regulatory Notice</u> ("<u>Notice</u>") to be published on the same date as this filing.

3. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change</u>

(a) Purpose

Section 15A(g)(3) of the Act⁴ requires FINRA to prescribe standards of training, experience, and competence for persons associated with FINRA members. In accordance with that provision, FINRA has developed examinations, and administers examinations developed by other self-regulatory organizations, that are designed to establish that persons associated with FINRA members have attained specified levels of competence

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⁴ 15 U.S.C. 780-3(g)(3).

and knowledge. FINRA periodically reviews the content of the examinations to determine whether revisions are necessary or appropriate in view of changes pertaining to the subject matter covered by the examinations.

Pursuant to NASD Rule 1032(g), each associated person of a member who is included within the definition of representative in NASD Rule 1031(b) may register with FINRA as a Limited Representative—Government Securities if: (1) the individual's activities in the investment banking and securities business of the member are limited solely to the solicitation, purchase and sale of "government securities," as that term is defined in Sections 3(a)(42)(A) through (C) of the Act, for the account of a broker-dealer or public customer; and (2) the individual passes the Series 72 qualification examination.

A committee of industry representatives, together with FINRA staff, recently undertook a review of the Series 72 examination program. As a result of this review, FINRA is proposing to make revisions to the study outline to reflect changes to the laws, rules and regulations covered by the examination and to better reflect the duties and responsibilities of a Limited Representative—Government Securities.

Among other revisions, FINRA is proposing to add sections on NASD IM-2210-6 (Requirements for the Use of Investment Analysis Tools), NASD Rule 2370 (Borrowing From or Lending to Customers) and NASD Rule 2790 (Restrictions on the Purchase and Sale of Initial Equity Public Offerings).

FINRA is proposing to change the title of Section 3 of the study outline from "Other Related Securities and Financial Instruments" to "Related Securities and Financial Instruments" and the title of Section 5 from "Legal Considerations" to "Securities

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Industry Regulations and Legal Considerations." Further, as a result of the revisions discussed above, the number of questions on each section of the study outline were modified as follows: Government Securities, decreased from 25 to 22 questions; Mortgaged-Backed Securities, no changes to the number of questions (remains at 25 questions); Related Securities and Financial Instruments, no changes to the number of questions (remains at 9 questions); Economic Activity, Government Policy and the Behavior of Interest Rates, decreased from 16 to 13 questions; Securities Industry Regulations and Legal Considerations, increased from 10 to 15 questions; and Customer Considerations, increased from 15 to 16 questions.

FINRA is proposing similar changes to the Series 72 selection specifications and question bank. The number of questions on the Series 72 examination will remain at 100, and candidates will continue to have 3 hours to complete the exam. Also, each question will continue to count one point, and each candidate must correctly answer 70 percent of the questions to receive a passing grade.

(b) Statutory Basis

FINRA believes that the proposed revisions to the Series 72 examination program are consistent with the provisions of Sections 15A(b)(6)⁵ and 15A(g)(3) of the Act,⁶ which authorize FINRA to prescribe standards of training, experience, and competence for persons associated with FINRA members.

4. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition</u> FINRA does not believe that the proposed rule change will result in any burden

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⁵ 15 U.S.C. 780-3(b)(6).

on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

5. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed</u> <u>Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others</u>

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

Extension of Time Period for Commission Action

Not applicable.

7. <u>Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)</u>

The proposed rule change is effective upon filing pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Act^7 and Rule 19b-4(f)(1) thereunder, in that the proposed rule change constitutes a stated policy, practice, or interpretation with respect to the meaning, administration, or enforcement of an existing rule of FINRA. FINRA proposes to implement the revised Series 72 examination program on February 12, 2008. FINRA will announce the implementation date in a Notice to be published on the same date as this filing.

8. Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission

Not applicable.

9. Exhibits

Exhibit 1. Completed notice of proposed rule change for publication in the

⁶ 15 U.S.C. 780-3(g)(3).

⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(i).

⁸ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(1).

Federal Register.

Exhibit 3a. Revised Study Outline for the Series 72 Examination.

Exhibit 3b. Revised Selection Specifications for the Series 72 Examination. FINRA has requested confidential treatment for the Series 72 revised selection specifications, and thus the specifications are omitted from this filing. The Series 72 revised selection specifications have been filed separately with the Commission pursuant to Rule 24b-2 under the Act.⁹

Exhibit 3c. Letter to Alden S. Adkins, Senior Vice President and General Counsel, NASD Regulation, Inc. from Belinda Blaine, Associate Director, Division of Market Regulation, SEC, dated July 24, 2000.

^{9 17} CFR 240.24b-2.

EXHIBIT 1

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

(Release No. 34- ; File No. SR-FINRA-2007-032)

Self-Regulatory Organizations: Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change Relating to Revisions to the Series 72 Examination Program

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on , Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") (f/k/a National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD")) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by FINRA. FINRA has designated the proposed rule change as constituting a stated policy, practice, or interpretation with respect to the meaning, administration, or enforcement of an existing rule of the self-regulatory organization pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Act³ and Rule 19b-4(f)(1) thereunder,⁴ which renders the proposal effective upon receipt of this filing by the Commission. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change</u>

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(i).

⁴ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(1).

FINRA is filing revisions to the study outline and selection specifications for the Limited Representative—Government Securities (Series 72) examination program.⁵ The proposed revisions update the material to reflect changes to the laws, rules and regulations covered by the examination and to better reflect the duties and responsibilities of a Limited Representative—Government Securities. FINRA is not proposing any textual changes to the By-Laws, Schedules to the By-Laws, or Rules of FINRA.

The revised study outline is attached. The Series 72 selection specifications have been submitted to the Commission under separate cover with a request for confidential treatment pursuant to Rule 24b-2 under the Act.⁶

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, FINRA included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. FINRA has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections (A), (B), and (C) below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and</u> Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

FINRA also is proposing corresponding revisions to the Series 72 question bank, but based upon instruction from the Commission staff, FINRA is submitting SR-FINRA-2007-032 for immediate effectiveness pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act and Rule 19b-4(f)(1) thereunder, and is not filing the question bank for Commission review. See Letter to Alden S. Adkins, Senior Vice President and General Counsel, NASD Regulation, from Belinda Blaine, Associate Director, Division of Market Regulation, SEC, dated July 24, 2000. The question bank is available for Commission review.

⁶ 17 CFR 240.24b-2.

1. Purpose

Section 15A(g)(3) of the Act⁷ requires FINRA to prescribe standards of training, experience, and competence for persons associated with FINRA members. In accordance with that provision, FINRA has developed examinations, and administers examinations developed by other self-regulatory organizations, that are designed to establish that persons associated with FINRA members have attained specified levels of competence and knowledge. FINRA periodically reviews the content of the examinations to determine whether revisions are necessary or appropriate in view of changes pertaining to the subject matter covered by the examinations.

Pursuant to NASD Rule 1032(g), each associated person of a member who is included within the definition of representative in NASD Rule 1031(b) may register with FINRA as a Limited Representative—Government Securities if: (1) the individual's activities in the investment banking and securities business of the member are limited solely to the solicitation, purchase and sale of "government securities," as that term is defined in Sections 3(a)(42)(A) through (C) of the Act, for the account of a broker-dealer or public customer; and (2) the individual passes the Series 72 qualification examination.

A committee of industry representatives, together with FINRA staff, recently undertook a review of the Series 72 examination program. As a result of this review, FINRA is proposing to make revisions to the study outline to reflect changes to the laws, rules and regulations covered by the examination and to better reflect the duties and responsibilities of a Limited Representative—Government Securities.

⁷ 15 U.S.C. 780-3(g)(3).

Among other revisions, FINRA is proposing to add sections on NASD IM-2210-6 (Requirements for the Use of Investment Analysis Tools), NASD Rule 2370 (Borrowing From or Lending to Customers) and NASD Rule 2790 (Restrictions on the Purchase and Sale of Initial Equity Public Offerings).

FINRA is proposing to change the title of Section 3 of the study outline from "Other Related Securities and Financial Instruments" to "Related Securities and Financial Instruments" and the title of Section 5 from "Legal Considerations" to "Securities Industry Regulations and Legal Considerations." Further, as a result of the revisions discussed above, the number of questions on each section of the study outline were modified as follows: Government Securities, decreased from 25 to 22 questions; Mortgaged-Backed Securities, no changes to the number of questions (remains at 25 questions); Related Securities and Financial Instruments, no changes to the number of questions (remains at 9 questions); Economic Activity, Government Policy and the Behavior of Interest Rates, decreased from 16 to 13 questions; Securities Industry Regulations and Legal Considerations, increased from 10 to 15 questions; and Customer Considerations, increased from 15 to 16 questions.

FINRA is proposing similar changes to the Series 72 selection specifications and question bank. The number of questions on the Series 72 examination will remain at 100, and candidates will continue to have 3 hours to complete the exam. Also, each question will continue to count one point, and each candidate must correctly answer 70 percent of the questions to receive a passing grade.

2. Statutory Basis

FINRA believes that the proposed revisions to the Series 72 examination program

are consistent with the provisions of Sections 15A(b)(6)⁸ and 15A(g)(3) of the Act,⁹ which authorize FINRA to prescribe standards of training, experience, and competence for persons associated with FINRA members.

B. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition</u>

FINRA does not believe that the proposed rule change will result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

C. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others</u>

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. <u>Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action</u>

The proposed rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Act¹⁰ and Rule 19b-4(f)(1) thereunder,¹¹ in that the proposed rule change constitutes a stated policy, practice, or interpretation with respect to the meaning, administration, or enforcement of an existing rule of the self-regulatory organization. FINRA proposes to implement the revised Series 72 examination program on February 12, 2008. FINRA will announce the implementation date in a <u>Regulatory Notice</u> to be published on the same date as this filing.

^{8 15} U.S.C. 78o-3(b)(6).

⁹ 15 U.S.C. 780-3(g)(3).

¹⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(i).

¹¹ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(1).

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission may summarily abrogate such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form
 (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-FINRA-2007-032 on the subject line.

Paper Comments:

Send paper comments in triplicate to Nancy M. Morris, Secretary,
 Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-FINRA-2007-032. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed

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with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Room. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of FINRA.

All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-FINRA-2007-032 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority. 12

Nancy M. Morris

Secretary

¹² 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).



Government Securities Limited Representative Qualification Examination (Test Series 72)

Study Outline

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Introduction

The Government Securities Limited Representative Qualification Examination (Series 72) is used to qualify persons seeking registration with FINRA under FINRA By-Laws Article III, Section 2 and NASD Rule 1032(g). Registered representatives in this limited category of registration are permitted to transact a member's business in government securities, agency securities, and agency-backed mortgage securities. This category, by itself, does not allow a registered representative to transact a member's business in options on government securities. Candidates seeking to conduct transactions in this latter product must also register as registered options representatives.

This study outline has been prepared to assist member firms in preparing candidates to sit for the Series 72 Examination. It may be used to structure or prepare training material and develop lecture notes and seminar programs, as well as a training aid for the candidates themselves. The outline and the test are divided into the six sections, which are listed below along with the number of questions devoted to each section.

Section	Description	Number of Questions
1	Government Securities	22
2	Mortgaged-Backed Securities	25
3	Related Securities and Financial Instruments	9
4	Economic Activity, Government Policy and the	13
	Behavior of Interest Rates	
5	Securities Industry Regulations and Legal	15
	Considerations	
6	Customer Considerations	16
Total		100

The Series 72 Examination is comprised of 100 questions, and 180 minutes of testing time is allowed to complete the examination. A candidate must correctly answer 70 percent of the questions to receive a passing grade. The test is administered as a closed-book exam. Scratch paper and basic electronic calculators will be provided by the proctor. At the completion of the test, candidates will receive an informational breakdown of their performance in each of the above sections, along with their overall score and grade. Topics in this examination may be tested by requiring a candidate to apply the concepts to real-life situations. In some instances, this may require basic level computations.

Examination questions will be updated to reflect the most current interpretations of the rules and regulations. Questions on new rules will be added to the pool of questions for this examination within a reasonable time period after their effective dates. Questions on rescinded rules will be promptly deleted from the pool of questions.

There is a reference list at the end of this study outline that may be used as a source material starting point for course developers in preparing training programs. In addition, nonmember commercial training vendors may offer packaged study courses specifically designed for this registration category. These vendors are often listed in local yellow page directories and advertise in securities industry periodicals.

Copies of this outline may be obtained from the FINRA Web Site at www.finra.org.

The last chapter of this outline contains sample test questions. These samples do not mirror the difficulty level of actual test questions or the subject-matter distribution of the test itself. Their use is merely to familiarize the candidate with the styles of multiple-choice questions used in the Series 72 Examination.

1.0 Government Securities

1.1	Types and	characteristics of	Government	Securities
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1.1.1	Direct	Obligations	of the	US	Treasury
1.1.1	DILCU	Obligations	or the	$\mathbf{v}_{\bullet}\mathbf{v}_{\bullet}$	II Casui v

1.1.1.1 Treasury securities -- Benchmark that is the source of credit, marketability and liquidity for other financial markets

Full faith and credit of the United States

Treasury bills

Treasury notes

Treasury bonds

Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS)

Treasury inflation-indexed securities (also referred to as TIPS)

1.1.1.2 Non-marketable Treasury instruments

United States Savings Bonds (Series EE and I)

SLGS (State and Local Government Series)

1.1.2 Agency Securities - As a group, second only to Treasury securities for credit quality

1.1.2.1 General characteristics

Provide selected sectors of the economy with funding, capital or liquidity

May or may not be a direct obligation of the U.S. Government

Marketability and liquidity vary from issue to issue

Some issuers may be referred to as Government sponsored entities or GSE

1.1.2.2 Agencies with securities having explicit backing (full faith and credit) of the U.S. Government

Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA or Ginnie Mae)

Private Export Funding Corporation (PEFCO)

Small Business Administration (SBA)

1.1.2.3 Agencies with securities that do not have explicit backing of the U.S. Government

Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac)

Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB)

Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB)

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC or Freddie Mac)

Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA or Fannie Mae)

Financing Corporation (FICO)

Resolution Funding Corporation (Refcorp)

Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)

1.1.2.4 Types of issued Agency securities

Debentures

Discount notes

Global issues

Medium-term notes

Structured notes

Reference notes (benchmark securities)

1.1.3 Stripped Securities

Definition

Features

Mechanics of creating and trading

Types

Treasury STRIPS (Separate Trading of Registered Interest and

Principal of Securities)

Proprietary instruments (e.g., CATS, TIGRS, TRs [Treasury

Receipts])

Agency stripped securities (e.g., Refcorp, FICO)

1.1.4 Maturity and Denominations of Various Government Securities

1.1.5 Call Provisions

Continuous call provisions

Discrete call provisions

One-time-only calls

1.1.6 Interest Payment Methods

Frequency of payment

Fixed

Discount

At maturity

Variable

Floater: indexed to

Treasury bills

CMT (Constant Maturity Treasury)

LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate)

Inverse floater

Indexed notes and bonds

Step ups

Interest rate floor and/or caps

1.1.7 Methods of Quotation

Current yield

Day count method

Discount basis/Bond equivalent yield

Dollar price

Money market equivalent yield

Option adjusted spread (OAS)

Quotation services

Quotations vs. firm market

Value of a basis point (.0001 or .01%)

Yield to call

Yield to maturity

Yield/spread relationship

1.1.8 Methods of Settlement and Delivery

Settlement

Regular

Cash

When issued

Delayed

Corporate settlement

Skip Day

Accrued interest

Financing positions under delayed settlement

Forms of delivery

Book entry only

Fully registered

1.2 The Market for Government Securities

1.2.1 Participants in the Market and the Role of Each

Federal Reserve

Primary dealers

Government securities dealers

Government securities brokers and inter-dealer brokers

Investors, retail and institutional

1.2.2 Functions of a Trader

Financing the trading position

Bank financing

Repurchase Agreements (REPOs)

Securities borrowing and lending

Give quotes

Hedging/arbitrage

Make markets

Position trading Securing collateral for delivery/reverse repos Supply information to salespersons

1.2.3 New Issues

1.2.3.1 U.S. Treasury auction process

Treasury announcement

Types and mechanics of bids

Competitive

Non-competitive

Treasury direct

Basis of awards/prorating of awards

Limitations on auction awards

Types of auctions

Standard

Dutch

Reopening of existing issues

1.2.3.2 Primary market for Agency securities

Selling group

Discount note program

Debenture program

Negotiated

Reverse inquiry

Dealer reallowance

Concession

Competitive bidding

1.2.4 The Secondary Market

1.2.4.1 Kinds of transactions

Principal

Agent

1.2.4.2 When-issued trading

Pre-auction trading of Treasury securities

Post-auction trading of Treasury securities

Forward/reverse roll trading

1.2.4.3 Methods of comparing bond prices

Bids vs. offers

Round lot/odd lot

Duration

Expression of dollar price/yield

Yield to call

Yield to maturity

2.0 Mortgage-Backed Securities

2.1	Dovolonmont	/Evolution	of Mortgage-	Doolsod (Committee
4.1	Developmen	/Evolution	or mortgage-	Dackeu S	securiues

	2.1.1	The Underlying Mortgage
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2.1.1.1 Definition of mortgage loan

Collateralized by real estate

Monthly amortization

2.1.1.2 Traditional mortgage lenders — the institutions that make the loans

Commercial banks

Mortgage bankers

Savings and loan associations

2.1.1.3 Types of mortgage loans

Commercial

Project loans

Residential

Conforming vs. non-conforming

Conventional

FHA/VA

Manufactured housing (mobile homes)

Multi-family residential (5 or more units)

Single-family residential (1 to 4 units)

Whole loan

2.1.1.4 Characteristics of mortgage loans

Adjustable rate (ARM)

Caps and floors

Periodic

Lifetime

Convertible vs. nonconvertible

Indexed to

COFI (Cost of Funds Index)

CMT (Constant Maturity Treasury)

LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate)

Initial rates, "teaser rates"

Reset parameters

Payment reset

Interest rate reset

Assumable vs. non-assumable

Fixed rate

Loan size

Maturities

30-year (fully amortized)

20-year (fully amortized)

15-year (fully amortized)

7-year (balloons)

5-year (balloons)

Others (*e.g.*, 10-year, 20-year, interest only and graduated payments)

Underwriting standards (loan-to-value [LTV] ratio and underwriting ratios)

Mortgage amortization

2.1.2 Securitization of the Mortgages

2.1.2.1 Purposes

Facilitate issuance of mortgages

Meet legislative intent to provide housing

Provide capital for the mortgage industry and liquidity to the housing market

2.1.2.2 Creating pass-through securities

Pooling process

Originator

Seller

Servicer

Paying agent

2.2 Mortgage-Backed Securities — Types, Structure and Features

2.2.1 Pass-Through Securities or Participation Certificates (PC) in a Securitized Pool of Mortgages

2.2.1.1 Ginnie Mae Full Modified Pass-Through Mortgage-Backed

Certificates(GNMA I and GNMA II)— composed of VA-guaranteed or FHA insured mortgages

30-year

15-year (midgets)

Adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs)

2.2.1.2 Fannie Mae (FNMA) Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates —composed of qualifying FNMA conventional residential mortgages or some FHA insured mortgages

30-year

15-year (dwarfs)

7-year (balloons)

Adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs)

2.2.1.3 Freddie Mac (FHLMC) Participation Certificates — composed of qualifying FHLMC conventional residential mortgages (Gold PCs and non-Gold PCs)

30-year

15-year (gnomes)

7-year (balloons)

5-year (balloons)

Adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs)

2.2.1.4 Private label

Underlying mortgages not guaranteed by FNMA, FHLMC or

GNMA

Structures (senior/subordinate, etc.)

Credit rating

2.2.2 Structured Mortgage Products — Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs) and Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits (REMICs)

Purpose for creation of CMOs and REMICs

Private label vs. agency

Investor preference for specified average life

Yield curve arbitrage

Trustees handle all legal documentation and processes for the structure

Ginnie Mae (GNMA) REMIC Pass-Through Securities

Fannie Mae (FNMA) REMIC Pass-Through Certificates

Freddie Mac (FHLMC) Multi-Class Mortgage Participation Certificates

2.2.3 Stripped Mortgage-Backed Securities

Interest only (IO)

Principal only (PO)

2.3 Characteristics of Mortgage-Backed Securities

2.3.1 Characteristics Common to All Mortgage-Backed Securities

Backed by real property

Credit ratings

Current face/amortized value

Factor

Fixed or floating rate securities

Maturity profile

Average life

Stated or final maturity

Original face value

Payment delay and payment date

Pool or series number

Prepayment of principal

Trade in the over-the-counter market (OTC)

2.3.2 Unique Characteristics of Specific Mortgage-Backed Securities

2.3.2.1 CMOs and REMICs

Guarantees (credit quality)

Payment dates

Minimum investments

Classes ("tranches"), such as:

Callable

Companion/support

Floating rate

Interest only (IO)

Inverse floaters

Planned amortization class (PAC)

Principal only (PO)

Residuals

Sequential (plain vanilla)

Targeted amortization class (TAC)

Z-tranches (accretion bonds or accrual bonds)

2.3.2.2 Pass-through securities (the "collateral market")

Guarantees

Minimum investments

Payment dates/stated delay

Principal repaid monthly

2.3.2.3 Various coupon/maturity terms

Weighted average maturity (WAM)

Weighted average coupon (WAC)

Weighted average loan age (WALA)

2.3.3 Impact of Interest Rate Changes on Prepayments

Effect on average life

Accelerated prepayment of principal

Decelerated prepayment of principal

Effect on value or price

2.4 The Mortgage-Backed Securities Market

2.4.1 Participants in the Market

Dealers — primary, secondary

Federal agencies

Investors — individual, institutional

2.4.2 The Distribution Process and Secondary Trading

2.4.2.1 Initial distribution

Pass-through securities — the securitization process is the primary

market

Structured mortgage products (CMOs and REMICs)

Offering circular

2.4.2.2 The secondary market

2.4.2.2.1 Kinds of transactions

Principal Agent

2.4.2.2.2 Functions of a trader

Finance the trading position

Dollar rolls

Bank financing

Repos

Give quotes

Hedging/arbitrage

Make markets

Position trading

Supply information to salespersons

2.4.2.2.3 Form of trading

To Be Announced (TBA) trading

Direct standard agreement between buyer and seller

Contract specifies amount, bond price and delivery date

Credit risk/counter party

Trading of specified pools

2.4.2.2.4 Mechanics of pricing

Bids vs. offers

Components of dollar price

Credit rating

Determination of yield

Expression of dollar price /yield

Identification of pool number

Knowledge of issue size

Prepayment speed assumption

Quotations vs. firm market

Round lot/odd lot

Spread relationships

2.4.3 Methods of Comparing Mortgage-Backed Securities

Application of volatility measures

FFIEC — Federal Financial Institutions Exam Council

FLUX — Flow Uncertainty Index

Cash flow spread vs. forward curve

Cash flow spread vs. spot curve

Convexity/negative convexity

Duration

Modified

Effective

Geographic distribution

Indices, resets, caps and floors for floating-rate tranches

Measuring prepayments

Constant Prepayment Rate (CPR)

Public Securities Association (PSA) prepayment model

Single Monthly Mortality (SMM)

Option adjusted spread (OAS)

Priority of cash flows

Single prepayment rate vs. vector of prepayment rates

Spread to Treasury curve based on comparable average life

Timing of cash flows

Lock-out period

Window period

Total return

Use of WAM, WAC, WALA

Volatility

Yield to maturity

Yield on discounted cash flow

Yield to average life

2.4.4 Methods of Settlement and Delivery

2.4.4.1 Pass-through securities

PSA settlement calendar

Delivery of specified pool

To be announced (TBA) good delivery

48 hour pool notice

Allocation procedures

Pool substitution cut-off time

Forms of delivery

Book entry at the Fed

Depository Trust Clearing Corp. (DTC)

Physical

2.4.4.2 REMICs and CMOs

Settlement

Regular way (T+3)

As otherwise specified

Blackout period/due bills

Delivery Book-entry DTC

3.0 Related Securities and Financial Instruments

3.1 Money Market Instruments

3.1.1 Commercial Paper

Issuer placed vs. dealer-placed paper

Maturities (1 day to 270 days)

Secondary market trading

Ratings

Moody's Investor Services

Standard & Poors Corporation

Fitch

Credit supported commercial paper

Letter of credit

Surety bond

Asset-backed commercial paper

Interest bearing/discount

3.1.2 Bankers Acceptances

Creation of bankers acceptances

Credit risk

Issued by domestic or foreign bank

Issued at a discount

Maturities (180 days or less)

Secondary market trading

3.1.3 Certificates of Deposit (CDs)

Brokered CDs

FDIC Insurance

Methods of calculating interest

Negotiable/ Jumbo CDs

Domestic CDs

Eurodollar CDs

Yankee CDs

Secondary market trading

Settlement

Various maturities

3.1.4 Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements

Types and Maturities

Overnight Repo

Open Repo/TFN (til further notice)

Term Repo

Collateral

Types of collateral restrictions Maturity of collateral restrictions

Haircut

Pricing collateral

Short squeeze/"special"

Rights of substitution

Tri-party Repo agreement

Matched/mismatched book

Mark to market

PSA agreement

Settlement

3.2 Other Instruments Affecting the Government Securities Market

3.2.1 Federal Funds

Definition

Fed funds rate

Market/participants

Purpose

3.2.2 Asset-Backed Securities (ABS)

3.2.2.1 Major types

Auto loans

Credit cards

Home equity loans

Collateralized debt obligations (CDOs)

Collateralized loan obligations (CLOs)

3.2.2.2 Impact on the government securities market

3.2.3 Interest Rate Futures

3.2.3.1 Types traded on exchanges

Eurodollar time deposit futures contracts

Credit risk

Euro strips contracts

Treasury Eurodollar (TED) spread

Fed funds futures

Treasury bill futures contracts

Two-year Treasury note futures contract

Five-year Treasury note futures contract

Ten-year Treasury note futures contracts

Treasury bond futures contracts

3.2.3.2 Characteristics

Actively traded

Agreement between buyer/seller and an established futures exchange or its clearing house

Contract specifies that buyer/seller take or make delivery of bonds or cash, at a specified price, at a designated time

Mark to market

Safety net characteristics, *i.e.*, exchange protection factors and procedures

Various expiration dates

3.2.3.3 Pricing

Basis trading Conversion factor

Terms of contract quotation

3.2.3.4 Impact on the government securities market

Open interest Liquidity

3.2.4 Options on Government Securities

3.2.4.1 Types

Options on cash instruments

Options on futures

- 3.2.4.2 Flexibility of over-the-counter options vs. exchange-traded options
- 3.2.4.3 Definitions and terminology

American vs. European style

At-the-money (ATM)

Call

Covered options

Expiration date

Implied volatility

In-the-money (ITM)

Intrinsic value

Option

Out-of-the-money (OTM)

Premium

Put

Strike price

Time value

4.0

Economic Activity, Government Policy, And The Behavior of Interest Rates

4.1 Fiscal Policy

4.1.1 Federal Budgetary Practices and Their Impact on the Money and Capital Markets

Federal deficits and surpluses — effects on the economy as a result of changes in fiscal policy

Taxation and spending — effects of congressional or executive authority to raise/lower federal taxes and/or spending

Multiplier effect of government taxing and spending

Lag effects on the economy of government action

Automatic stabilizers — effects in cushioning economic swings

Changes in private savings rates

Welfare transfer payments

4.1.2 U.S. Treasury Debt Management Practices

Impact of short-term and long-term financing Increase/decrease in amounts borrowed Impact on the average life of debt Regularity of debt issuance

4.1.3 Effects of Fiscal Policy on the Economy

4.1.3.1 Cyclical expansion

Effects of tax cuts

Increased government spending

Transfer payments

4.1.3.2 Structural contraction

Effects of tax increases

Decrease of government spending

4.2 Monetary Policy

4.2.1 Objectives of Federal Reserve Monetary Policy

Price stability

Long-term economic growth in an environment of low inflation (*i.e.*, an inflation rate such that economic plans are not impacted by inflationary expectations)

Low unemployment rate

Steady non-inflationary growth

Humphrey-Hawkins Act

4.2.2 Major Factors Influencing Federal Reserve Monetary Policy

Economic indices

Inflation signals and pressures

Rate of capital formation and investment

Foreign exchange considerations

4.2.3 Operations of the Federal Reserve

Role of the Board of Governors

Role of the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC)

Role of the Open Market Trading Desk

4.2.4 Operating Tools Used for Implementing Federal Reserve Policy

Open market operations

Adding and draining reserves (Repos and Reverse Repos)

Purchase and sale of securities

Discount window

Reserve requirements

Federal funds market

4.3 Behavior of Interest Rates

4.3.1 Supply and Demand for Credit Relative to the Business Cycle

Definition and characteristics of the business cycle

Public vs. private borrowing needs

4.3.2 Definition and Impact of Economic Indicators

Business inventories

Consumer confidence

Consumer credit

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

Employment Cost Index (ECI)

Employment data

Existing home sales

Housing starts and permits

Industrial production

Merchandise trade balance

National Purchasing Managers Survey (NAPM)

New home sales

Producer Price Index (PPI)

Retail sales

Weekly jobless claims

4.3.3 Yield Curve Analysis

Expectations of Fed policy moves and investor positioning on the curve

Impact of economic and financial conditions on shape of the yield curve

4.3.4 Technical Analysis — Definitions

Breakouts

Moving averages

Overbought

Oversold

Resistance levels

Support levels

4.4 Effects of International Factors on the U.S. Treasury Market

4.4.1 Currency Valuation

Appreciation

Depreciation

Exchange rate of U.S. dollar vs. other currencies

4.4.2 Balance of Payments

Current account surpluses/deficits

Impact of foreign monetary and fiscal policy on U.S. rates

Trade surpluses/deficits

5.0 Securities Industry Regulations and Legal Considerations

5.1 Applicable Federal Laws and SEC Rules Tl	Thereunder
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5.1	Applicable Federal Laws and SEC Rules Thereunder			
5.1.1	Securities Act of 1933 Purpose Section 3 — Government securities exempted from registration Section 17 — Fraudulent interstate transactions			
5.1.2	Securities Exchange Act of 1934			
5.1.2.1	Section 3 — Certain definitions under the Act Section 3(a) (4) —Broker Section 3(a) (5) —Dealer Section 3(a)(10) — Security Section 3(a)(12) — Exempted security Section 3(a)(41) — Mortgage related security Section 3(a)(42) — Government securities Section 3(a)(43) — Government securities broker Section 3(a)(44) — Government securities dealer Section 3(a)(45) — Person associated with a government securities broker or dealer			
5.1.2.2	Section 9 — Prohibitions against manipulation of security prices Section 9(a)(1) — Misleading appearance of active trading Section 9(a)(2) — Inducing purchase or sale by others Section 9(a)(3) — Dissemination of information as to rise or fall of security prices Section 9(a)(4) — Making false or misleading statements Section 9(a)(5) — Dissemination of information for consideration Section 9(a)(6) — Pegging, fixing, or stabilizing prices Section 9(e) — Liability for unlawful acts or transactions			
5.1.2.3	Section 10 — Regulation use of manipulative and deceptive devices Rule 10b-3 — Employment of manipulative and deceptive devices (by brokers or dealers) Rule 10b-16 — Disclosure of credit terms in margin transactions			
5.1.2.4	Section 15(c)(2) — Fraudulent acts or practices and fictitious quotation Rule 15c1-2 — Fraud and misrepresentation Rule 15c1-3 — Misrepresentation by brokers and dealers as to registration Rule 15c2-1 — Hypothecation of customers' securities			

5.1.2.5 Section 15C — Government securities brokers and dealers

Antifraud provisions applicable to issuers as well as to government securities brokers and dealers

Amendments of 1986 (the Government Securities Act of 1986)

Registration of government securities brokers and dealers with the SEC

Regulators

Treasury Department

Securities and Exchange Commission

Federal Reserve Bank of New York

NASD

Amendments of 1993 — Registration/qualification of government securities dealer personnel (only qualified to sell securities issued by the U.S. Government and its agencies; not qualified to sell private label CMOs and REMICs)

5.1.2.6 SEC Regulation S-P — Privacy of consumer financial information

Treatment of nonpublic personal information about consumers by financial institutions

5.1.3 Insider Trading Regulations

5.1.3.1 Insider Trading and Securities Fraud Enforcement Act of 1988

Section 3 — Civil penalties of controlling persons for illegal insider trading by controlled persons

Section 4 — Increases in criminal penalties

Section 5 — Liability to contemporaneous traders for insider trading

5.1.3.2 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and SEC Rules Thereunder

Rule 10b-5 — Employment of manipulative and deceptive devices

Insider trading

Material information

Non-public information

Insiders and tippees

The Chinese Wall doctrine

Rule 10b5-1 — Trading "on the basis of" material nonpublic

information in insider trading

Rule 10b5-2 — Duties of trust or confidence in misappropriation insider trading cases

5.1.4 Customer Confirmations

SEC Rule 10b-10—Confirmations NASD Rule 2230—Confirmations

5.1.5 Books and Records

5.1.5.1 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and SEC Rules Thereunder

Rule 17a-3 — Records to be made by certain exchange members, brokers, and dealers

Rule 17a-4—Records to be preserved by certain exchange members, brokers and dealers

Rule 17a-8 — Recordkeeping and reporting of currency and foreign transactions

17f-1 — Missing, lost, counterfeit or stolen securities reporting

5.1.5.2 NASD Rule 3110 — Books and records

Record of written complaints

"Complaint" defined

Requirements using predispute arbitration agreements with customer accounts

Negotiable instruments drawn from a customer's account Holding of customer mail

5.2 Treasury Department Regulations Governing the Issuance, Sale and Settlement of Government Securities (31 CFR)

5.2.1 Descriptions of Securities (Part 356.5 — all securities with the same CUSIP number are considered the same security)

5.2.2 Bidding, Certifications and Payment (Subpart B)

Noncompetitive and competitive bidding (Section 356.12)

Net long position (Section 356.13)

Submitting bids for customers (Section 356.14)

Certifications (Section 356.15)

Required notification to the Fed (Section 356.24d)

5.2.3 Large Position Reporting Requirement (Section 420)

5.3 NASD Rules

5.3.1 By-Laws

Article III — Qualifications of members and associated persons

Section 4 — Definition of disqualification

Article V — Registered representatives and associated persons

Section 4 — Retention of jurisdiction

Article VII — Powers and authority of the Board of Governors

Section 2 — Authority to cancel or suspend for failure to submit required information

Article XII — Disciplinary proceedings

Article XIII — Powers of Board to impose sanctions

5.3.2 Membership and Registration Rules

	Rule 1021(b) — Definition of principals Rule 1030 — Registration of representatives Definition of representatives Categories of representative registration General securities representative Limited representative — government securities Rule 1041 — Registration requirements for assistant representative- order processing Rule 1060 — Persons exempt from registration Rule 1080 — Confidentiality of examinations
	Rule 1120 — Continuing education requirements
5.3.3 5.3.3.1 5.3.3.2 5.3.3.3	Conduct Rules Rule 2110 — Standards of commercial honor and principles of trade Rule 2120 — Use of manipulative, deceptive or other fraudulent devices Rule 2210 — Communications with the public Definitions
	Advertisement Sales literature Public appearance Independently prepared reprint
	Approval and recordkeeping Standards applicable to all communications with the public Standards applicable to advertisements and sales literature IM2210-1—Guidelines to ensure that communications with the public are not misleading IM2210-4—Limitation on use NASD's name IM-2210-6—Requirements for the Use of Investment Analysis Tools IM2210-8—Communications with the public about collateralized
5.3.3.4	mortgage obligations (CMOs) Rule 2211—Institutional sales material and correspondence Correspondence Institutional sales material
5.3.3.5	Institutional investor Rule 2212 — Telemarketing
5.3.3.6	Rule 2250 — Disclosure of participation or interest in primary or secondary distribution
5.3.3.7	Rule 2270 — Disclosure of financial condition to customers Requirement to furnish most recent report of the firm's financial condition
5.3.3.8	Rule 2330 — Customers' securities or funds Improper use General provisions Authorization to lend Prohibition against guarantees Sharing in accounts; extent permissible
5.3.3.9	Rule 2340 — Customer account statements

	Requirement to send customers monthly and/or quarterly statements			
	on account activity			
5.3.3.10	Rule 2370—Borrowing from or lending to customers			
5.3.3.11	Rule 2420—Dealing with non-members			
5.3.3.12	Rule 2440 — Fair prices and commissions			
	Yield burning			
	IM-2440-2—Additional mark-up policy for transactions in debt			
	securities, except municipal securities			
5.3.3.13	Rule 2520 — Margin requirements			
	Government securities marginable			
5.3.3.14	Rule 2750—Transactions with related persons			
5.3.3.15	Rule 2790—Restrictions on the purchase and sale of initial equity public			
	offerings			
5.3.3.16	Rule 3010 — Supervision			
	Supervisory system			
	Written procedures			
	Written approval			
	Taping rule			
	Definitions			
	Office of supervisory jurisdiction			
	Branch office			
5.3.3.17	Rule 3120 — Use of information obtained in fiduciary capacity			
5.3.3.18	Rule 3011—Anti-money laundering compliance program			
5.3.4	Responsibilities Relating to Associated Persons, Employees, and Other's			
	Employees			
	Rule 3030 — Outside business activities of an associated person			
	Rule 3040 — Private securities transactions			
	Applicability			
	Written notice			
	Transactions for compensation			
	Transactions not for compensation			
	Definitions Definitions			
	Rule 3050— Transactions for or by associated persons			
	Rule 3060 — Influencing or rewarding employees of others			
	Rule 3070 — Reporting requirements			
	Rule 3080 — Disclosure to associated persons when signing Form U-4			
5.3.5	Trading			
	Rule 2320 — Best execution and interpositioning			
	Rule 3310 — Publication of transactions and quotations			
	IM-3310 — Manipulative and deceptive quotations			
	Rule 3320 — Offers at stated prices			
	IM-3320 — Firmness of quotations			
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5.3.6 Procedural Rules

5.3.6.1 Complaints, investigations and sanctions

Rule 8110 — Availability of Manual to customers

Rule 8120 — Definitions

Rule 8310 — Sanctions for violation of the rules

Rule 8320 — Payment of fines, other monetary sanctions, or costs;

summary action for failure to pay

Rule 8330 — Costs of proceedings

5.3.6.2 Code of Procedure

Rule 9100 — Application and purpose

Rule 9200 — Disciplinary proceedings

Rule 9300 — Review of disciplinary proceeding by National

Adjudicatory Council and NASD Board; application for Commission review

Rule 9500 —Other proceedings

Rule 9800—Temporary cease and desist orders

5.3.6.3 Code of Arbitration Procedure

Part I —Interpretive Material, Definitions, Organization and Authority

IM-12000 and IM-13000— Failure to act under provisions of code of arbitration procedure for customer/industry disputes

Rules 12105 and 13105—Agreement of the parties

Part II— General Arbitration Rules

Rule 12200—Arbitration under an arbitration agreement or the rules of NASD

Rule 12201—Elective arbitration

Rule 12202—Claims against inactive members

Rules 12204 and 13204—. Class action claims

Rule 12205—Shareholder derivative actions

Rule 13200—Required arbitration

Rule 13201—Statutory employment discrimination claims

Rule 13202—Claims involving registered clearing agencies

Part VIII —Simplified Arbitration and Default Proceedings

Rules 12800 and 13800— Simplified arbitration

Rules 12801 and 13801—Default proceedings

5.3.6.4 Rule 10400 — Mediation rules

5.4 Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970

5.4.1 Customer Claims

Definition of "separate customer"

Maximum limit on claims for securities

Maximum limit on claims for cash

Valuation of claims Submission of claims to trustee

5.4.2 SIPC vs. FDIC coverage

General securities firms covered/government securities broker/dealers not covered

Requirement for government securities broker/dealers to disclose their customers are not covered by SIPC — '34 Act, 15C(a)(4)

6.0 Customer Considerations

6.1 Customer Accounts

6.1.1 Opening Customer Accounts

6.1.1.1 Account documentation

NASD Rule 3110 – Books and records

Marking of customer order tickets

Customer account information

Changes in account name or designation

Customer name and residence

Whether of legal age

Reasonable effort to obtain:

Tax identification or social security number

Occupation of customer and name and address of employer

Whether associated person of another NASD member

Discretionary account information

Name and signature of person(s) authorized to exercise

discretion

NASD Rule 2510 — Discretionary accounts

6.1.1.2 Supplementary documentation — definitions

Credit agreement

Credit terms disclosure

Evidence of authority for:

Corporate accounts

Partnership accounts

Trust accounts

Fiduciaries/administrators

Investment advisor

Hypothecation agreement

Joint account agreement form

Joint tenants with right of survivorship

Tenants in common

Loan consent agreement

Power of attorney

Limited authorization

Full authorization

Discretionary account

Joint tenants with rights of survivorship

W-9 backup withholding form

6.1.1.3 Special requirements for accounts of deceased persons

Uniform Transfer-on-Death Security Registration Act

Outstanding orders

Cancellation

Freeze on assets in account until necessary documents are obtained from administrator or executor of estate

6.1.1.4 Forms of ownership of securities

Custodial accounts under the Uniform Transfers/Gifts to Minors Act

Irrevocability of gift

Custodian

Shares registered to beneficiary upon attaining majority

Individual registration

Joint tenants with right of survivorship

Tenants in common

Trust accounts

6.1.1.5 Retirement and tax advantaged plans

Qualified vs. non-qualified plans

Rollovers and transfers

Employer sponsored retirement plans

HR10 plans (formerly KEOGH plans)

401(k) plans

403(b) plans

Individual Retirement Accounts

Traditional IRAs

Roth IRAs

ERISA

Tax advantaged plans

529 college savings plans

6.2 Recommendations to Customers

6.2.1 Investment Objectives of Customers

Principal appreciation/growth

Amount

Investment horizon

Income

Current needs

Preservation of capital

Amount needed in future

Accumulation period

Payout period

6.2.2 Financial Status of Customers

Expected changes in financial status

Income and expenses

Net worth

Participation in benefit plans

6.2.3 Investment Constraints

Ability or willingness to hold investments over relatively long periods

Approximate age of customer

Investment temperament and investment experience

Liquidity and marketability needs

Risk tolerance

6.2.4 NASD Rule 2310 — Recommendations to Customers (suitability)

IM2310-2—Fair dealing with customers

Recommending speculative low-priced securities

Excessive trading activity

Fraudulent activity

Fictitious accounts

Discretionary accounts

Unauthorized transactions

Misuse of customers' funds or securities

Recommending purchases beyond customer capability

IM2310-3—Suitability obligations to institutional customers

6.3 Risks and Strategies

6.3.1 Types of Risk

Asset concentration

Call/extension risk

Credit risk

Economic and political risk

Event risk

Inflation

Interest rate risk

Liquidity risk

Market risk

Purchasing power risk

Reinvestment risk

6.3.2 Investment Strategies

Arbitrage techniques

Barbell

Butterfly

Dollar cost averaging

Hedged/unhedged positions

Laddering of the portfolio

Market timing

Purchasing on margin

Riding/rolling down the curve

Transactions designed to take advantage of yield differentials in the market

6.4 Account Transactions

6.4.1 Information For Order Entry

Legal requirements (SEC Rule 17a-3)

Time of entry/execution

Terms and conditions of the order

Price of execution

If cancelled, a notation to that effect

Whether a discretionary account

Types of orders

Market orders

Specified price orders

AON vs. partial execution

6.4.2 Review Report of Execution against Order Ticket

Report execution to client

Report errors immediately through appropriate firm channels

6.5 Tax Consequences of Securities Transactions

6.5.1 Establishing the Cost Basis of Securities

6.5.2 Determining the Holding Periods of Securities

6.5.3 Tax Treatment of Securities Transactions

Definition of a capital gain/loss

Computation of net capital gains/losses

6.5.4 Wash Sale Rules

Definition of a wash sale

Applicable time period of 30 days prior to and after a sale

Definition of "substantially identical" property

6.5.5 Tax Treatment of Interest Income on U.S. Government and Agency Obligations

Federal taxation

State taxation

Exemption from taxation at state level for direct government

obligations and certain agency securities

Other agency securities taxable at state level

6.5.6 Special Tax Features of Securities

Accretion of bond discounts

Accrued interest Amortization of bond premiums Original issue discount (OID)

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The Handbook of Mortgage-Backed Securities

Frank J. Fabozzi, ed. McGraw-Hill 1221 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10020

How SIPC Protects You

Securities Investor Protection Corporation 805 15th Street, N.W., Suite 800 Washington, DC 20005

How the Bond Market Works

Robert Zipf, New York Institute of Finance New York, NY

Inside the Yield Book

Sidney Homer and Martin L. Leibowitz Bloomberg Press (on-line service) www.ordering1.us/bloombergbooks.com

Instruments of the Money Market

Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond 701 East Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219

Sample Question Format

The questions that follow are similar in format and content to questions on the actual examination. They are not intended, however, to parallel either the level of difficulty or the subject coverage of the examination. Their purpose here is to assist candidates and training personnel in preparing for the types of multiple-choice questions that will appear on the examination.

Answers

- 1. (D)
- 2. (A)
- 3. (D)
- 4. (C)
- 5. (B)
- 1. Which of the following government securities is a direct obligation of the U.S. Treasury?
- (A) FHLB
- (B) FNMA
- (C) SLMA
- (D) STRIPS
- 2. Each of the following is an Agency security EXCEPT:
- (A) STRIPS
- (B) SLMA
- (C) FNMA
- (D) FHLB
- 3. The maximum maturity on a domestic bankers acceptance is:
- (A) 30 days
- (B) 90 days
- (C) 120 days
- (D) 180 days
- 4. Which two of the following are characteristics of Treasury bills?
- I. Issued at par
- II. Usually very liquid
- III. Mature in less than one year
- IV. More secure than Treasury bonds
- (A) I and III
- (B) I and IV
- (C) II and III
- (D) II and IV

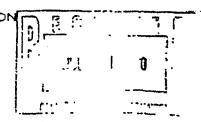
5. If the U.S. balance of payments deficits should decrease, what would be the most likely effect on the dollar and on Treasury bonds?

	Dollar	Bond Yields
(A)	Weaker	Higher
(B)	Stronger	Lower
(C)	Weaker	Lower
(D)	Stronger	Higher

Exhibit 3c SR-FINRA-2007-032



UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549



July 24, 2000

Mr. Alden S. Adkins
Senior Vice President & General Counsel
NASD Regulation, Inc.
1735 K Street, N. W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-1500

Re: Procedure for Filings Relating to Qualification Examinations

Dear Mr Adkins:

I am writing to inform you of a change in the filing requirements for proposed rule changes involving qualification examinations for associated persons. In the past, the Division required the SROs to file question banks for new examinations for Commission approval pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Exchange Act. The Division also required SROs to file questions being added to the question bank for Commission approval.

The Division has decided that it is no longer necessary for SROs to file new exam question banks for Commission approval under Section 19(b)(2). In the future, any new examinations should be filed as non-controversial rule changes for immediate effectiveness pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Exchange Act and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder. As you know, Rule 19b-4(f)(6) requires the SRO to give notice to the Commission of its intent to file a proposed rule change five days before doing so. During the five days prior to filing, the Division will determine if the proposed rule change is appropriately filed as non-controversial. To assist us in our analysis, please include a complete description of the examination in your rule filing. For example, the proposed rule change should address who will be required to take the exam, what information the exam will cover, the time allotted for each section, the weight assigned to each topic, the effective date of the exam requirement, and any other information that would be helpful to us in determining whether the proposal should become effective on filing. Also, pursuam to Rule 19b-4(f)(6), the rule change should be designated as effecting a change that does not significantly effect the protection of investors or the public interest, does not impose any significant burden on competition and, by its terms, does not become operative for 30 days after the date of the filing.

Alden S. Adkins Page 2

Filings to modify an existing examination should be submitted as "constituting a stated policy, prectice, or interpretation with respect to the meaning, administration or enforcement of an existing rule..." pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Exchange Act.

Our goal in changing these procedures is to expedite the effectiveness of proposed rule changes involving examination requirements for persons associated with SRO members. Please contact Kathy England, Assistant Director, at 202-942-0154, or Karl Varner, Special Counsel, at 202-942-7125, if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Belinda Blaine Associate Director