III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act.10 At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is: (i) Necessary or appropriate in the public interest; (ii) for the protection of investors; or (iii) otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

• Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or

• Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–NASDAQ–2016–130 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NASDAQ–2016–130. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NASDAQ–2016–130 and should be submitted on or before October 20, 2016.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.11

Brent J. Fields,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2016–23490 Filed 9–28–16; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.; Order Granting Approval of Proposed Rule Change Relating to TRACE Reporting and Dissemination of CMO Transactions

September 23, 2016.

I. Introduction

On June 27, 2016, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (“FINRA”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”)1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 a proposed rule change related to Trade Reporting and Compliance Engine (“TRACE”) reporting and dissemination of transactions in Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (“CMOs”).3 The proposed rule change was published for comment in the Federal Register on July 6, 2016.4 The Commission received three comments in response to the proposal.5 FINRA responded to the comments on September 14, 2016.6 FINRA extended the time period within which the Commission shall approve the proposed rule change, disapprove the proposed rule change, or institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved to September 23, 2016.7 This order grants approval of the proposed rule change.

II. Description of the Proposed Rule Change

Historically, FINRA has utilized TRACE to collect from its members and publicly disseminate information on secondary, over-the-counter transactions in corporate debt securities, Agency Debt Securities,8 and certain primary market transactions. For certain other asset types, FINRA utilized TRACE to collect transaction information, but until recently, did not disseminate such information publicly. FINRA has been working to phase-in the dissemination of transaction information for these previously non-disseminated asset types. To date, FINRA has implemented dissemination of Agency Pass-Through Mortgage-Backed Securities and SBA-Backed ABS;9 TRACE-Eligible

5 The term “Collateralized Mortgage Obligation” is defined in FINRA Rule 6710(dd).
Securities effected as Rule 144A transactions, 10 and Asset-Backed Securities. 11 The remaining types of Securitized Products 12 not yet subject to dissemination are CMOs, commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBSs"), and collateralized debt obligations ("CDOs"). 13 FINRA now has proposed to provide for public dissemination of certain information about CMO transactions, 14 to reduce the time period within which a CMO transaction must be reported to TRACE, and to make conforming and technical revisions to its rules, as described below.

**Dissemination of CMO Transaction Information**

Currently, FINRA Rule 6750 states that FINRA will not disseminate information on a transaction in a TRACE-Eligible Security that is a Securitized Product, with the following exceptions: An Agency Pass-Through Mortgage-Backed Security, an SBA-Backed ABS, and an Asset-Backed Security. 15 FINRA has proposed to revise this rule to provide for public dissemination of certain information on transactions in CMOs, including those effected pursuant to Rule 144A. Accordingly, FINRA has proposed to reframe the description of Securitized Products not subject to dissemination to delineate those Securitized Products that would remain outside of the scope of contemporaneous dissemination: CMBSs, CDOs, 16 and certain CMOs. 17

Under the proposal, depending on the size of the transaction and the number of transactions in the CMO security in a given period, a CMO transaction could be subject to immediate trade-by-trade dissemination or periodic aggregate dissemination, or remain exempt from dissemination entirely. FINRA would immediately disseminate information about a CMO transaction having a value under $1 million (calculated based upon original principal balance of the particular CMO security). 18 For a CMO transaction having a value of $1 million or more (calculated based upon original principal balance of the particular CMO security) and where there have been five or more transactions in that security of $1 million or more in the period reported by at least two different market participant identifiers ("MPIDs"). FINRA would disseminate aggregated information about transactions in that security on a weekly and/or monthly basis. 19 If a CMO transaction does not meet the criteria for either immediate trade-by-trade dissemination or, based on recent activity in that particular CMO security, periodic aggregate dissemination, such transaction would not be subject to public dissemination in any form (but would, as described below, be available in the historic data sets). 20

**Reduction of Reporting Period**

FINRA also proposed to amend FINRA Rule 6730 to reduce the period within which a member must report a CMO transaction executed on or after issuance and to implement a clearer deadline for reporting a CMO transaction executed prior to issuance. Currently, a CMO transaction executed on or after issuance must be reported to TRACE no later than the close of the TRACE system on the date of execution. 21 FINRA has proposed to require that each CMO transaction be reported to TRACE within 60 minutes of execution. 22 Currently, a CMO transaction executed before the date of issuance of the security must be reported to TRACE by the earlier of (i) the business day that the security is assigned a CUSIP, a similar numeric identifier, or a FINRA symbol; or (ii) the date of issuance of the security. 23 Under the proposal, such a CMO transaction would need to be reported to TRACE no later than the first settlement date of the security. 24

**Data Availability**

The proposal would amend FINRA Rule 7730, which establishes various TRACE data products, to reflect the addition of CMO transactions to the applicable data sets. Currently, the "SP Data Set" for real-time data includes each transaction in a Securitized Product that is publicly disseminated, except for a Rule 144A transaction. Under the proposal, the SP Data Set would be expanded to include any transaction in a CMO security that is disseminated on an immediate trade-by-trade basis or included in a weekly or monthly aggregated report. 25 Currently, the "Historic SP Data Set" includes each historic transaction in a Securitized Product reported to TRACE, if a...
transmission in that type of Securitized Product is subject to immediate trade-by-trade dissemination, but excludes a historic transmission in a Rule 144A security. Under the proposal, the Historic SP Data Set would be expanded to include all non-Rule 144A CMO transactions, even if not previously disseminated immediately or as part of a periodic report.26 Currently, the “Rule 144A Data Set” and the “Historic Rule 144A Data Set” include real-time data and historic data, respectively, for Rule 144A transactions reported to TRACE. Under the proposal, with respect to transactions in CMO securities issued pursuant to Rule 144A, the Rule 144A Data Set would be expanded to include transactions in CMO securities that had been disseminated on an immediate trade-by-trade basis or on a periodic aggregate basis, and the Historic Rule 144A Data Set would be expanded to include historic data on all CMO transactions, whether or not they had been subject to any form of dissemination previously.27 FINRA has not proposed to amend the fees currently in effect for the SP Data Set, Historic SP Data Set, Rule 144A Data Set, or Historic Rule 144A Data Set based on inclusion of this additional data.28

Other Technical Changes

FINRA has proposed to amend a provision in FINRA Rule 6730(a) that provides general requirements for reporting Securitized Products to make clear that this provision will apply specifically to CDOs and CMBSs.29 FINRA also has proposed to eliminate certain provisions that have expired in FINRA Rule 6730(a).30 Finally, FINRA has proposed to make technical and conforming changes to the FINRA Rule 7730 and the Rule 6700 series to reflect the changes to the TRACE reporting and dissemination requirements for CMO transactions discussed above.31

Effective Date of Proposed Rule Change

FINRA has stated that it would announce the operative date of the proposed rule change in a Regulatory Notice to be published no later than 90 days following Commission approval, and that the operative date would be no later than 365 days following publication of that Regulatory Notice.32

III. Summary of Comments and FINRA’s Response

The Commission received three comments on the proposed rule change33 and a response letter from FINRA.34 All three commenters were generally supportive but suggested certain revisions to the proposal. For example, all three commenters questioned the proposed $1 million threshold for immediate trade-by-trade dissemination, but they suggested conflicting alternatives. One commenter argued that the $1 million threshold is too high and suggested lowering the threshold to no more than $500,000 “to ensure only truly retail-sized transactions are subject to real-time dissemination.”35 This commenter stated that its members “recognize the benefits to the market of greater price transparency, but at the same time recent experience with TBAs, specified pools, and other types of securities illustrate the detrimental impact overly broad TRACE dissemination can have, particularly with respect to the ability for market participants to easily transact in size.”36 Further, this commenter noted that, because in the CMO market “the securities are even less liquid and more unique, liquidity concerns are heightened.”37

Another commenter argued that the $1 million threshold is too low to meaningfully improve transparency and suggested that FINRA consider incrementally increasing the threshold in stages until all CMO transactions are disseminated on an immediate trade-by-trade basis.38 This commenter stated that limiting immediate dissemination to smaller CMO transactions could be confusing to retail and smaller institutional investors because the prices of smaller CMO trades are “typically less representative of where near-term next trading levels are typically conducted.”39 This commenter also recommended that FINRA set the initial threshold for immediate dissemination at $1 million based on the current principal balance, rather than on the original principal balance.40

A third commenter requested that FINRA remove the $1 million threshold entirely, based on a view that the proposed thresholds for dissemination on a trade-by-trade or on a periodic aggregate basis “will create a bifurcated market that will disadvantage the smaller trades that will be disseminated in real-time and small-to-medium sized dealers that more frequently transact in smaller quantities compared to the largest dealers.”41 This commenter predicted that institutional investors would “avoid trading in sub-$1 million quantities . . . to avoid information leakage” and “seek to transact with financial institutions that are not required to report trades to TRACE.”42 This commenter argued that greater trade-by-trade dissemination would have a negative impact on liquidity and the proposal would “almost exclusively impair market liquidity for transactions of $1 million and less.”43

In response to these comments, FINRA stated that it “continues to believe that the $1 million threshold is an appropriate balance between transparency and the risk of decreased liquidity provision.”44 FINRA explained that it received similar comments on an earlier iteration of the proposal and took these comments into account when finalizing the proposed rule change, based on the reasons explained in the Notice and the economic analysis contained therein.45 FINRA also stated that it will assess whether there is a need for additional transparency in the future.46

One commenter recommended a higher minimum activity level threshold for new-issue CMO transactions to be included in periodic aggregate reports so that dissemination would focus on secondary market activity.47 FINRA responded that the proposed threshold of five transactions, combined with the use of periodic aggregate reports rather than trade-by-trade dissemination for certain transactions, should satisfy the commenter’s concern and that FINRA’s proposed approach was appropriate.48

Another commenter suggested that the periodic aggregate reports should include the most recent trade price, as
this would allow retail investors to reference the last trade price when engaging in price discovery for future trades and thereby better align retail and institutional execution quality. FINRA responded that it previously considered including the last sale price in the reports, but modified an earlier version of the proposal to remove this and other data fields in response to concerns about the potential for reverse-engineering the data. Two commenters noted that this is not burdensome. Finally, one commenter requested clarification of the definition of “CMO” because the current definition encompasses Ginnie Mae Project Loans, which (according to the commenter) market participants consider agency CMBS, in apparent conflict with FINRA’s stated intention that the proposed rule change would apply to CMOs, but not CMBSs or CDOs. This commenter suggested that project loan securities should be outside the scope of the proposed rule change and the definition of “CMO” should be adjusted accordingly. Another commenter suggested a six-month pilot period to phase in the reduction in reporting time, as has been done for other product types. This commenter acknowledged that many of its members currently report CMO transactions in less than 60 minutes, but that this is not always the case and that a pilot period “would help ensure that dealers are able to implement necessary system changes and avoid errors.” FINRA responded that it initially considered a shorter reporting timeframe with a phased-in implementation period, but modified its proposal to a reporting period longer than either phase proposed initially “to lessen the potential costs of the Proposal while still providing sufficiently timely transparency to the market.” FINRA noted that 84% of CMO transactions are already reported to TRACE within 60 minutes and that it continues to believe that the proposed reporting timeframe is appropriate and not unduly burdensome. Two commenters expressed their support for the revised reporting timeframe for CMO transactions executed before issuance. One commenter noted that its members strongly support the revised reporting time and that it had requested this change because of resource constraints faced by some small and mid-sized firms that prevent them from actively monitoring all CMO data feeds and thereby knowing if a particular CUSIP has been issued. Another commenter stated the new standard “should provide dealers with sufficient flexibility to report a transaction as early as one or two days prior to the first settlement date, if settlement details are available.”

Finally, one commenter requested clarification of the definition of “CMO” because the current definition encompasses Ginnie Mae Project Loans, which (according to the commenter) market participants consider agency CMBS, in apparent conflict with FINRA’s stated intention that the proposed rule change would apply to CMOs, but not CMBSs or CDOs. This commenter suggested that project loan securities should be outside the scope of the proposed rule change and the definition of “CMO” should be adjusted accordingly. FINRA responded that agency CMBSs fall within the definition of “CMO” and are within the intended scope of the proposal, while other CMBSs that are not specifically included within the definition of “CMO” are not within scope.

IV. Discussion and Commission Findings

After careful review, the Commission finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to a national securities association. In particular, the Commission finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 15A(b)(6) of the Act, which requires, among other things, that FINRA’s rules be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. On numerous occasions, the Commission has stated that price transparency plays a fundamental role in promoting the fairness and efficiency of U.S. capital markets. The Commission believes that, to further the goal of increasing price transparency in the debt markets in general and the CMO market in particular, it is reasonable and consistent with the Act for FINRA to extend post-trade price transparency to CMO transactions in the manner set forth in the proposal. FINRA will effect immediate trade-by-trade dissemination of CMO transactions with a transaction value under $1 million and issue periodic aggregate reports of transactions in a particular CMO security having a transaction value of $1 million or more and meeting thresholds for trading frequency and the number of members reporting transactions in that particular security. FINRA has not proposed either immediate trade-by-trade dissemination or periodic aggregate dissemination of CMO transactions with a transaction value of $1 million or more that do not meet those thresholds. The Commission acknowledges that this proposal thereby tailors public dissemination only to a segment of the CMO market in which there are smaller transactions or activity among a wider number of market participants. The Commission notes one commenter’s concern that price levels for smaller transactions in a particular CMO security may be less representative of subsequent trading levels for that security and another commenter’s concern that restricting immediate trade-by-trade public dissemination to only the smallest trades could impair market liquidity in that segment of the market. Nevertheless, the Commission believes that the proposal represents a reasonable first step to introduce post-trade transparency to this asset class, and in approving this proposal notes FINRA’s representation that it “will continue to monitor the market and assess the need for additional transparency.”

The Commission believes that the proposed reduction in reporting times for CMO transactions executed on or after issuance appears reasonably designed to contribute to enhanced price transparency for CMOS. Additionally, the Commission believes that the proposed revision to the reporting period for CMO transactions executed prior to issuance will provide greater clarity to market participants and help promote compliance with applicable reporting rules.

Furthermore, the Commission believes that including CMO transaction data in the various TRACE data sets is reasonable and consistent with the Act. The rules that establish these data sets have been approved by the...
Commission, and expanding the data sets to include CMO transactions does not appear to raise any issues. Finally, the Commission believes that the proposal’s minor, conforming, and technical revisions to FINRA Rule 7730 and the Rule 6700 series are consistent with the Act.

IV. Conclusion
It is therefore ordered, pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act, that the proposed rule change (SR–FINRA–2016–023) be, and hereby is, approved.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.

Brent J. Fields,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2016–23699 Filed 9–28–16; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 500–1]

Order of Suspension of Trading; in the Matter of Accel Brands, Inc.

September 27, 2016.

It appears to the Securities and Exchange Commission that there is a lack of current and accurate information concerning the securities of Accel Brands, Inc. ("Accel Brands") (CIK No. 0001077800) because it has not filed any periodic reports since the period ended March 31, 2015, and the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission has independently endeavored to determine whether the company is operating and the company has failed to respond to the Commission’s inquiry about its operating status. Accel Brands, formerly known as Accelpath, Inc., is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business located as National Harbor, Maryland with stock quoted on OTC Link (previously “Pink Sheets”) operated by OTC Markets Group, Inc. under the ticker symbol ACLP.

The Commission is of the opinion that the public interest and the protection of investors require a suspension of trading in the securities of Accel Brands.

Therefore, it is ordered, pursuant to Section 12(k) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that trading in the securities of Accel Brands is suspended for the period from 9:30 a.m. EDT on September 27, 2016, through 11:59 p.m. EDT on October 10, 2016.

By the Commission.

Brent J. Fields,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2016–23697 Filed 9–27–16; 4:15 pm]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Government in the Sunshine Act, Public Law 94–409, that the Securities and Exchange Commission will hold a closed meeting on Wednesday, September 28, 2016 at 11:30 a.m.

Commissioners, Counsel to the Commissioners, the Secretary to the Commission, and recording secretaries will attend the closed meeting. Certain staff members who have an interest in the matters may also be present.

The General Counsel of the Commission, or her designee, has certified that, in her opinion, one or more of the exemptions set forth in 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(3), (5), (7), (9)(B) and (10) and 17 CFR 200.402(a)(3), (a)(5), (a)(7), (a)(9)(ii) and (a)(10), permit consideration of the scheduled matter at the closed meeting.

Commissioner Stein, as duty officer, voted to consider the items listed for the closed meeting in closed session, and determined that Commission business required consideration earlier than one week from today. No earlier notice of this Meeting was practicable.

The subject matter of the closed meeting will be:

Institution of injunctive actions; and

Institution and settlement of administrative proceedings.

At times, changes in Commission priorities require alterations in the scheduling of meeting items.

For further information and to ascertain what, if any, matters have been added, deleted or postponed, please contact Brent J. Fields from the Office of the Secretary at [202] 551–5400.

Dated: September 26, 2016.

Brent J. Fields,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2016–23697 Filed 9–27–16; 4:15 pm]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE MKT LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Add to the Rules of the Exchange the Tenth Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of the New York Stock Exchange LLC

September 23, 2016.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”) and Rule 19b–4 thereunder, notice is hereby given that on September 19, 2016, NYSE MKT LLC (the “Exchange” or “NYSE MKT”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization.4 The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of the Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to add to the rules of the Exchange the Tenth Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of the New York Stock Exchange LLC (“NYSE LLC”). The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s Web site at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below.

The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

4 The Commission notes that the substance of this proposed rule change is identical to the substance of SR–NYSEMKT–2016–088, which was filed on September 12, 2016, and was withdrawn on September 19, 2016.